# January 1988 

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IBM RRDIEススE Softkey: ■Chuck Yeager's Advanced Flight Simulator v1.0 ■dBase III v1.10 ■Memory/Shifter ■ Printmaster ■Ultima II

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## COMPUTIST

Editor: Charles R. Haight Circulation: Karen Fitzpatrick Advertising, call: (206) 474-5750 Publisher: SoftKey Publishing Printing: Valco Graphics \& Printing

[^0]- Mail all RDEX letters to:

COMPUTIST
Apple-RDEX or IBM-RDEX
PO Box $110846-\mathrm{K}$
Tacoma, WA 98411

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U.S. $-\$ 32 \quad$ U.S. Ist Class- $\$ 45$

Canada/Mex.-\$45 Other Foreign-\$75

- Send subscription inquiries to: COMPUTIST; Subscription Department; PO Box I IO846.T; Tacoma, WA 984II
- For Domestic Dealer rates: Call (206) 474-5750 for more information.
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## Notes 'n things.........

## But it's IMPORTANT

And it's not going to wait. OK, here's a procedural change for submitting material/sending letters.

Send softkeys and other info/articles on disk but don't include a hardcopy/printout unless the nature of the material requires it. (IE. Info about printer codes with a sample printout or drawings with explanations.)

The normal path for submissions is first in-first out. I have been receiving disks and letters in a reasonably steady stream. I usually have enough material on hand for the current issue and about $1 / 4$ of the next. So, if you just received this issue (\#63) and you send a softkey to RDEX now, it would go in the issue after next (\#65).

But some things shouldn't have to wait. So if you have questions, need help, spot some bugs or other timely info, send the text on disk (as usual) and include a hardcopy/printout. This will allow me to get your requests for help into the current issue so that you can receive an answer sooner.

## To all hardware hackers

Help! We have reached the point, in our hardware endeavors, where we need to make prototype boards. But I can't get the chemicals/light/timer to work right and I'm ready to throw in the towel. Can someone out there help? I have the preliminary board artwork ( $2: 1$ ) and both positive and negative transparencies (1:1).

We need to make a prototype to check the board layout and to resolve some circuitry options. If all goes well, then we're going to be seeing some real neat hardware articles with full "How it works" explanations, complete schematics and boards. And remember, our goal was to keep it "dirt cheap'' so everyone could afford to build it.

We're also interested in finding someone who can make up a couple hundred of the boards after we make sure we have the final layout.

If you are into making boards or know of someone who is, we need to hear from you.


COMPUTIST \#53, page 30. Softkey for Microzines. See page 8, Carl D. Purdy, column 3 (bottom).
COMPUTIST \#56, page 13. 5 Second Fastboot into Locksmith Fastcopy. See page 24, Bob Igo, Miscellaneous Notes.
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Short Programs36Doc Devious lists some short programs collected from here and there.

New COMPUTIST readers using Apple IIs are advised to read this page carefully to avoid frustration when attempting to follow a softkey or entering the programs printed in this issue.

## What is a softkey, anyway?

Softkey is a term which we coined to describe a procedure that removes, or at least circumvents, any copy-protection on a particular disk. Once a softkey procedure has been performed, the resulting backup copy can usually be copied by the normal copy programs (for example: COPYA, on the DOS 3.3 System Master disk).

## Commands and control keys

Commands which a reader is required to perform are set apart by being in boldface and on a separate line. The RETURN key must be pressed at the end of every such command unless otherwise specified. Control characters are specially boxed. An example of both is:
6 P
Press 6 . Next, place one finger on the 6 key and then press $\mathbf{P}$. Don't forget to press RETURN.
Other special combination keypresses include GRESET or OGRESET. In the former, press and hold down mm then press RESET. In the latter, press and hold down both Emen and $O$ then press RESET

## Software recommendations

The Starter Kit contains most of the programs that you need to "Get started". In addition, we recommend that you aquire the following:

- Applesoft program editor such as "Global Program Line Editor (GPLE)".
- Assembler such as the " S -C Assembler" from S-C software or "Merlin/Big Mac".
- Bit-copy program such as "Copy II Plus",
"Locksmith" or "Essential Data Duplicator (EDD)".
- Text-editor (that produces normal sequential text files) such as "Applewriter II", 'Magic Window II" or "Screenwriter II'".
- "COPYA", "FID" and "MUFFIN" from the DOS 3.3 System Master disk are also useful.


## Super IOB and Controllers

This powerful deprotection utility (in the COMPUTIST Starter Kit) and its various Controllers are used in many softkeys. (It is also on each Super 1OB Collection disk.)

## Reset into the Monitor

Softkeys occasionally require the user to stop the execution of a copy-protected program and directly enter the Apple's system monitor. Check the following list to see what hardware you will need to obtain this ability.

Apple II + , //e, compatibles: 1) Place an Integer BASIC ROM card in one of the Apple slots. 2) Use a non-maskable interrupt (NMI) card such as Replay or Wildcard.
Apple II + , compatibles: 1) Install an F8 ROM with a modified reset-vector on the computer's motherboard as detailed in the "'Modified ROM's" article (COMPUTIST \#6 or Book Of Softkeys III) or the "Dual ROM's" article (COMPUTIST \#19).
Apple //e, //c: Install a modified CD ROM on the computer's motherboard. Cutting Edge Ent. (Box 43234 Ren Cen Station-HC; Detroit, MI 48243) sells a hardware device that will give you this important ability but it will void an Apple //c warranty.

Apple //gs: If you have the $2 . x$ ROM, there is a hidden classic desk accessory (CDA) that allows you to enter the monitor. In order to install the new CDA, you should enter the monitor before running any protected programs (CALL -151) and press "\# RETURN'". This will turn on two hidden CDAs, Memory Peeker and Visit Monitor. Thereafter press CO ESC to go to the Desk Accessories menu. Select "Visit Monitor" and there you are. Use $\square \square$ to exit.

## Recommended literature:

- Apple II Reference Manual
- DOS 3.3 manual
- Beneath Apple DOS \& Beneath Apple ProDOS, by Don Worth and Pieter Lechner, from Quality Software


## Keying in Applesoft programs:

BASIC programs are printed in a format that is designed to minimize errors for readers who key in these programs. If you type:

## 10HOME:REMCLEAR SCREEN

The LIST will look like:
10 HOME : REM CLEAR SCREEN
...because Applesoft inserts spaces into a program listing before and after every command word or mathematical operator. These spaces don't pose a problem except when they are inside of quotes or after a DATA command. There are two types of spaces: those that have to be keyed and those that don't. Spaces that
must be typed appear in COMPUTIST as delta characters ( ${ }^{\Delta}$ ). All other spaces are there for easier reading. NOTE: If you want your checksums (See Computing checksums) to match up, only type spaces within quotes or after DATA statements if they are shown as delta ( ${ }^{\Delta}$ ) charactors.

## Eeying In Hexdumps

Machine language programs are printed in COMPUTIST as hexdumps, sometimes also as source code. Hexdumps are the shortest and easiest format to type in. You must first enter the monitor:

## CALL - 151

Key in the hexdump exactly as it appears in the magazine, ignoring the four-digit checksum ( $\$$ and four digits) at the end of each line. When finished, return to BASIC with:

## 3DOG

BSAVE the program with the filename, address and length parameters given in the article.

The source code is printed to help explain a program's operation. To enter it, you need an "Assembler". Most of the source code is in $S$-C Assembler format. If you use a different assembler, you will have to translate pieces of the source code into something your assembler will understand.

## Computing checksums

Checksums are 4-digit hexadecimal numbers which tell if you typed a program correctly. There are two types of checksums: one created by the CHECKBIN program (for machine language programs) and the other created by the CHECKSOFT program (for BASIC programs). Both are on the "Starter Kit".
If your checksums do not match the published checksums then the line where the first checksum differs is incorrect.
CHECKSOFT instructions: Install Checksoft (BRUN CHECKSOFT) then LOAD your program. Press to get the checksums. Correct the program line where the checksums differ.
CHECKBIN instructions: Enter the monitor (CALL -151), install Checkbin at some out of the way place (BRUN CHECKBIN, A\$6000), and then LOAD your program. Get the checksums by typing the Starting address, a period and the Ending address of the file followed by a OZ .

## SSSS.EEEE ©Y

Correct the lines at which the checksums differ. ........................... RDEXed

## EXChang

## ote... who want all tholr softwaro backed up and COPYA-ablo

## Writing to the RDEX editor

RDEX stands for: Reader's Data EXchange. That means that when you send in articles, softkeys, APTs, etc., you are submitting them for FREE publication in this magazine. RDEX does NOT purchase submissions nor do we verify data submitted by readers. We print what you write. If you discover any errors, please let us know.

- Remember that your letters or parts of them may be used in RDEX even if not addressed to the RDEX editor. Correspondence that gets published may be edited for clarity, grammar and space requirements.
- Because of the great number of letters we receive and the ephemeral and unpredictable appearance of our part-time staff, any response to your queries will appear only in RDEX, so it would be more appropriate for you to present technical questions to the readers and ask for their responses which will then be placed in the Apple-RDEX.
- Whenever possible, send your articles and letters on disk as standard text files. When we get your letter-article in a text file, it is immediately uploaded into the most current RDEX file. We will return your disks, whenever possible, with the current library disk copied onto it. Conventional letters must be typed in by us... when we have the time.
- When you send your material on disk, try to use a disk formatted for Apple DOS 3.3. It makes things a lot easier for us.
- When writing to request help, be sure to include ALL relevent information. The more information you include, the easier it is to figure out what is the matter. If you want your address to be printed, please say so in your letter. Otherwise, it will not be printed and all responses with come thru the RDEX editor.
- When writing to one of the RDEX authors. Write your letter and seal it in an envelope. Put your return address, the authors name (as it appears in RDEX) and the correct postage on the envelope. Put this envelope into another and send it to RDEX. We will put the correct address on your letter and drop it into the mailbox.
- Address your letters, articles, to:


## COMPUTIST

R D E X Editor
PO Box 110846-K
Tacoma, WA 98411

## Bill Jetzer

## PRODOS IOB notes

I have just received the advanced release pages of my ProDOS IOB article and noticed a few bugs. In line 2010 of the controllers, the " $: \mathrm{CD}=\mathrm{WR}$ " is not needed. Apparently I had corrected the bug in the article but neglected to make the changes in the controller files accompanying the article. Also, you seem to have forgotten to print the machine language portion of the program. It is, however, included on the library disk. Speaking of the library disk: unless you tell people to convert the files to ProDOS, somebody is going to run the program from DOS 3.3 and complain that it doesn't work.
重
You're absolutely right on all counts. Here's the missing code.

RDEXed

| IOB.OBJ.5.25 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Ø300: A9 022058 FB A9 1685 | \$302D |
| Ø308: 24 AD 4A 0320 E5 FD AD | \$20CD |
| 0310: 490320 DA FD 2000 BF | \$AEAC |
| 0318: 004503 B0 31 EE 4903 | \$A165 |
| Ø329: D0 Ø3 EE 4A Ø3 EE 48 Ø3 | \$7786 |
| Ø328: EE 48 ø3 AD 4803 Cg 00 | \$05BD |
| Ø330: B0 12 AD 4A 93 CD 4C 03 | \$2650 |
| 0338: 90 C6 AD 4903 CD 4 B 03 | \$5FFD |
| 0340: F0 BE 90 BC 60030000 | \$DE53 |
| 0348: $000000000000 ~ A A C 9 ~$ | \$F660 |
| 0350: 27 D0 ¢B AD 1803 Cg 80 | \$3CF3 |
| 0358: D0 04 A9 01 F0 03 4C 12 | \$0E16 |
| 0360: D4 20 3A FF AD 480385 | \$6647 |
| 0368: EC A0 00 9885 EB 91 EB | \$C649 |
| 0370: C8 D0 FB E6 EB 91 EBC8 | \$1CF9 |
| 0378: D0 FB F0 Al A0 0084 FA | \$8877 |
| 0380: 84 FC AD 8B CD AD 8B C0 | \$074E |
| 0388: B1 FA 48 B1 FC 91 FA 68 | \$6C3E |
| 0390: 91 FC C8 D0 F3 E6 FD E6 | \$EFED |
| 0398: FB C6 FE D0 EB AD 4D 03 | \$DED4 |
| 03AD: 49018 CD 93 AD 8 Ca C0 | \$2F53 |
| 03A8: 60 | \$6D9F |

## Softkey for...

J \& S Grade Book v5.4.1
J \& S Software

## - Requirements

$\square$ Apple with RAMdisk
$\square$ ProDOS 1.1.1
$\square$ BASIC.SYSTEM
$\square$ ProDOS file copier (Copy II Plus or similar)
$\square$ Empty formatted ProDOS disk with volume /TEST

J \& S Grade Book has a non-standard ProDOS format with modified PRODOS and BASIC.SYSTEM files. This modified PRODOS does not re-boot upon reset thereby giving us an entry point. By using a RAMdisk to copy files to or from a disk, the protected RWTS isn't a problem. The J \& S Grade Book disk is full (0 blocks free) and only room for PRODOS 1.1.1 ( 30 blocks), because higher versions of PRODOS are greater than 30 blocks.
1 Boot a ProDOS copier and copy its file to your RAMdisk.
2 Remove the ProDOS copier disk and boot the protected disk.
3 Hit reset and you should be in modified BASIC.
$\begin{array}{rr}\text { PREFLX/RAM5 } & \text { or other RAM volume } \\ \text {-UTIL.SYSTEM } & \text { or other copier }\end{array}$
4 Copy all the files from the protected disk to your RAMdisk, with the exception of PRODOS and BASIC.SYSTEM.

5 Reboot your copier program and remove the disk.
6 Insert the formated ProDOS disk with volume /TEST and copy all the protected files from your RAMdisk to the /TEST disk.
7 Copy unmodified PRODOS 1.1.1 and BASIC.SYSTEM to the /TEST disk from another disk
8
disk.
UNLOCX SWITCH1.1
BLOAD SWITCH1.1, A\$300
CALL-151
300:60
OC
BSAVE SWITCH1.1, A $\$ 300$
LOCE SWITCH1.1

All Done!

Henry Savage

recall PGM in COMPUTIST \#26. The controller has an error in line 10010 , a missing semi-colon after the ")". Are there any bugs in this program that appear in later issues? My IOB program bombs just as soon as I start it. I get a disk error on the screen.

The semi-colon is optional in this particular case and there aren't any errors marked in my desk copy of COMPUTIST \#26. So my best guess is; If the error message that you're getting is a DOS "file not found" error, then you need to insure that the disk with the Instant Recall $R W T S$ is in the drive. You get the RWTS in the first 6 steps of the softkey. Anytime you use a swap controller, you must have the appropriate RWTS already captured.

RDEXed

## Jason Chao

There is a typographical error in the article by Kathleen Herrmann in COMPUTIST \#58, page 32. There is an extra open-parenthesis in line 220 of BASIC listing 1. The line should read " $22 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{NN}=\operatorname{INT}$ (RND (1) * FC +1)

By the way, you sell Star Trek - The Kobayashi Alternative, but I have never seen a softkey for the program in COMPUTIST. I have seen a copy that was copy-protected. Does it belong on your most wanted list?

Only if someone requests it. . . . RDEXed

Frank Thornton
(?) I would like to know if there is any written documentation for the COMPUTIST Starter Kit. I have dumped the disk instructions to the printer but find it is not all that clear in terms of how to operate the various programs. If this is available I would like to have more information on the use of these programs. Your prompt attention to this matter would be greatly appreciated.

The DOC files contain all the information we have on each program. If you could be more specific as to what parts are unclear or which program you don't understand, I'm sure that I or one of our readers could expand on the DOC files.

RDEXed

## John E. Wanner

It was with some sincere surprise that I receive the COMPUTIST \#61 prerelease of my article and the companion disk. I sent that off a couple of months ago with the thought that you might print excerpts occasionally and was pleasantly surprised to find essentially the whole thing in print. Hopefully it will be useful to a
number of gamers out there. I'm currently working on Questron II and will submit something somewhat similar although probably a bit shorter in the near future.

As I know you've heard from your many customers before, keep up the excellent work! Yours is the only magazine that publishes information necessary (for those of us who aren't hackers) to back up our disks and 1 , for one, would be willing to accept a pretty hefty subscription cost increase if it were the only way to keep you publishing. Sometimes I get the jmpression it's almost a one-person clearinghouse operation.
3
As I keep saying, "If you send it, I'll print it'". And you're right, only two of us spend full days here, the rest are volunteer part-timers . RDEXed

## Note on Wasteland Tip

Anyway, I spotted a small glitch in my article which those who play the game have probably already dealt with. I didn't mention explicitly that the Wasteland program writes the results of the player's actions to disks, that's the reason for making so many copies of the program. Each time a player wants to repeat an operation, like raiding an arsenal, she/he must insert a fresh disk with that part of the scenario on it.

Carl D. Purdy

## Softkey for...

## Monatan Reading Program <br> Program Design International <br> Requirements

$\square$ Utility to copy files
$\square$ A way to break into the monitor (NMI such as Wildcard etc.)
$\square$ Fast DOS (Optional)
This softkey was given to me by a friend named Otis Thompson from Dillon, MT. I want to make sure he gets credit for the work as this softkey is not mine.

Only the BASIC programs are encoded, so they won't run when copied to a normal disk.

1 Initialize a disk (using Beagle Brothers Pronto DOS or other fast DOS if you have one).
2 Use a file copy utility (I used Copy $I I$ Plus) to copy all of the files from the original disk to the fast DOS disk.

If you want you can use COPYA. The only difference is that you will have a slow DOS on your unlocked copy of the disk.
3 Boot the ORIGINAL disk until the HELLO program is loaded. It is loaded when
you see the kid at the chalk board. Break into the monitor. Don't be alarmed if you are doing this in the middle of the screen somewhere.

## D6:00 <br> PRESTM <br> TEXT <br> PRDIT PEEX (104) <br> PRNTT PEEX (103)

## clear run flag

return to BASIC clear scm margins Prog. start hi-byte Prog. start lo-byte
Write down these values. You should get 97 (\$61) and $01(\$ 01)$. This can be done from the monitor by checking locations $\$ 68$ and $\$ 67$.
4 The HELLO program is in a safe part of memory, so boot a slave disk (no HELLO program).
5 You should now be in BASIC. Poke $104 \& 103$ with the values previously obtained, then list the program.

## POKE 194,97 <br> POEE 103,1 <br> LIST

6 Now that we can see that the program is in memory, we can start to fix it so that it can be saved. The problem is that the end of the program is not properly set. To fix it, enter the monitor and list the memory at the program location. Keep listing (more L's) until you find the end of the program. You are looking for 0000 . The two zeros are at $\$ 66 \mathrm{~F} 1$ for (my copy of) the HELLO program. Put the hi-byte ( $\$ 66$ ) in $\$ \mathrm{~B} \varnothing$ and the lo-byte +1 (\$F2) in location \$AF (\$AF.B $\emptyset$ is the end of program marker). Then return to BASIC.

CALL- 151
6100L
AF: $\mathrm{F}_{2} 66$
DC
7 Insert your copy disk and SAVE the HELLO program.

## SAVE HELLO

8 Now go back to the original and boot it again. This time let the program load to the point that it says "START LESSON WOULD YOU LIKE SILENT OPERATION"' etc. At this point PROG.S has been loaded. Repeat the previous steps taken to save the HELLO program. The end of the program should be at $\$ 6313$. The name of the file for step 7 is PROG.S.
9 Go back to the original again and boot it. Let it run till you are asked for your name. PROG.G is now in memory. Follow the above steps to copy the last program. The end of the program should be at \$81B3. Use PROG.G for the file name in step 7 .

That should do it. The copy should be completely unlocked.

I found an error in a softkey that I sent to you back in COMPUTIST \#53, page 30 for

Microzine. It says "Then on track $\$ 09$, change the HELLO program...' It should read "Then on track $\$ 01$, sector $\$ 09$, change the $H E L L O$ program..." I am sure that most folks figured this out for themselves. Thanks for a great mag. I have learned more in the last year thru your magazine than in the previous 6 years I have worked with micros. I am largely self taught and your publication has been great.

## Lenny Nole

(3) I recently became a new subscriber to your magazine, and like other newcomers, I'm having trouble catching on to everything I read, but I will persevere. I have some questions.

1. Is there a way that I can print the doc's on the disk?
2. Is there a softkey for MasterType's Writer by Scarborough Systems?
3. How can I get my girlfriend more interested in computing?
4. Can someone help me get started on Ultima III? I don't want to know the whole game, just an editor for adding enough gold to heal my characters and maybe a couple of starter hints. Thank you for a Great Magazine!

## 3

I. There is an option to print the DOC files on the Starter Kit menu (v2.0). If you have an earlier version, use a word processing program to read the files. Clean up the text before printing. You could also send $\$ 2$ and get the latest version of the Starter Kit disk. 2. Not at present but perhaps someone could make one. 3. I think I'll leave this one for the readers or maybe Dear Abby. 4. Jim S. Hart wrote a Dungeon E Encounter Editor for Ultima III (COMPUTIST \#48, bug in COMPUTIST \#52) that's just what you need.

I'm real interested in how you readers are going to answer question $\# 3$.
. RDEXed

| Robert W Brown |
| :---: |
| Softkey for... |
| Rampage <br> Activison |

## - Requirements

DOS 3.3 System diskCOPYASector editor
1 Boot your DOS 3.3 system disk.
2 Tell DOS to ignore checksum and epilog errors and use COPYA to copy the disk.
POKE 47426,24

## RUN COPYA

3 Make the following sector edits to the copy you just made.

| Trk Sct Byte(s) | From | To |
| ---: | :--- | :--- |
| $\$ 00 \$ 00$ | $\$ 41-80$ | A9 $56 \ldots$ |
| $\$ 81-82$ | 25 FC | all EA's |

## That's it.

Never Ending Story is on your Most Wanted list. My disk has no copy protection on it. Keep up the good work. Your magazine is the best part of the month.

## S Todd Grant

Softkey for...


1 Boot a DOS 3.3 disk.
2 Make some changes to DOS and use COPYA to copy the disk.

CALL 151
8925:18 60
B988:18 60
BE48:18
B8FB:29 00
RUN COPYA
3 Sector edit the copy.

| Trk Sct Byte(s) | From | To |
| ---: | :--- | :--- |
| $\$ 00 \$ 025 B$ | $?$ | $A D$ |
| FB-FC | $?$ | 2900 |

## A.P.T. for...

## Microwave

Cavalier
To have only one monster, boot Microwave and press RESET as soon the title page appears.

CALL 151
8146:00
8100G
to continue game

## Playing Tips for...

## Bruce Lee

Datasoft
This is how to get some extra falls in Bruce Lee. More than halfway through the game, (IE. a few rooms after the one with three ways you can take in the center) there is a room with a red design shaped like an " 8 " in the lower right hand corner. Run over this design and you will get an extra fall. Exit this room to the left, then reenter it and get another fall. You can get up to five extra men.

Playing Tips for...

| Bard's Tale <br> Electronic Arts |
| :---: |

Playing Tips for...

## Wizardry <br> Sir-Tech

To duplicate gold and items in Bard's Tale:
" $\mathbf{Y}$ ". Add character " X " and character
[2 Trade whatever you want to duplicate

3 Remove " Y ".
4 Turn the computer off.
This works in Wizardry too, but you have to take " X "' into the dungeon before you (RESET) and recover him. It might also work on later Bard's Tale scenarios but I don't know.

## Playing Tips for...

| Taipan <br> Avalanche |
| :---: |

As soon as possible, borrow 1 from Elder Brother Wu. When you repay him, give him more than you owe. Now Brother Wu is in debt to you, and will owe more and more interest as time passes. Keep giving him as much as you can to speed up the process. Retire a billionaire, a trillionaire, or if you can stand it, a scientific notationaire!

## Playing Tips for...

## Wasteland <br> Electronic Arts

Save that Broken Toaster! This item can be found in the Quartz Graveyard. When any of your characters reach an IQ of 20 , go to a library and new skills will be available to you. These skills, Electronics and Toaster Repair,
are not mentioned in the instruction book, and perhaps other skills become available at even higher IQs. Now, if anyone figures out how to actually use Toaster Repair to fix the toaster, let me know

A.P.T. for...

| Demons Winter |
| :---: |
| ssi |

## Requirements

$\square$ Sector Editor
$\square$ Backup copy of Disk B (don't use original)
The character data for Demons Winter is on Disk B.

| Character \# | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Track | 16 | 17 | 17 | 17 | 17 |
| Sector | $\varnothing \mathrm{F}$ | $\varnothing \emptyset$ | $\varnothing 0$ | $\varnothing \mathrm{C}$ | $\varnothing \mathrm{D}$ |

## ©0-09 Name <br> OA Level

©C Movement-Speed
DD Strength
OE Intelligence
OF Endurance
10 Skill
11 Hit Points
12 Max Hit Points at this time
13 Spell Points
14 Max Spell Points at this time
17 Health
18-30 Skills ( 01 for ones you want)
39 Max Hit Points
1A Movement
1B Max Spell Points
Gold and food are found on track 17, sector OB.

| OA | Gold-3rd digit |
| :--- | :--- |
| OB | 2nd digit |
| OC | 1st digit |
| OD | Food |



The November issue of A+ magazine contained an article of interest to all Thexder IIgs game owners. A free upgrade is available (version 2.7) which contains great joystick support as well as a continue mode which will allow you to continue from the last level completed or to continue from the highest level completed rather than force you to start from the beginning. The only drawback is that the disk is copy protected requiring a Key Disk.

To obtain the free upgrade send the original disk along with your name and address to Thexder, 40033 Sierra Way, Oakhurst, CA. 93644. There is no charge for shipping and handling.


Bug in the Softkey for...

| King's Ouest I |
| :---: |
| Sierra On-Line |

I just received COMPUTIST \#59, Sept. 1988. I tried the softkey for Kings Quest I as it is printed on your magazine, it did not work on my copy. I think there is a misprint in the softkey by Leigh Rowan-Kelly. In the edit, AE is shifted forward by one place. The edit should be:

| Block | Byte(s) | From | To |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$AO | \$B7-Cl | 2200000022 | 22000000 AF |
|  |  | 000000 AE 00 | 000000 AE 00 |
|  |  | 00 | 00 |

My thanks to Leigh Rowan-Kelly and your magazine, I knew it wouldn't take long for Kings Quest I to be broken. Love your magazine and keep up the good work.


Recently I read in one of the Apple magazines that Baudville has deprotected its inhouse software. So I ordered Take 1 Deluxe for my Honors Chemistry classes. When the package from Baudville arrived, I tore it open and removed the Take 1 Deluxe program, it copied easily with Copy II Plus. I then booted the copy and, alas, the drive head made some horrendous grinding noises. It was obvious that copy protection remained on the update.

Scanning my COMPUTIST library, I found Clay Harrell's softkey for the first version of Take 1 in COMPUTIST \#25. Was it possible that Baudville did not change its protection? The program had not changed radically in the update.

Using Clay's lucid explanation of how the BNE instruction worked, I used the sector editor from Copy II Plus to scan for the bytes 2044 DC (JSR \$DC 44). That was the code that began the disk check for the original Take 1. I found four. Two I ignored because they have no CMP code associated with them. It is the CMP with the BNE that causes the program to loop if the proper value is not stored at location $\$ 2 \mathrm{D}$.

The two BNE's that I NOPed were the two Clay had in his softkey. Ay track $\$ 00$, sector \$06, I found:

| 2044 DC | JSR DC44 |
| :---: | :---: |
| A5 2 D | LDA 2D |
| C900 | CIIP \#00 |
| D6 F7 | BNE ©E®A |

EA these 2 bytes
And at track $\$ \varnothing \emptyset$, sector $\$ \varnothing \mathrm{~F}$ :
4C 2044 JIMP 4420
D0 A5 2D JML (2DA5)
C9 FF CIM \#FF
DO F7 BNE 0 E01
EA these 2 bytes
I booted the disk after NOPing the two Dg F7's. The program did not load. I used the sector editor to find A5 2 (LDA 2D). The location that had both a CMP and BNE associated with it. BINGO! It was on Track $\$ 00$, Sector \$0B. It's disassembly looks like this.

| 2044 DC | JSR DC44 |
| :---: | :---: |
| B0 08 | BCS OED2 |
| A5 2 D | LDA 20 |
| C9 6F | CMP \#OF |
| D0 05 | BNE QED2 |

EA these 2 bytes
I replaced the $D 065$ with EA EA and booted the disk. The program loaded. The disk was unprotected.

## The Fast Way

1 Copy the Take 1 disk with COPYA or Copy II Plus. The address and data marks are normal.
2 Use your sector editor on track $\$ 00$, sector $\$ 06$ and search for $A 52 D C 900 D 0$ F7 and replace the $D 0 \mathrm{F7}$ with $E A E A$.
3 Search track $\$ 00$, sector $\# \mathscr{} \because$ for $D C$ A5 2D C9 FF DO F7. Replace the D 05 with EA EA.

Search track \$00, sector \$0B for A5 $2 D C 90 F D 065$. Replace the D6 05 with EA EA.

Boot your deprotected disk and enjoy the program.

I have used this program with my Honors Chemistry students and they have produced some rather good movies. It helps to have the graphics disks which contain the "actors and various actions". I used Science Shape Library \#2 and the Business Animation Library \#3.

I know it takes time to explain how a disk is deprotected. If you who contribute your softkeys, can explain what you do, it helps people like me to follow the logic and risk some efforts of our own. I have learned a great deal about Apple computers and how to check for protection schemes from the many contributors to COMPUTIST.
(3) I have tried the Softkey in COMPUTIST $\# 60$ by Doodlebug for Crossword Magic 4.0, the controller only reads track $\$ 00$ through sector $\$ 0 \mathrm{~F}$ and then gives a DRIVE ERROR when it stops. Help!

All of you at COMPUTIST do a great job. Thanks for what you do to make it easier and better for us to deprotect our programs. Your magazine is the only one I read from cover to cover. Keep up the good work!
is
Remember, It's all of you who send info to RDEX that deserve the kudos. My part is to edit the info into a standard format for easy readability. You writers do the real work. My thanks to all of you who take the time to write. . . . RDEXed


The softkey listed in COMPUTIST \#25 is a long one and you must hit RESET to drop into Applesoft while booting (not an easy thing to do with this program). This program has a top score list so that after a game is done you can list your name and score on the disk (I hate to use this feature with my original disk). The problem I had on all my copies is that after a game is done the program would bomb into the monitor. I then followed the softkey for all Sierra On-Line software in Book of Softkeys Vol.II pg.110. This softkey works just fine and lets me enter my top scores with out bombing after a game, this method is also a lot faster.
1 COPYA the original disk.
2 Use a sector editor with a disk search function (I used Copy II plus 7.1) to look for CE 03. I found the code on track \$06, sector \$06 on my disk. Change the $C E 63$ to 60 AD and write the sector back to disk.

| Trk Sct Byte(s) From | To |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\$ 06 \$ 06 \$ 00$ | CE 03 | 60 AD |

## Mike Luker

You began offering a starter kit to your subscribers after I renewed my subscription last year. I just recently renewed and expected to recieve the starter kit. Am I wrong, or didn't you say that each subscriber would get a starter kit free when they subcribed?

For those of you who missed the editorial in COMPUTIST \#57. I. New subscribers recieve the starter kit automatically. 2. Subscribers may request the starter kit when they renew (if they have never recieved it) and it will be sent at no charge. 3. Subscribers not near renewal, who don't want to wait, can send $\$ 2$ and we will send them a Starter Kit. Like the saying goes, 'It's easy once you know how'.

RDEXed

(3) Can someone give us some help with Infocom? Copy II Plus no longer has Infocom or Zorks listed. IOB yield's "Disk Error' ${ }^{\text {etc. }}$

Well, we'll see what the readers say. Perhaps you could be more specific. What infocom program or which of the Zorks is troubling you?

RDEXed


> Modify all Infocom games for lower-case.

Many years ago, there was a file floating around that explained how to modify Infocom games to produce lower case characters during game play. The procedure outlined in that file worked beautifully on Infocom's first releases. But, alas, times changed and Infocom moved things around on the disk. In the newer versions of their games, you are able to select 40 or 80 column output. Anyone who has tried the wellknown old techniques to get lower case has probably come up with zero success.

Well, I did some searching and found that although the location of the code may have jumped around a bit, the code that changes the output is the exact same on all Infocom games. The reason Infocom makes all the 40 column output in upper case, is because they think there are still people that have no lower case chip in their Apple. Somebody ought to tell them that $99 \%$ of Apple-owners have lower case.

There are three chunks of code that must be altered to create a nice-looking lower case output.

The first routine prints the ever-familiar inverse bar at the top of the screen. This contains your location and either your score, number-of-moves or the time. This routine must be altered to not print in inverse, for as we all now, inverse lower case characters don't agree with the Apple, although in 80 columns you get inverse/lower case. The only thing you lose if you decide to make the modification is the pretty inverse bar (even in 80 columns).

The next routine is a big one. This is the routine that actually converts all the characters to upper case. It is eleven bytes long (decimal) and will have to be completely NOPed out with eleven EA's.

The final routine determines the size of the window at the top of the screen for the text to scroll under. This is currently one line (the
inverse bar). For easier readability, you'll want to change this to two lines, so there's a blank line in between the location description, score, etc., and the actual game text itself.

So with all the explanation out of the way, let's get to work. You must first have a cracked copy of the game (obviously). Nowadays, Infocom only protects their two-sided, 128 K games like Trinity, but in case you have an old Zork or something, deprotect it first. (See Book of Softkey Vol.I).

Run a sector editor (like the one in Copy II Plus) that has search capability. Insert your Infocom disk.

The "Inverse"' Routine: Search for A9 3F 8532 A9 10 (somewhere on the first two or three tracks, probably), and change the $3 F$ to FF .

The "Window" Routine: Search for A9 01852285 E 0 and change the 01 to 02 . Note: 02 is recommended. You may change this to a higher number to get a wider gap.

The "Upper Case"' Routine: Search for C9 6090 0BC9 80 BO 07 . Once these are found, put the cursor on the first byte (the first C9) and enter eleven (11) EA's. In otherwords, EA EA EA ea ea ea ea eafa ea ea.

Note: If you cannot find the "Window" routine, search for A9 018522 instead.

That's all there is to it. Something you might try doing is allowing the inverse bar in 80 columns, but making it normal in 40 columns. I haven't been able to do this as of yet.

## Aapo Puskala

## 80 columns for Infocom games

Everyone, who has a monitor and an Apple Ile with a 80 -column card or an Apple IIc probably hates playing Infocom text adventures with only 40 columns. It appears that older games don't recognize 80 columns, but newer ones do. If you own both old and new games, you can play the older game with 80 columns.

Boot with a game that supports 80 columns, and when asked for 80 columns, swap the disks with the older game. Press " $Y$ " and start playing!
"Do I have to do that every time I want to play an adventure that doesn't support 80 columns?'', you ask. No, you don't. All you have to do is copy the DOS from an Infocom disk that supports 80 columns to a disk that doesn't. That can be done with almost any copier; Just copy tracks $\$ 0 \mathscr{}$, $\$ 01$ and $\$ 02$ over the corresponding tracks of the older game and you're finished!
Warning! Do not destroy the DOS from the original disk! Use a backup copy.

Note: \$VERIFY says that the disk is damaged, but I haven't noticed any problems.



## - Requires:

512K Apple IIgs
one $31 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ drive
On a rainy afternoon nothing hits the spot like a good jigsaw puzzle, especially when it's in full-color super-res. Britannica's "Jigsaw" comes in two boxes, like pieces of a puzzle, shrunk-wrapped into a single package. From the "Program" box comes fold-out directions and the program diskette; the "Image" box packs a diskette of twenty-four standard (unpacked, type $\$ \mathrm{Cl}$ ) pictures ranging from easy "Alphabet" through fantasy castles, NASA photos, and works of art. Additional "Image" packs are planned; and, of course, any favorites from your own pic collection are candidates. (In fact, Britannica is offering $\$ 100$ for any user-submitted pictures it accepts for publication.)

Once a screen is loaded from any on-line drive the program waits for a click and then scrambles the picture into equally-sized square pieces and starts a timer. Depending upon difficulty setting, you can take on an easy eight or fifteen-piece challenge (just right for young
children) or the rougher forty or sixty-fourpiece formats.

Since all of the picture is always on the screen, you 'move' pieces by exchanging. Thus, clicking on piece $X$ and then on piece $Y$ moves $X$ to $Y$ 's position and $Y$ to $X$ 's position. A sound cue ('Ole!'") signals correct placement- very helpful, since a piece must not only fit with its neighbors, but also be at the correct screen location. Both "\% Complete" and "Elapsed Time" are displayed above the picture; and you may at any time call up the target picture for comparison, at the price of a time penalty for each look.
"Jigsaw" maintains the best five times for each format (e.g. eight pieces, fifteen pieces, etc.) NOT for each picture, the way it should. Still, for the dedicated jigsaw fan, completing the puzzle is 'the thing'. Clever, yet simple, "Jigsaw" is like having an endless stack of colorful challenges; and you don't even have to turn over the pieces to start!


As any three year-old will tell you, there's just no end to the neat things one can do with blocks. Spectrum's "Tetris' employs just four character-sized squares to generate pieces in seven different shapes (e.g. a " $T$ ", a square, left and right "L's, etc.); and then delivers a fast-paced test of coordination and sense of spatial relations.

Originally from the U.S.S.R. and, thus, dubbed "The Soviet Challenge", 'Tetris" is a new wrinkle in the old fitting-stuff-together problem. This time the 'stuff' (randomly generated shapes) drifts down, one piece at a time, into a 10 -square wide X 20 -square deep pit. When a piece lands, on the bottom or atop another piece, it glues into place and another starts to drop. Your problem is to control lateral movement and rotation to form complete rows of blocks. (For instance, a single "I' piece dropping into place lengthwise could finish four complete rows.) Flipping or slowing a falling piece is not allowed; but, once a piece is 'lined up' the way you want it, you can force an immediate drop.

Completed rows disappear (anything above
moves down); so you have more room in the pit for new pieces. On the other hand, for every so many rows zapped, drop time decreases (from a leisurely thirteen seconds at Level $\boldsymbol{D}$ to one second at Level 9). Eventually, despite your best efforts, a stack of pieces reaches the top of the pit preventing further drops and play ends.
"Tetris" awards points for each piece that lands, depending upon drop time, with a bonus for each row of blocks removed. To spur competition, all versions maintain a "Top Ten Comrades' ' high scores roster on diskette; and on the IIgs you can set up multi-player tournaments. In the the latter, a settable time limit option is available; and up to four "comrades" face the same difficulty level and sequence of pieces.

Set against nicely drawn Russian landscape, sports, and space backdrops, "Tetris" is an attractive package, which, in a curious way, also manages to be instructive. No doubt, the game would be an excellent sharpening-up exercise for fighter pilots, great for developing arcade responses, and very good for helping children with orientation difficulties. Notable weaknesses are keyboard-only controls on the IIgs, no music in the II +/IIe versions, and a somewhat flaccid IIgs folk music score. Yes, Comrade, there IS room for improvement; but don't let this keep you from tackling a novel, highly entertaining challenge.

## Mouse Cleaner 360

$\$ 16.95$ Ergotron

## ntm

The first time a friend brought over Ergotron's "Mouse Cleaner 360" and suggested that our mouse needed cleaning, I was skeptical. After all, how dirty could little Herman get in just a few months of running around on a nice clean mousepad? Turning the retainer ring and removing the ball only seemed to confirm my suspicions: here was yet another excursion into frillsville. Apart from a mote of dust, even the rubber treads on the three metal wheels seemed free of contamination. "Ahem," Mr. Clean informed me, "the IIgs mouse doesn't have RUBBER TREADS on its sensor wheels." The 'treads', as a bit of fingernail scraping revealed, were an accumulation of gunk and lint!

It's surprising just how easily one can become accustomed to steadily degraded mouse response. Slightly out-of-round sensor wheels making marginally mushy contact do not produce the kind of precipitous control problem that screams for attention; yet, the contrast,
once the little bugger is cleaned, is startling. No, "Mouse Cleaner 360'" will not vanquish a year's accumulation of gunk. For a 'tread class' cleaning job you must resort to, at least, some laborious scraping and wiping. What Ergotron's magical system will do is keep a clean mouse clean, free of gunk, and responsive.
"Mouse Cleaner 360"' 'works', not just because it really removes dirt, oils, and lint, but also because it is easy to use. You simply squirt a few drops of cleaner onto the " 360 " velcro ball, pop it into the mouse, and move it around (in a circular motion) on the cleaning track. Using a small chamois, you then wipe the inside to finish up. (Since the alcohol cleaning solution could damage the rubber sensor ball, you clean it using your own gentle detergent solution.) Supplied in a handy plastic case, the kit includes two velcro balls (1" for Igs and 7/8" for smaller mice), cleaning track, chamois, a bottle of cleaning solution, and a pair of stick-on velcro fasteners, in case you want to mount the cleaning track on a convenient surface. A frill? Not hardly! If you own a mouse, Ergotron's "Mouse Cleaner 360"' is a necessity.

## Iurbo Mouse ADB 3.0

For Apple IIgs, Mac SE, Mac II

$$
\$ 169.95 \quad \text { Kensington }
$$

## terets

Just a few years ago someone said: ''Golly, if I turn this trackball over and roll it on a pad, I can translate hand pointing and drawing motions into usable computer inputs!' Now, proving with a vengeance that "what goes around comes around", Kensington proclaims that it has "turned mouse technology upsidedown'" to deliver touch-and-point convenience and reclaim precious space from rampant rodents.

Rendered in Apple platinum, the new "Turbo Mouse ADB" boasts a mere 4.5 " X 5 ' footprint, twin click-action switches placed on either side of the easy-rolling 2 '" ball, and the kind of elegant lines that make it 'at home' on your desktop or the console of the starship Enterprise II. Better yet, the drop-in/tump-out control ball and flush-mounted switch plates guarantee easy cleaning, for continued good looks and reliable operation.
"Turbo Mouse"' comes with a standard male/male ADB chord and two sockets to let you place the unit anywhere in the computer-keyboard-mouse Desktop Bus chain. Kensington also supplies a handy stick-on pocket for comfortable 'retirement'" of your
"old" mouse; but it can retain its place at the end of the ADB chain (e.g. plugged into "Turbo Mouse") where it remains fully functional.

Removing the four bottom screws reveals the optical encoders- "Turbo Mouse" senses movement by counting lines on right-angle mounted wheels- and, among other components, a General Instruments PIC 1670 microcomputer IC! Thanks to its brain, '"Turbo Mouse' can detect small, quick control ball movements and, changing resolution on-the-fly, propel the on-screen cursor for easy access to any portion of a display. Other built-in smarts include both standard and locking (click-on/click-off) mouse 'buttons'- very nice for running through long menus- and a 'chording' feature (both buttons pressed) to output a selected Command key. You set the latter (to CMD-N, CMD-O, etc.) and left or right placement of the locking button via slide switches accessed through a back panel. On a Mac, "Turbo Mouse" can also respond to Kensington's "Custom Control Software" utility, for tailoring cursor and double-click speeds.

Just how much time Herman will actually spend snuggled up in your mouse pocket depends upon how you use your computer. Though "Turbo Mouse" resolution is very good, for tasks like free-hand drawing, the ability to perform precise cursor moves is less important than movement 'naturalness'. Working with a standard mouse comes much closer to holding a pencil than does rolling a ball. Otherwise, "Turbo Mouse''s compactness, freedom from the need for constant pickup-and-move repositioning, and an end to the bother of mouse cable kinking all emerge as very attractive advantages. When it comes to hopping around a word processor document, moving pieces on a chessboard screen, or clicking choices in an adventure game, "Turbo Mouse" is the clear winner.

NOTE: After shipping the first few batches of its IIgs, Apple made some changes to the ADB controller, but failed to notify developers, or anyone else, of the full extent of the modifications. Kensington tested "Turbo Mouse ADB' on Mac's and newer IIgs's. (If you got your IIgs this Christmas, don't worry.) Only when complaints started coming in was it discovered that, on Igs models with the older ADB controller, "Turbo Mouse ADB" will not perform correctly. Symptoms include absence of speed sensing, failure of the "chording" function to send a complete KB instruction, no response to IIgs mouse speed settings, and unequal left-right vs. right-left response. According to Kensington's product manager, a fix for 'old IIgs' owners (and prospective owners) of "Turbo Mouse" should be ready soon. Expect a report in the next issue or so.


512K Apple IIgsone $31 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ drive
If, as an old Madison Avenue adage puts it, "Sex sells", then strip poker is a 'natural' for IIgs super-res. In the Artworx version, you get two opponents, Suzi and Melissa, who, to quote the box blurb: "are willing and able to bet it all for the chance to beat the pants off you." "All", of course, is every last stitch, reached in several progressively more revealing frames, each showing Suzi or Melissa in a different pose.

The game is standard five-card poker with your opponent shown in the upper two thirds of the screen. Her comments (e.g. "How did you talk me into this?", etc.), your cards, and clickable play options appear near the bottom. Bets and raises range from $\$ 5-\$ 25$ with each article of clothing (hers or yours) valued at $\$ 100$. The program takes care of all recordkeeping, player balances, undressing, and redressing (should a player win back a piece of clothing). Naturally, when you or your opponent are out of clothes, you're out of luck, and the game ends.

Featuring digitized 320 -mode graphics and a few special-situation digitized voice tracks (e.g. "It's showtime!'), "Strip Poker II" probably rates a mild ' $R$ '' for content and "easy"' for difficulty. Still, while neither Suzi nor Melissa plays especially strong poker, they do play differently. Bet carelessly and either CAN beat you, especially should you let yourself become distracted (by something or other).

## FAST FRAMES, UPDATES, ETC.

## Revenge of Chessmaster?

As fate would have it, just after sending in my "Sargon $V$ "/Mac review (and complaining about the dearth of IIgs chess software), Baywoof the Board Basher brought over a prerelease version of Software Country's "Chessmaster 2500"/IIgs. Could this be the long-awaited 'blow for the forces of Good'? (Stay tuned for a review as soon as S.C. ships the finished product.)

## More Four

For 1-4 players, Accolade's new mini-golf simulation ( $\$ 34.95$ for 512 K IIgs) is the sort of game you keep on the 'front burner', ready for parties or any time visitors want to "play something on the computer'. With an option for individual hole practice, "Mini-Putt" offers "Classic" and "Deluxe" plus two more ninehole super-res courses positively packed with hazards. Most of the display is a top-down view of your ball and immediate surroundings; but just moving the mouse shifts screens for easy walk-through of all or part of any hole. Smaller inserts present a hole map, the "Mean-18"-type Power/Accuracy shooting gauge, and an animated golfer figure. Though arrows, rather than artwork, indicate location and direction of slopes, the rotating windmills, mazes, 'river' water traps, narrow bridges, castles, and much more are all here in colorful detail together with realistic ball action and sound effects. Count on a solid challenge (like, would you believe 19 on a par 3?) and many hours of lively competition. (Also, you can bet your best golf shoes, a 'Famous Mini-Putt Courses" volume is in the works.)

## Bonk!!

A nice side-effect of programmer experimentation with a new machine is the plethora of high-quality shareware. One such product is J. Tierney's "Bounce-It!", a superres mouse-driven IIgs version of dear old "Brick Out" complete with sound effects. For a modest $\$ 10$ 'keeper fee', you get an ondiskette "Hall of Fame" (top eight scores) roster, player-settable speed and paddle size, and nine levels of stiff competition. As one player commented (just after starting his twentieth contest): "It's a good thing this game isn't addictive."

## Vendors

ACCOLADE: 20813 Stevens Creek Blvd., Cupertino, CA 95014 (408-446-5757)
ARTWORX SOFTWARE: 1844 Penfield Road, Penfield, NY 14526 (716-385-6120) BRITANNICA SOFTWARE: 345 Fourth Street, San Francisco, CA 94107 (415-546-1866)
ERGOTRON: 1621 E. 79th St., Minneapolis, MN 55420 (612-452-8135)
J.R. TIERNEY: P.O. Box 1303, Ridgewood, NJ © 7451
KENSINGTON MICROWARE: 251 Park Avenue South, New York, NY 10010 (800-535-4242, in NY call 212-475-5200) SPECTRUM-HOLOBYTE: 2061 Challenger Dr., Alameda, CA (415-522-3584)

## C. E. Garrett

(7) I recieved my starter kit today and almost immediately ran into a snag. I was following the instructions for making a backup copy using Super IOB. I had the starter kit disc in a $514^{\prime \prime}$ drive installed as Slot \#6, drive \#1. I wished to copy to a $31 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ disk installed as Slot \#5, drive \#1. When I pressed a key to commence formatting the target disk, I received the "Initialization Error" alert on my monitor screen. I subsequently was able to make a back up disk by using only the $51 / 4$ " drive. Is it not possible to copy from one size disk to another size using this program?

Sorry, no can do. Super IOB is a whole disk copier. Also, it's a bad idea to copy from one size disk to another. In one direction, it won't fit and in the other, it puts a straight-jacket on the larger medium since the format and file data are copied intact. The file formats (DOS 3.3) and valid track/sectors are different for $51 / 4^{\prime \prime}$ and $31 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ disks. Use a fike copier to copy from a $514^{\prime \prime}$ disk to a 31/2" disk.
. RDEXed

## Harry M. Randel

Back in May of this year I dropped you a line requesting help regarding the Einstein Compiler. I was desperate, because it affected my method of teaching elementary school computer courses and I had two (2) original Einstein disks - both damaged.

Since then I have received help from several COMPUTIST readers, including one anonymous letter with disk. The letter reads,

Harry. Hope the enclosed disk is helpful. Would have signed this letter, but believe in the old adage that "No good deed ever goes unpunished''! Sincerely yours,

Thanks for creating and supporting so "wonderful a family" and for their help. My efforts in elementary education are proceeding as planned - programs are compiled - and the students have to work to create the programs, rather than just LIST and copy.
I.

Your sort of problems and the solutions for them are a big part of what the Readers Data EXchange is all about. Thanks for writing and letting us know how things came out.
.RDEXed


I'm writing with a tidbit I've found that has to do with the Publish It program from Timeworks. The manual says you can import graphics from other graphics programs such as

Dazzle Draw. In trying to import graphics from Paint 8/16 I had trouble even listing my Paint $8 / 16$ files. I found that the end file type for the graphics with Publish It in hires is $\$ 2000$. In double hires it's $\$ 4000$. My Paint $8 / 16$ graphics had an end file type in hires of \$1FF8. In double hires it's $\$ 3$ FF8. The difference in either programs graphics is not much but I found that a difference of one digit in either mode will stop Publish It from accessing the file.

To fix it isn't hard but it is a pain. All I did was BLOAD the file from Paint $8 / 16$ and then BSAVE (file name), A\$2000,L\$4000. After doing this I could use my own graphic creations from Paint $8 / 16$. For some reason Publish It will only access files with exact file lengths of $\$ 2000$ or $\$ 4000$ in the two hires modes.

Joseph P. Karwoski
I find this magazine is the best I have. I always go to back issues to learn another trick. Keep up the great work!

There is a typo in the softkey for Springboard Publisher (COMPUTIST \#60, page 10). The explanation is excellent, but the search key/sector edit is incorrect. The key is shown as $A 296$ AD $3 E$ but it should be $A 266$ A0 $3 E$.

## Softkey for...

Operation Frog

Scholastic

- RequirementsApple IIe,IIgs
Copy II Plus
COPYA
$\square 2$ blank disks
1 Boot your DOS 3.3 system disk and use COPYA to copy the original to the first blank disk.


## RUN COPYA

EC
70
CALL-151
B925:18 60
B988:18 60
(EC
RUN
Note: This will encounter an error and then stop, don't worry, you are half-way home.
2 Format the second disk using "HELLO" as the hello program, and then delete "HELLO".
3 Copy all the files from the first disk to this new disk (I use Copy II Plus, File Copy).

Note: When you catalog the two disks you will find that the blocks are not the same. I found this to be true for the last 3 files on the disk, this is where the error occured.
4 Using Copy II Plus in Patched DOS 3.3, I found where these files are located track \$19-1D. Sector copy these tracks to your disk, the disk with the larger blocks in the catalog.
5 Re-do step \#1 using the disk you just copied "to".

Note: You will not get an error this time. 6 Re-do step \#2.
7 Copy all the files to this new disk.
You now have a copyable copy!
By the way, the intro screen is named "PICTR.SCHOLASTIC3". You may change it by creating another screen (High Res) and saving it with this name. My screen now tells me that this is a back-up copy and that it is illegal to make another copy.

This is a real weird softkey. Would someone explain what is going on?
.RDEXed

Robert F.Smith
(?) I've tried deprotecting an early edition of "Where in the World is Carmen Sandiego" using the softkey by Ronald Wilson (COMPUTIST \#25. pg 25) and the Igs CDA, "Visit Monitor" (COMPUTIST \#56, pg 7, "Apple Igs Secret Weapon", Castano de la Serna). I very carefully checked and rechecked any codes I entered but the routine did not work. BRUNning the file "Carmen Sandiego" resulted in a blank screen with two multicolored lines (Graphics?) near the top and a locked-up keyboard. Any suggestions? Combining the two routines seems like a natural. The F8 ROM's command is replaced by " $2000<0000$. O7FFM" and the " $M$ "' command by [OGESC] to get to the Monitor via the desk accessory. Any help would be appreciated.

Rob Fiduccia
Playing Tips for...

## Deathlord <br> ECA

This game has everything you want and some things you'll wish that they didn't put in. This game is very large in all ways. I'm very glad to say that I won the game, and let me tell you, it was harder then any game I've played. If you have the game, you know how hard it is to start, just imagine winning.

## Map of Deathlord

Note: The numbers and letters are land. The squares (lines) are where the disk drive runs. Kodan is island \#3. Hell Island (where Deathlord lives) is letter " G ". For the rest of the islands, you can see what is on them. Letters " $E$ " and " $F$ " are uninhabited. If you enter a square, and cast the spell "Konpasu" and it says BELOW, that means that there is land in that square, so sail round in the square (don't exit it) and you will soon find land. Identical numbers indicate that the disk runs but it is the same continent.

|  | $\mathbf{1}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $\mathbf{G}$ |  |  |

## Special items list

Here is a list of the 6 items you need and where to find them. The order of the list is: Item, Location (continent): notes.

- Sunspear, 1: Two Rivers is the town where you can get it, Senju has it but you need to give him one Blue Crystal.
- Lantern, West 7: You can get this item in the ruins Greenbanks. It is in one of the graves. Search.
- Sharktooth, A: You find this in the volcano that once was a town. It is hidden in the dark in a tomb, To the south-east of town.
- Emerald Rod, 5: In the Palace of Sultans, enter from the west end, and search the south wall right after the guards post.
- Ruby Ring, C: If you enter the castle, go south after you find the King, keep looking until you find a golem guarding a magic curtain. Cast the spell 'UGOKU'' and if you are lucky, you will end up on the other side. If this is so, don't attack him.
- Blue Crystal, A: Find the hut to the north of this island. Enter from the east end. Go a little in until you find a hut to the south, enter and keep going south, through the fake stone and then search the bushes.


## Complete giveaways

- The Sharktooth will make island " G " appear. If you go there without it, the island will not be there.
- The Sunspear is the only weapon which can hurt Deathlord, spells have no effect.
- The Blue Crystal can be used to pass through Rakhammon's curtain. If you don't have it, you can't pass through.
- The Lantern is the only item that will give you light on the plane of darkness in Deathlord's underground castle. Light spells just fizz. If you don't have this, you won't get very far.
- The Ruby Ring will let you pass through fire without getting burned. It is needed on the plain of fire in Deathlord's castle. There is plenty of fire to kill you if you don't have it.
- The Emerald Rod will let you pass through acid without getting hurt. It is needed on the plain of acid in Deathlord's castle.
- Here are 5 of the 7 words, YOKUSEI, NIKUMU, SIEYOKU, FUSHIN, OSORERU. I'm sorry if you have some.
- When you find a gate in Deathlord's castle that will not open by smashing, I say you yell out one of the words
- There is a dungeon behind the castle on island " C ". It looks like normal mountains. There is a square of trees in front of it. Get on it and type "EM".
- If you were wondering, when your character's age is $40-60$, his/her attributes starts to lessen, it isn't very important. I thought you may like to know that because the manual doesn't mention it.
- After you kill Deathlord with the Sunspear, make sure you get the mystic item he has, and DON'T DROP it.
- If you entered a town and have gotten an item, then exit the town, dungeon, castle etc. It saves what you did. So if you exit with the Ruby Ring, it will not be there again because it is saved to the disk that you have it. Now make another disk, both side A and side B that have never been played on. If you insert the disk before you enter a town, dungeon etc. it will be like new. Now before you exit, TAKE IT OUT and put the original in, so it doesn't save your actions and you'll have a fresh copy all the time. So never exit a town, dungeon etc. with the copy disk and you'll never have to worry if you drop the Ruby Ring, just go back and get it.
- To be very safe about death, when you're in a dungeon (this also goes for castles, towns, and that kind of place) or a new place or a difficult one, save. Now takeout the disk. Now if you get killed for any reason, it will not be saved to the disk for it isn't in the drive. If you get killed without warning, you'll be placed where the game was last saved. I find this better then turning the power off quickly, and don't worry, your drive will not get hurt if there is no disk in it.
A.P.T. for...


# Deathlord <br> ECA 

## - Requirements

## $\square$ Character playing disk

$\square$ COMPUTIST Starter Kit (you need DOS ALTERER and DISKEDIT)

Deathlord is a very tough game (even if you cheat) as you will see. The steps I give explain how to do the APT in the simplest and fastest way.

## Part 1

1Boot the Starter Kit disk and RUN "DOS ALTERER". The scenario disks have abnormal address and data marks so DOS must be changed to read and write to them.
2 Choose \#1 from the menu. Change the address field to $D 5$ AA D6 instead of $D 5 A A 96$ and also change $D E A A$ to $D E B 7$ and press return.
3 Choose \#2 from the menu. Change $D 5$ AA AD to $D 5$ AE AD and change $D E A A$ to $E A A A$ and press return.
4 Choose \#8 from the menu. Name the text file "DL". Insert your save disk and press return to save it.

## Part 2

1 Boot the Starter Kit disk and "LOAD" DISKEDIT into memory by typing " 2 D " RETURN.
2 Insert your save disk and type "EXEC DL".
3 Then type "3DOG" to exit the monitor.

## 4 Type "RUN".

Now you can read the scenario disk, but you must do all of part 2 every time you wish to edit your characters. If you want, you can make a program that does it all, just remember to have DISKEDIT on the disk.

Note: Before you make any changes, your party must disperse. So if you're in a dungeon, and need hit points, you must quit. Boot the main disk, go to CHARACTER OPTIONS and choose "Disperse Existing Group". Then after you make your changes and play, you'll be outside the town Kawa on the island Kodan, not the last saved place.

## Character Attribute Notes

- All values are in hex. (IE. 255 decimal $=$ FF hex, 99 decimal $=63$ hex.) If you're not into hex numbers, just use FF and 63, they're the best.
- Your hit points (in hex) take up 2 bytes. The
hi-byte is in the first location shown and the lobyte is in the second location. (IE. If your first characters hit points were 124 ( $\$ 007 \mathrm{C}$ ), location $\$ 08$ would have the value $7 C$ and location $\$ 20$ would have the value 00 . If his hit points were 576 ( $\$ 0240$ ), then location $\$ 20$ would have the value 02 and location $\$ 08$ would contain the value 40.)
- The highest that hit points can be is \$FFFF, which is 65,535 in decimal. The game will display just zeros, but you do have 65,535 hits points.
- It seems that if you have that much hit points, battle is slower. Also, when you walk through fire, acid, etc., it will be a little slower too. It's not a big problem.
- If your level is higher then 23 then you'll have all the spells. If your level is 99 ( $\$ 63 \mathrm{hex}$ ) then your spells will last longer and do more damage. Higher levels than that don't seem to make much difference.
- All single byte values can be from $\$ 00-\$ F F$. I suggest you use $\$ 63$ ( 99 in decimal) for the highest value, or you may get confused.
- Values for Character's health are: $\$ 00=$ Healthy, $\$ 02=$ Starving, $\$ 40=$ Dead, $\$ 04$ $=$ Poisoned, $\$ 08=$ Diseased, $\$ C 0=$ Stoned.
- Character alignments are: $\$ 00=$ Good, $\$ 01$
$=$ Neutral, $\$ 02=$ Evil. So now your Ninja can be in your party. Give him the byte value 00 or 01 . You can mix any alignment now, just change them all to 00 or $\emptyset 1$, not 02 or you won't be able to do some things and your quest will be harder.
- The values for sex are $\$ 00$ for male and $\$ 01$ for female. Sex seems to have no real purpose in the game.

| Attribute | Character $\pm$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | sct |
| Hit Points | 20108 | 2110 | 220 A | 23/01 | 240 C | 2500 | 05 |
| Level | 98 | 99 | 9A | 9B | 9 C | 9D | 05 |
| Strength | C8 | C9 | CA | CB | CC | CD | 05 |
| Constitution | E0 | E1 | E2 | E3 | E4 | E5 | 05 |
| Size | F8 | F9 | FA | FB | FC | FD | 05 |
| Intelligence | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 04 |
| Dexterity | 28 | 29 | 2A | 2B | 2 C | 2D | ©4 |
| Charisma | 40 | 41 | 42 | 43 | 44 | 45 | 104 |
| Power | 58 | 59 | 5A | 5B | 5C | 5D | (34 |
| Health | D8 | D9 | DA | DB | DC | DD | 06 |
| Food | 48 | 49 | 4A | 4B | 4 C | 4D | 03 |
| Age | 30 | 31 | 32 | 33 | 34 | 35 | ©3 |
| Alignment | 18 | 19 | 1A | 18 | 1 C | 1D | 03 |
| Sex | 00 | 01 | 02 | 03 | 04 | 05 | 03 |

I left out gold, weapons, armor and magic items. I will let you know this; gold will soon become a pain because you'll have so much and nothing to do with it. Weapons, armor and items, you'll pick up fast too.

I hope this APT helps. If you are a beginner and it seems just to hard to do, remember to take it very slow and read everything twice. So go ahead... find Deathlord and let him have it.

Playing Tips for...

## Ultima V <br> Origin

Ultima $V$, the fifth sequel to the Ultima series, is the biggest and surely the best of all, I think. Lord British has disappeared on an expedition to the newly discovered Underworld which is equal to Britannia. You must find Lord British and return his lost belongings. These tips will help you on your journey.

- The password for the Resistance side is "DAWN"
- The password for the Oppression side is "IMPERA".
- To destroy the Shards and Shadowlords go to the flames and yell the Shadowlord's name and when he is on the flame, use the shard.

| Shards principle | Shadowlord | Flame location |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Falsehood | FAULINEI | The Lycaeum |
| Cowardice | NOSFENTOR | Serpent's Hold |
| Hatred | ASTAFOTH | Empath Abbey |

- When you are walking on Britannia, try flipping the disk and when it spins again, the Underworld will be in the direction you are walking. You can get items (hint) and return to Britannia anytime by flipping back the disk, but when you are attacked or Hold up Camp, you must flip to Britannia. It works the exact opposite when in the Underworld. Note: Doing this could mess up your disk, so use a backup.
- To get Lord British's magic carpet go to the forth level in this kingdom, get a cannon and blast the guard and the door to the tower in the middle. Next, you'll see a rug right by the entrance, GET it and use it. If you play around with it, you'll see what it can do.
- Go to Jhelom and go to the north-west tower and ask a wizard named Goeth about the moon gates, but type it like this "SETAG NOOM". One other thing, he knows one Word of Power.
- Ask the Lord of Empath Abbey about his "GRAPPLE".
- Mix ash, silk, mandrake and nightshade and be on level 6 and say "REL XEN BET"' while in combat and cast it on a foe and see what happens. Don't cast it on a daemon.
- Lord British's crown is on Blackthorn's roof in the middle tower, it prevents spells from being cast, but be prepared for some combat and have one skull key if you want it.
- Go to Jhelom and exit the secret door in the lower tower to the north-east and walk south until you see a dead tree. Search it!
- Try going to Lord British's chambers and sitting in the chair by the piano and play these keys: 6789878767653 and watch the room.
- Skull Keys can be found in Minoc in the tree north-west of town. 'Search' the tree every other day

Playing Tips for...

## Wings of Fury <br> Briderbund

- The best way to disable an island is to be equipped with rockets and fly high over the island to see where things are. When you feel like you're in a good place to attack, dive down and destroy all the barracks. Let all the soldiers flee to the gun dug-outs. Attack one of the dugouts and circle to shoot the soldiers running. Get them before they get to another gun. Finish off the dugouts this way. There aren't more then three gun dug-outs on an island. This works better then destroying a dug-out and when the soldiers come running out from the barracks having to do it again. You don't have to concern yourself with the soldiers coming out of the barracks as they will all occupy a gun.
- The best way to handle a dog fight with two planes is to circle around in one place and when a plane goes off to the east or west go after him. When you're chasing him, don't move the plane up and down, you'll loose vital speed. Both planes won't go in the same direction. So when one plane breaks off, the other will go the other way or will be still in its loop and you'll have some time to catch the plane that broke off before the other plane gets on your tail.
(?) Does anyone have a program to map out dungeons, castles, towns, for Deathlord?
(7) Can someone tell me what to do in Mindshadow after I get the map and it leads to the rusty trunk and I get the rum?
(7) Does someone have a softkey for the great high-res graphics program Blazing Paddles by Baudville? I don't see it on the most wanted list and would like to add it. I have had no luck with copying it.
The program was softkeyed in COMPUTIST
\#31, page 23 and in COMPUTIST \#35, page 4. RDEXed
(7) Does anyone have a program to edit Ultima IV towns and even dungeons?

A land editor/mapper is in COMPUTIST \#33, page 16 (bug in COMPUTIST \#37, page 6). A town mapper is in COMPUTIST \#47, page 10. . RDEXed

> Deprotecting with an Altered DOS 3.3 disk

## - Requirements

$\square 64 \mathrm{~K}$ Apple Computer
$\square$ DOS 3.3 System Master w/COPYA \& FID
As a reader of COMPUTIST I have picked up many valuable tips from the magazine and from the Book of Softkeys, Volume I. By assembling bits and pieces gleaned from these publications I have put together a disk that helps me deprotect many difficult programs. I have no knowledge of machine language and very little knowledge of how DOS 3.3 and PRODOS do their thing. All of the information below was learned from COMPUTIST. I must applaud the magazine for enabling a novice like myself to deprotect many programs that stump other more experienced users in my area.

## The altered disk

A handy tool that should be in every disk library is an altered DOS 3.3 disk with commonly used utilities. This disk will assist in deprotecting many DOS 3.3 disks and programs written in PASCAL. To make such a disk use the instructions below.
1 Boot a normal DOS 3.3 disk and make some changes to DOS.
CALL 151
B925:18 $60 \quad$ Ignore end of data marks B988:18 $60 \quad$ Ignore end of address marks

BE48:18
B942:18
3D6G
Disable DOS error checking routine
Return to BASIC
2 After making these alterations INIT a new disk. The new disk will have the altered DOS.
3 Use Master Create to make this disk a master disk.
4 Copy COPYA and FID to this new disk. I used KEY-CAT by Beagle Brothers as my HELLO program.

I have found this disk to be invaluable in deprotecting many disks that don't respond well to nibble copiers. This disk will COPYA most protected disks allowing the copy to be changed using a sector editor. You can use FID to catalog the protected disk and to copy the programs to a blank disk with a normal DOS.

Here are two softkeys using this disk, Create with Garfield and Rambo, First Blood Part II. Have fun!

## Softkey for...

## Create with Garfield <br> DLM

This is a cute program that makes cartoons which can be printed. Here's how to deprotect it.

1 Init a DOS 3.3 disk. Make the greeting program name GARFIELD.

## INIT GARFIELD

2 Use Master Create (from the DOS 3.3 System disk) to make this disk a master.

3 Boot the altered DOS disk and use FID to copy the programs from the original to the master disk from step 2.

You can add a fast DOS like DiversaDOS to speed things up a little. Have fun making cartoons.

Softkey for...

## RAMBO First Blood Part II <br> Mindscape, Inc.

I first tried several nibble copiers on this disk. They all copied it without indication of error but the copies just rebooted continuously. Also, the copies could not be read with the sector editor on Copy II Plus. The altered DOS disk did the trick. By changing the bytes that gave the command to reboot to the command for no operation I was able to make a working copy. Here are the instructions.
1 Boot the altered DOS disk and use COPYA to make a copy of RAMBO.
2 Using a sector editor with search capabilities find $4 C 00 \mathrm{C} 6$. They should be on track $\$ 00$. Change these bytes to EA EA EA.

Play RAMBO.

## Clay Harrell

Softkey for...

## Stickers Rainbow Painter <br> Springboard

## Requirements

## Any Apple Computer

A Sector Editor
$\square$ COPYA from the DOS 3.3 System Master A blank disk

I used Senior PROM v3.0 (hardware) to develop this softkey.

Both Stickers and Rainbow Painter are top quality graphics program for children from the same publisher as "Newsroom". The programs work nicely with icons and a joystick, and are easy to use. Stickers lets kids paint "stickers" of animals in a puzzle fashion. Rainbow Painter is a MacPaint for kids.

Unfortunately, both programs are copy protected and backups can not be easily

produced with a bit copier. Fortunately, both programs use the same copy protection, just implemented slightly different. Since it is not advisable to let any children use an original disk, it must be deprotected to allow backups.

The first step I took in deprotecting these programs was to try copying the disks with COPYA. Of course this didn't work, so I tried defeating the epilogue byte check routines (at \$B925 and \$B988) and copying the disk. This let me copy only the DOS tracks ( $\$ 00-02$ ).

Remember, a DOS disk has unique beginning (prologue) and unique ending (epilogue) bytes that tell DOS where each sector starts and ends on a track. If these unique bytes are changed from a normal DOS format, a DOS copier (such as COPYA) can not find the sectors on a track and can not copy the disk (this is a VERY common copy protection scheme). The ending bytes are merely double checks on a sector, as DOS knows how much data it should read for the sector. You can easily copy a disk with modified epilogue bytes by defeating the ending (epilogue) byte check routine in DOS and copying the disk with COPYA. Hence if we put an ' 1866 '" at locations $\$ B 925$ and $\$$ B988, this defeats the ending (epilogue) byte checks and we can copy the DOS tracks on Stickers. The Senior PROM has an option to do this automatically, and using its copy program I could easily copy tracks $\$ 00-02$.

Unfortunately, the rest of the disk (tracks $\$ 03-22$ ) have modified beginning (prologue) bytes, so we have to actually know what these prologue bytes are to copy the disk to a normal DOS 3.3 format. I used the nibble read option in the Senior PROM to examine track $\$ 03$, and determined the address prologue bytes were changed from $D 5 A A 96$ to $B B A A 96$. Using the Senior PROMs "Alter Prolog Bytes" and the Copy option (Super IOB would also work), I could easily convert tracks \$03-22 to a normal DOS 3.3 format. Except for track \$0A.

A nibble read of track \$0A using the Senior PROM sector editor gave the indication that this track was a nibble count track, or in some other way connected with the copy protection. It was easy to identify this track as copy protection related. First, it was in a different format than all the other tracks, and it was void of any data. This was easy to tell from the hi-res picture the Senior PROM nibble read provided on track $\$ 0 \mathrm{~A}$ : The hi-res screen was almost completely white. This indicates the track contained mostly \$FF's, which means it was empty. Obviously, there was no data on this track, so there was nothing to copy to our normal DOS copy of Stickers.

After converting the disk to COPYA format, I sector editted track $\$ 00$, sector $\$ 03$, bytes $\$ 25-26$ and bytes $\$ 88-89$ to 1860 on the copy. This is the same thing as described above by putting an 1860 at locations \$B925 and $\$ 3988$, but doing it permanently to DOS. I then
tried to boot the copy. Immediately after loading DOS, both Stickers and Rainbow Painter went to track \$OA to verify its format. If the check failed, memory is cleared and the BASIC prompt appears.

The way to remove this protection is to copy normal DOS 3.3 onto tracks $\$$ ©D-©2 of the copies. It turns out the DOS used by Stickers and Rainbow Painter is identical to normal DOS 3.3 except for the track \$0A disk check routine, and the modified prolog and epilog bytes. Copying normal DOS onto the copy not only defeats the track \$OA check, but also corrects the modified prolog and epilog bytes to a normal DOS format.

The easiest way to copy normal DOS onto the backup copies is to initialize a DOS disk using INIT STICKERS or INIT RAINBOW PAINTER from DOS 3.3, and then convert tracks \$03-09, and \$OB-22 to normal DOS 3.3 format over the initialized disks. This is very easy with the Senior PROM using the "Alter Prolog Bytes" and Copy utilities.

At this point, there is a slight deviation in deprotecting Stickers. The startup program name on the Stickers disk has some control character in it. Because of this, I changed the startup program name on track $\$ 11$, sector $\$ 0 \mathrm{~F}$, byte $\$ 0 \mathrm{E}$ to STICKERS, followed by 16 spaces. Originally it said STICKERS! BY JOE LINHOFF, partially in control characters (that's why the 16 spaces). Since its difficult to type in control characters when INITing the disk, change the startup program name to just STICKERS using a sector editor. Rainbow Painter did not have this protection.

Now the disks will boot, display the title page, and the disk drive will grind and ask for the original disk. Obviously, there is more to deprotecting these programs. Using the Senior PROM, I interrupted the program during the disk grind and viewed the prologue bytes in DOS at location \$B954. The program had changed them to BBAA 96, instead of the normal D5 AA 96.

The next thing I did was to search memory using the Senior PROM for "8D 55 B9", which is a STA \$B955 instruction. This would be the typical instruction to change location \$B955 to the BB AA 96 header. At location $\$ 8161$ in Stickers I found this routine:

| 8161 A9 D5 | LDA \#\$D5 |
| :---: | :---: |
| 8163 A0 ED | LDY \#\$ED |
| 8165 4C 6F 81 | JMP \$816F |
| 8168 A9 BB | LDA \#\$BB |
| 816A AD DE | LDY \#\$DE |
| 816C 4C 6F 81 | JJP \$816F |
| 816F 80 55 B9 | STA \$B955 |
| 8172 8C91 B9 | STY \$B991 |
| 817560 | RTS |

There was also an almost identical routine in Rainbow Painter at location \$9A7A and at $\$ 620 \mathrm{E}$ (though they were not both in memory at the same time).

This routine would swap between the $D 5$ AA 96 and BB AA 96 prologue bytes, and between ED $A A$ and DE AA epilogue bytes. It's easy to defeat this protection by putting NOP's (no instructions) at locations $\$ 816 \mathrm{~F}-8174$ in Stickers, and at \$9A7A-9A7E and \$620E-6217 in Rainbow Painter. Then the prologue bytes would always be the normal D5 AA 96 and the epilogue bytes DE AA. I used the Senior PROM disk search utility to find this code on the Stickers disk (the same code was found in two places) and put the NOP instructions (the EA's) at track $\$ 1 \mathrm{~F}$, sector \$0B, bytes \$73-78, and on track \$1E, sector \$0B, bytes \$92-97. On the Rainbow Painter disk, the NOP's go at track $\$ 07$, sector \$0D, bytes $\$ 92-9 \mathrm{~B}$, and at track $\$ 07$, sector $\$ 04$, bytes $\$ 7 \mathrm{E}-83$.

At this point the Rainbow Painter disk would boot fine and ran perfectly. It was completely deprotected.

Something interesting about this routine in Stickers: If you did not specify the correct address ( $\$ 8161$ ) to disassemble at in the Monitor (using the "L" command), the code looked like garbage (i.e. " 8150 L " would make the code at $\$ 8161$ look like garbage). This memory protection technique is called "false disassembly', and is meant to make it difficult to find code for a random looker. Since we found the code in a sane, orthodox manner (instead of just trying to stumbling upon it), this protection technique proved worthless.

However, on the Stickers disk the disk drive grinding noises were gone, but the program still asked for the original Stickers disk. Obviously there was some more secondary protection. Returning to the code at $\$ 8161$ provided the answer. Some instructions earlier at location $\$ 813 \mathrm{~F}$ was the actual routine that did the disk check. Here is the code:

| 813F 201081 | JSR \$811D |
| :---: | :---: |
| 8142 B0 ¢F | BCS $\$ 8153$ |
| 8144 AD 00 | LDY \#S00 |
| 8146 B9 900 0 | LDA \$9B90, Y |
| 8149 FO 0 A | BEQ \$8155 |
| 814B D9 1B9B | CMP \$9B1B, Y |
| 814E D0 03 | BNE \$8153 |
| 8150 C8 | INY |
| 8151 D9 F3 | BNE \$8153 |
| 815338 | SEC |
| 815460 | RTS |
| 815518 | CLC |
| 815660 | RTS |

This routine did the disk check using BBAA 96 as the prologue bytes (JSR \$811D), and if an error occurred, branched to $\$ 8153$ which set the carry bit and returned to the calling routine. The carry bit is used as a flag here to signal an error. If it is set, an error occurred; if it was clear all went correctly. At location $\$ 8144$, memory at $\$ \mathrm{~B} 90$ is compared to $\$ 9 \mathrm{~B} 1 \mathrm{~B}$, and if not the same, the carry bit is set and the routine exited.

To defeat this code, change location $\$ 8153$ from 38 (set the carry), to 18 (clear the carry). This way the carry bit is always clear no matter if the disk checks, or if memory does not compare. This code was on track $\$ 1 \mathrm{~F}$, sector \$0B, byte $\$ 57$, and track $\$ 1 \mathrm{E}$, sector \$0B, byte \$25.

This completely removed the copy protection from Stickers.

## In cookbook fashion

1 Boot your DOS 3.3 System Master (or a fast DOS like Diversi-DOS) and insert a blank disk in the drive.

## IIIT STICEERS <br> for Stickers <br> INIT RAINBOW PAINTER for Rainbow Painter

2 Insert a DOS 3.3 System Master disk and run COPYA.

## RUN COPYA

3 Stop the program at the SLOT prompt.

## $\square$

4 Enter the monitor and tell COPYA to only copy tracks \$03-22.

## CALL-151

2B0:A9 02 8D D1 02 8D D2 0260
2DC:20 B0 02 A9 FY
2E6:78
3A1:18
8925:18 60
B988:18 60
3DCG
Note: the $\$ 02$ entered above at location $\$ 2 \mathrm{~B} 1$ is the starting track of $\$ 03$ minus one that COPYA will start copying at.
5 Change COPYA to read the Stickers disk and write in normal DOS format.
DEL, 10,70
DEI 246,250
197 POEE 47445,187
258 POKE 47445,213
RUN
Copy the original Stickers or Rainbow Painter disk to the initialized disk from step 1. Note: on track $\$ 0 A$, the drive will grind 32 times (twice for each of the 16 sectors). Ignore this.
7 Reboot normal DOS. Use your favorite sector editor to make the following changes to the copy.

## Stickers

| Trk Sct | Byte(s) | From | To |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$1F \$0B |  | $\begin{aligned} & 8 D 55 \text { B9 8C } 91 \\ & \text { B9 } \end{aligned}$ | EA EA EA EA EA EA |
|  | \$57 | 38 | 18 |
| \$1E \$0B | 92 | 8055 B9 8C 91 |  |


|  | B9 | EAEAEAEAEA EA |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$25 | 38 | 18 |
| \$11 \$0F \$0E | see note | see note |

Note: You also need to change the hello file name on track $\$ 11$, sector $\$ 0 \mathrm{~F}$, byte $\$ 0 \mathrm{E}$ from "STICKERS! BY JOELINHOFF" to "STICKERS" (followed by 16 spaces).

## Rainbow Painter

| Trk Sct Byte | From | To |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$07 \$00 \$92 | A9 DE 8091 B9 A9 BB 8055 B9 | ea ea ea ea ea ea Ea Ea Ea Ea |
| \$07 \$04 \$7E | $\begin{aligned} & 8055 \mathrm{B9} 8 \mathrm{C} 91 \\ & 89 \end{aligned}$ | ea ea ea ea ea EA |

Don't forget to write the changed sectors out to your now unprotected copy. You're all done!

## Peter J. Wall

## Output Graphics Grabber and Print Shop files via your word processor

The Managing Editor's contributions to COMPUTIST have impressed me since I first took the magazine (around Super IOB ver. 1.D days). Graphics Grabber seemed another great utility. Who doesn't need a little block of graphics to dress up a video output now and again? Then I thought, "How nice to be able to output the same graphics block imbedded in the text of my word processor files'. A little graph here and there, or maybe a letter head logo? So, I looked at the way the G.G. stored the graphics on file and the way my Epson printer printed in the "bit image mode" and, after a couple of weeks spare time (!) work, devised a combination of a machine code and Applesoft programs that did the job.

I was led then to make the program more general. Mainly because half way through the project I acquired a new Epson \#8133 interface card which presented an easy "fix" and it seemed to be cheating to not try for a general solution. Especially as, by that time, I had learned a little about the problem. This \#8133 card allows for hex values to be output as their ASCII representation. That is a byte of the value of decimal 11 is output when " 0 B " is encounted after the appropriate control code.

In our day to day business we use half a dozen different brands of printer, so I reasoned I could apply the general solution to suit them (and their specialized interfaces) in one "blow". The problem proved more difficult than I first imagined.

First, I should reiterate (for those like me who forgot soon after reading the manual) how a dot matrix printer works in the bit image mode. Each dot is printed by one of nine "wires" which are vertically aligned. Eight of these wires are "fired" by a "true" bit (logical " 1 ") in a byte sent while in the bit image mode. An equivalent of nine "vertical" bits advance leaves the characters separated by the normal "line separator" blank bit.

A sequence of these bytes taken from a DOS text file, converted from horizontal to vertical format and sent to the printer while keeping the line advance to only 8 bits should give a contiguous representation of the HIRES graphics screen.

My Zardax word processor (like Applesoft) handles text files with the MSB (most significant bit) set and strips it off when sending them to the printer. This allows (for example) $\$ 00$ to be stored in a text file on disk (as $\$ 80$ ). If $\$ 00$ was stored on the disk directly it would be interpreted as the End Of File (EOF) marker.

For this reason I was forced to print only 7 bits vertically on each horizontal pass. However ctrl-I and ctrl-Q are "snaffeled" by the interface card for its own use and therefore never get to the printer. Both these values (\$09 and \$11) have the LSB set. So I reasoned that if I set the LSB (least significant bit) to zero and kept the line advance to 6 "wire" equivalents I could still do the job.

This "more or less" works, except that the first and last bytes in each line are altered. I suspect by the "line feed" "C/R'" combination at the line end. At this stage it didn't much matter as I could try fewer vertical bits via my "general" approach to the problem. To cut the long story short it works out that 4 bits deep is the value which works best on my combination of printer and word processor. This is of course without resorting to the \#8133 interface code which allows one to activate all 8 of the printer "wires" on each pass.

HTALVERT and ZDGRAF are the programs which resulted from my efforts. These programs together output a Print Shop/Graphics Grabber graphics block to my Epson RX80 printer.

I have made provision for users to substitute their own specialised output routine at LINE 1000 or substitute the \#8133 Interface routine starting at 4000 . This routine needs the code at 5000 to load a "lookup" table at the end of the program and then "hide" it by setting the program end to a higher value in memory. In future runs the the program checks if this table is installed and jumps past this code if it is. This is all done with a view to make the program run faster, as the table cuts out the need for a great deal of calculation.

The machine code program works by analyzing the sequence of horizontal bytes which make up one line of lit and unlit pixels
on the HIRES screen and on a series of "passes" across the screen (as it is in memory) converts these horizontal bytes to a series of vertical bytes which can then be used to "fire" the dot matrix printer wires.

The "ZDGRAF" \& "HTALVERT" programs are (I hope) written in a format which allows them to be modified to handle wider and deeper HIRES screen displays. That is, beyond the Print Shop HIRES "block" which is 11 bytes wide by 52 lines deep.

After writing these programs and the first part of this article, I thought I could send it to COMPUTIST via electronic mail, complete with checksums for both the Applesoft and machine code programs.

Zardax (my word processor) uses a program called Zipcom to output text files to a modem. How much better for this purpose (i.e. electronic mailing) if Robb Cranfield's Checksoft and Checkbin output their data to file rather than to the printer. In this way I could save myself the bother and probable transcription errors involved in typing them into a w/p file. Sending a floppy from Australia seems a bit archaic in these days of Dailcom and the Source. Maybe I didn't read COMPUTIST properly and the "EMAIL" Number is there somewhere or maybe the RDEX editor will take advantage of the new technology and provide an electronic 'Mailbox" so that authors for the magazine can rapidly and easily send in their copy.

In any event, I feel that COMPUTIST is the best Apple magazine on the market. I hope that this contribution is a positive response to keep the magazine buoyant.

| ZDGRAF |
| :---: |
| 160 REM ZDGRAF COPYR IGHT P.J. WALL $05 / 67 / 86$ |
| 170 REM |
| 180 REM THIS PROGRAM CONVERTS |
| 190 REM PRINT SHOP 88X52 PIXEL |
| 200 REM PICTURES TO TEXT FILES |
| 210 REM FOR ZARDAX OUTPUT TO |
| 220 REM EPSON PRINTERS USING |
| 230 REM BIT IMAGE MODE |
| 300 CLEAR |
| 310 REM GOSUB 5000:REMLOAD MODULE FOR EPSON \#8133 PARALLEL INTERFACE |
| $320 \mathrm{DA}=8963$ : REM $\$ 2303 \mathrm{M} / \mathrm{C}$ DATA BLOCK) |
| $\begin{aligned} & 330 \text { DEF FN } C(X)=\text { INT }(\text { ABS }(X)-\text { INT }(\text { ABS }(X / \\ & 256)) * \text { ABS }(256)+.05) * \operatorname{SGN}(X / 256): \\ & \text { REM } X \text { MOD } 256 \end{aligned}$ |
|  LINE?" |
| 350 HOME : VTAB 11: GOSUB 2000: PRINT : INPUT BITS |
| 360 IF BITS < 1 OR BITS > 8 THEN PRINT CHRS (7): GOTO 350 |
| 370 BH $=52$ : REM PICTURE DEPTH IN BYTES |
| $380 \mathrm{BITS}=\operatorname{INT}(\mathrm{BITS}): \mathrm{BJ}=\operatorname{INT}(\mathrm{ABS}(\mathrm{BH})-\operatorname{INT}$ <br> $(\operatorname{ABS}(B H / B I)) * A B S(B I)+.05) * S G N$ |

(BH / BI): REM BH MOD BI
$390 \mathrm{BL}=\mathrm{BI}-\mathrm{BJ}$
400 IF BJ $=\varnothing$ THEN MASK $=255:$ BK $=\operatorname{INT}($ BH $/ B I)$ : GOTO 42ø
$410 \mathrm{BK}=\mid \mathrm{NT}(\mathrm{BH} / \mathrm{BI})+1:$ FORI $=1 \mathrm{TO}-\mathrm{BL}-(\mathrm{BI}$ < 7) : MASK = MA + 2^ ( $8-1)$ : NEXT I: REM GET MASK BYTE
$420 \mathrm{LE}=\mathrm{BK} * 88$ : REM LE NGTH
430 LLO = FN C(LE): REM LENGTH MOD 256
$440 \mathrm{LHI}=\operatorname{INT}((\mathrm{LE}-\mathrm{LLO}) / 256)$
450 D $\$=$ CHR\$ (4) : PRINT D $\$$ "BLOAD ${ }^{8}$ HTALVERT"
460 POKE DA, BITS: POKE DA $+1,11$ : POKE DA + 2, (BITS -1) * 11: POKE DA + 3,LLO: POKE DA +4 , LHI : POKE DA +5 , MASK

480 A2S $=$ "PRINT ${ }^{2}$ SHOP ${ }^{2}$ GRAPHIC"
490 A3 $=$ "YOU ${ }^{\text {W }}$ WISH ${ }^{4}$ TO ${ }^{\circ}$ LOAD ${ }^{4}$ FROM ${ }^{\text {d DISK" }}$
500 HOME : VTAB 11 : A0S = A1S: GOSUB 2000: PRINT :AOS = A2\$: GOSUB 2900: PRINT:AO\$ = A3\$: GOSUB 2000: PRINT
510 HTAB 10: INPUT FI\$
 530 A $2 \$=F 1 \$$
54@ A3 $\$=$ " $\mid S^{\wedge}$ THIS $S^{\text {C CORRECT }}$ ?"
550 HOME : VTAB 11 : A06 = A1\$ : GOSUB 2000: PRINT :AO\$ = A2\$: GOSUB 2000: PRINT :AD\$ = A3\$: GOSUB 2000: PRINT
560 HTAB 10: GET A\$
570 IF A\$ < > "Y" THEN GOTO 470
580 PRINT : PRINT D\$ "BLOAD" FI\$ ",A\$2000"
590 HOME : VTAB 11: INVERSE :AOS = "PLEASE WMAIT" : GOSUB 2900: FLASH: ADS = "CALCULATION ${ }^{4} \mathrm{~N}^{4}$ PROGRESS" : GOSUB 2000: NORMAL
600 CALL 8960: REM $\$ 2300$
610 GOSUB 1000: REM GOSUB 4000 IFUSING THE \#8133 INTERFACE
620 END
$1000 \mathrm{~T}=\mathrm{LE}: T 2=9471: \mathrm{T} 3=88: \mathrm{T} 4=3 * \mathrm{~B} \mid \mathrm{TS}$
1010 REM T4 $=3 *$ BITS/216 SETS L/F EQUAL TO BITS DEPTH T2 $=\$ 24 F F$ T1 $=$ LENGTH
1020 HOME : VTAB 11
 GOSUB 2000:AOS = "THEAP.S. ${ }^{4}$ REDUCED ${ }^{4}$ FORM ${ }^{2}$ Y/N? ${ }^{\text {a }}$ : GOSUB 2000
1040 GET A\$: IF A\$ < > "Y" GOTO 1060
$1050 \mathrm{KL}=76$ : GOTO 1070
$1060 \mathrm{KL}=75$
1070 A4 $\$=$ CHRS (27) $+3 "+$ CHR $\$(T 4):$ A5 $\$=$ CHR $\$$ (27) + "@"
 BEFORE ${ }^{4}$ THE ${ }^{\text {a }}$ PIC?" : GOSUB 2000: GET A\$: IF A\$ < > "Y" THEN GOTO 1100
1090 A0S = "HOW ${ }^{2}$ MANY ${ }^{4}$ SPACES?" : GOSUB 2000: INPUT SP: IF SP < 0 OR SP > 255 THEN PRINT CHRS (7): GOTO 1080
1100 HOME : VTAB 11:A1S = "NOW ${ }^{\text {S }}$ SAVINGA ${ }^{\text {FILE }}$ AS" :A2\$ = FI\$ + "." + STR\$ (BITS) + "ZD"
1110 IF KL $=76$ THEN A2 $\$=F 1 \$+{ }^{n} .{ }^{\prime}+$ STR $\$(B \mid T S)$ + "ZDR"
1120 A0§ $=$ A1 \$ : GOSUB 2000
1130 A0 $\$$ = A $2 \$$ : GOSUB 2000
1140 PRINT D\$ "OPEN" A2\$
1150 PRINT D\$ "WRITE" A2 \$
1160 PRINT A4\$

1170 GOSUB 3000
1180 FOR $11=1$ T0 T1
1190 ZP $=$ PEEK $(\mathrm{T} 2+11)$
1200 PRINT CHRS (ZP);
$1210 \mathrm{CO}=\mathrm{CO}+1$ : $\mathrm{IF} \mathrm{CO}=\mathrm{T} 3$ AND $11<>\mathrm{T} 1$ THEN CO = Ø: GOTO 1230
1220 GOTO 1240
1230 PRINT : GOSUB 3000
1240 NEXT 11
1250 PRINT
1260 PRINT A5\$
1270 PRINT DS "CLOSE" A2\$
1280 RETURN
2000 HTAB (40-LEN (A0\$)) / 2: PRINT A0S
2010 RETURN
3000 PRINTSPC(SP) CHR\$ (27) CHR\$ (KL) CHR\$ (88) CHR\$ ( $($ ) ;
3010 RETURN
4000 A3 $\$=$ CHRS ( 9 ) + " $124>":$ A7\$ $=" 184 B 58060$ $: \mathrm{Tl}=616: \mathrm{T} 2=9471: \mathrm{T} 3=88$
4010 HOME : VTAB 11
 GOSUB 710:AOS = "THE ${ }^{\wedge}$ P.S. ${ }^{4}$ REDUCED ${ }^{4}$ FORM ${ }^{\wedge}$ Y/N? ${ }^{\text {A }}$ : GOSUB 710
4030 GET AS: IFAS < > "Y" GOTO 4050
4040 A7\$ = "1B4C5806"
4050 A4\$ = CHR\$ (27) + " 3 " + CHR $\$(24$ ) : A5 $\$=$ CHR $\$$ (27) + "(1)"

4060 A6 $\$=" 20202020202020202020202020202020$ $20202020202020202020202020202020^{\circ}$
4070 HOME : VTAB 11:A1\$ = "NOW SAVING ${ }^{4}$ FILE ${ }^{2}$ AS" $^{\circ}$ $: A 2 \$=F 1 \$+" . Z D^{\prime \prime}$
4080 IF A7 $\$=$ " 1 B4C5800" THEN A2 $\$=F 1 \$+{ }^{"} .2 D R "$
4090 AD $\$$ = A1 $\$$ : GOSUB 710
4100 A0S = A2 $\$$ : GOSUB 710
4119 PRINT D $\$$ "OPEN" A2\$
412ø PRINT D\$ "WRITE" A2\$
4130 PRINT A4S
4140 PRINT A3 $\$$;A6\$;A7\$;
4150 FOR II = 1 TO T1
$4160 \mathrm{ZP}=\operatorname{PEEK}(\mathrm{T} 2+11)$
$4170 \mathrm{Cl}=$ PEEK $(\mathrm{D} 1+\mathrm{ZP} * 2):$ C2 $=$ PEEK ( $\mathrm{D} 1+\mathrm{ZP}$ * $2+1$ )

4180 PRINT CHRS (C2) CHR $\$$ (C1);
$4190 \mathrm{CO}=\mathrm{CO}+1$ : IF $\mathrm{CO}=\mathrm{T} 3$ AND $11<>\mathrm{Tl}$ THEN CO $=9:$ PRINT: PRINT A3\$;A6\$;A7\$;
4200 NEXT 11
4210 PRINT
4220 PRINT A5 $\$$
4230 PRINT D\$ "CLOSE" A2 \$
4240 RETURN
5006 NE $=$ PEEK (175) $+256 *$ PEEK (176) -10
5010 FOR $11=\emptyset$ TO9: $12=12+$ PEEK (NE +11 ) : NEXT 11
5020 IF $12=690$ THEN GOTO 5140
5030 REM LINES 5040 TO 5149 LOAD LOOKUP TABLE AND RESET PROGRAM END
5040 LOMEM: PEEK (175) + 256 * PEEK (176) +1 $+512$
5050 ND $=$ PEEK (175) $+256 *$ PEEK (176) +1
5060 FOR I1 $=0$ TO 15: FOR $12=0$ TO 15: IF $12<10$ THEN POKE ND $+12 * 2+11 * 32,12+48$ : GOTO 5080
5070 POKE ND $+12 * 2+11 * 32,12+55$


5080 IF I $1<10$ THEN POKE ND $+12 * 2+1+11 *$ 32, 11 + 48: GOTO 5100
5090 POKE ND $+12 * 2+1+11 * 32,11+55$
5100 NEXT 12: NEXT I1
5110 POKE 175, PEEK (175) + 1 : POKE 176, PEEK (176) +2

5120 REM
5130 D1 $=$ PEEK (175) +256 * PEEK (176) -512 5140 RETURN

| Checksums |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 160 | - \$12DC | 1160 | - \$74AF |
| 170 | - \$263A | 1170 | - \$6072 |
| $18 \emptyset$ | - \$8021 | 1180 | - \$2BFD |
| 190 | - \$EF38 | 1190 | - \$B88F |
| 200 | - \$320E | 1200 | - \$A96E |
| 210 | - \$5CF2 | 1210 | - \$F85C |
| 220 | - \$18C7 | 1220 | - \$5Bø日 |
| 230 | - \$3190 | 1230 | - \$F18E |
| 300 | - \$5744 | 1240 | - \$694D |
| 310 | - \$842C | 1250 | - \$093B |
| 320 | - \$5A1E | 1260 | - \$353E |
| 330 | - \$922B | 1270 | - \$0E5C |
| 340 | - \$DA5Ø | 1280 | - \$E5D3 |
| 350 | - \$0085 | 2000 | - \$55E4 |
| 360 | - \$A1F2 | 2010 | - \$084F |
| 379 | - \$1F73 | 3000 | - \$0254 |
| 380 | - \$ CCD 2 | 3010 | - \$BE14 |
| 390 | - \$1BCB | 4000 | - \$B81C |
| 400 | - \$488F | 4010 | - \$5035 |
| 410 | - \$3C61 | 4020 | - \$282E |
| 420 | - \$42E9 | 4030 | - \$ACA1 |
| 430 | - \$3103 | 4040 | - \$9372 |
| 440 | - \$øCBD | 4050 | -\$0957 |
| 450 | - \$6729 | 4060 | - \$9F8B |
| 460 | - \$15DF | 4070 | - \$092D |
| 470 | - \$C34A | 4080 | - \$352B |
| 480 | - \$4D19 | 4090 | - \$214F |
| 490 | - \$181B | 4100 | - \$4825 |
| 500 | - \$AE6F | 4110 | - \$D4E9 |
| 510 | - \$620A | 4120 | - \$E95A |
| 520 | - \$F4BF | 4130 | - \$B6A6 |
| 530 | - \$3AB3 | 4140 | - \$D940 |
| 540 | - \$4F2F | 4150 | - \$C71D |
| 550 | - \$A9EE | 4160 | - \$C43C |
| 560 | - \$509F | 4170 | - \$E49F |
| 570 | - \$8388 | 4180 | - \$E7E9 |
| 580 | - \$59FC | 4190 | - \$DFCC |
| 590 | - \$28E3 | 4200 | - \$ADC3 |
| 600 | - \$67BD | 4210 | - \$FD8F |
| 610 | - \$79E8 | 4220 | - \$F56ø |
| 620 | - \$B5E1 | 4230 | - \$5AøC |
| 1000 | - \$A4F9 | 4240 | - \$350A |
| 1010 | - \$4081 | 5000 | - \$7CF7 |
| 1020 | - \$384ø | 5010 | - \$9537 |
| 1030 | - \$403B | 5020 | - \$2350 |
| 1040 | - \$2355 | 5030 | - \$9DDA |
| 1050 | - \$E8E2 | 5040 | - \$C25F |
| 1060 | - \$C1A6 | 5050 | - \$F6DE |
| 1070 | - \$985B | 5060 | - \$9AAF |
| 1080 | - \$2300 | 5070 | - \$A2A4 |
| 1090 | - \$4C6D | 5080 | - \$ACC5 |
| 1100 | - \$4DDA | 5090 | - \$1029 |

$\left.\begin{array}{lll}1110 & -\$ 4 F 8 D & 5100\end{array}\right)$ \$4EDA
HTALVERT
2300: 18900607 øB 42 C0 ø2 $\$ 6 F 03$
23ø8: Fø AD $032385 \emptyset 1$ AD $\emptyset 4$ \$7D25

2310: 238502 AD $05238503 \quad \$ 3126$
2318: $85 \emptyset 6$ A9 208507 A9 $00 \quad$ \$EC38
232ø: 85 EB 18 6D 062385 4B \$5B5F
2328: A9 25 85 EC 6D 972385 \$CBE8
2330: 4C A5 4B 38 E9 5885 ØA \$4DD2
2338: A5 4C E9 00 85 @B AD 08 \$F2B7
2340: 238504 A5 0285 ED A9 $\$ 1499$
2348: 0885 פ9 A 00 C6 09 A5 $\$$ АСВØ
2350: $\emptyset 638$ E5 9385 06 A5 97 \$3DFC
2358: E9 00 8507 A5 01 AA A9 $\$ 3562$
2360: $0085088 \mathrm{AC5} 01 \mathrm{FD} 0 \mathrm{D}$ \$48EA
2368: A5 $\emptyset 61865$ Ø2 8506 A5 $\$ 6 \mathrm{D} 36$
2370: $67690085070608 \mathrm{B1} \quad \$ 84 \mathrm{~F} 1$
2378: $\emptyset 618$ 2A 91 Ø6 A5 0869 \$EØBB
2380: 008508 CA D0 DD A9 06 \$221C
2388: C5 Ø1 30 02 Ø6 08 A5 EB $\$$ C756
2390: 38 E5 ØA A5 EC E5 ØB 30 \$6645
2398: 06 A5 08250485 Ø8 A5 \$1FFD
23AØ: Ø8 91 EB E6 EB A9 Ø0 C5 \$E21E
23A8: EB D0 02 E6 EC A5 EC C5 \$4ØCC
23BØ: 4C D Ø 0 A5 EB C5 4B D $\emptyset$ \$ED1A
23B8: 0460189090 A5 $09 \mathrm{D} 0 \quad \$ 38 \mathrm{C} 3$
23C0: 8C C6 ED F0 11 E6 06 A9 \$C429
23C8: 00 C5 06 D 00 E 607 A9 $\$ 5 \mathrm{FD} 3$
23D9: 0885091890 E4 A9 $08 \quad \$ 7255$
23D8: 8509 A5 $\emptyset 285$ ED A5 $06 \quad \$ 5 A 89$ 23EØ: E6 $931865 \emptyset 385$ Ø6 A5 \$F7F1 23E8: $0769008507 \mathrm{C6} 0318 \quad \$ 0439$
23F0: 90 C8 $\$ 4645$


Softkey for...

| Let's Go Fishing |
| :--- |
| Panda Learning Systems |

- Requirements
$\square$ Several blank disks
$\square$ Sector editor
$\square$ Copier that can be set to copy only a range of tracks.

Let's Go Fishing is an early-education program that can be used to teach counting skills and number recognition to pre-schoolers. It is also heavily copy-protected, allowing the possibility of the sudden loss of the program to peanut butter, jelly, or just about any other
re-programming tool used by a young child.
The DOS on the disk has been modified from DOS 3.3, and there is a binary file named HELLO3 which constitutes much of the protection. After trying unsuccessfully to make a bit copy, analyzing tracks for hidden marks (there are FE bytes between sectors, which seem to be part of the protection), and trying to load and rewrite the HELLO3 file, I happened upon a fairly simple way to unprotect the disk.

To use this method, you will need a pair of blank disks, as well as your original "Let's Go Fishing'.
1 Make a copy of the disk. You can use any fast or bit copier.
2 Use a sector editor to scan the COPY for the bytes $4 C 00$ C6. On my disk, these were located at track $\$ 00$, sector $\$ 0 \mathrm{E}$, byte $\$ 49$. Change all three bytes to $E A$ and write the changes back to the COPY. This disables most of the re-booting that might otherwise take place, and allows a ORESET to interrupt the boot.
3 Boot the COPY you just changed. It will try to re-boot, so interrupt the re-boot with ORESET, and drop into BASIC. We will use the DOS from this disk to initialize a blank disk, after making one change.

4 Now that you have the BASIC prompt " $[$ ", change the DOS so that it will try to "RUN" a BASIC program, rather than "BRUN" the binary HELLO3.

## POKE 40514, 6

5 Pull the COPY from the drive, put in a blank disk and initialize it. There is already a HELLO program on the original disk, so this will set up the copied DOS to load and execute this program. The drive should spin for the world's shortest INIT, but you will have moved the DOS image of their DOS to the blank disk.

## INIT HELLO

6 3. This will move all the files, etc. over to your disk, a task that would otherwise be complicated by the fact that they messed up the catalog beyond recognition. In this case, brute force does the trick.

You're done! While this method may be fairly primitive, it can be executed without NMI cards, boot tracing, or other more exotic deprotection tools. Once their DOS has been persuaded to load and execute the Applesoft HELLO program on the disk, the protection afforded by the call to reboot the disk that you took out earlier and the strange binary HELLO3 program is gone. HELLO3 is still there, but it doesn't do anything anymore, and you can put the original away.


Softkey for...
Car Builder

## - Requirements

$\square 64 \mathrm{~K}$ Apple or compatible
$\square$ One Blank Disk
$\square$ DOS 3.3 System Disk
1 Boot your DOS 3.3 system disk. Then enter the monitor and clear some error flags to ignore the unusual formatting on track $\$ 01$, sector \$0F.
CALL - 151
B942:18
B925:18 60
8988:18 60
2 Use COPYA to copy the disk. rus COPYA

3 Make the following edit to the copy.

| Trk Sct Byte(s) From | To |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\$ 02 \$ 09 \$ 07$ | $A 0$ | 60 |

Richard S. Thompson
This is for Tim Furry (COMPUTIST \#56, page 28) that wanted the Hacker requirements.

## Order of locations and requirements

(1) Switzerland: trade money for evidence; buy chronograph and deed to Swiss Chalet.
(2) Egypt: trade chronograph for evidence; buy scarab and statuette of tut.
(3) Greece: trade statuette of tut for evidence; buy nothing.
(4) India: trade scarab for evidence; buy nothing.
(5) New York: trade deed to Swiss Chalet for evidence; buy uncut diamond.
(6) Japan: trade diamond for evidence; buy pearls and camera.
(7) China: trade pearls for evidence; buy jade carving.
(8) Caribbean: trade camera for evidence; buy nothing.
(9) London: trade jade carving for evidence; buy Beatles' album.
(10) San Francisco: trade album for evidence; buy nothing.
(11) Washington, D.C.: give all evidence to secret agent; reap your reward.

## Running out of time

I found three things caused me to run out of time: wrong routing, backtracking and surfacing to avoid satellites, and getting lost.

If you have worked out the requirements for each spy, have mapped your routes properly, and know the satellite passwords, you should have enough time to complete your mission. If you have done all this but are still running out of time, you should look for a shortcut. The best shortcut is a route from China to the Caribbean that actually (to me) looks longer but saves considerable time. Counting each "bleep" as a move, go south 6 from China to Australia. Then work your way around Australia to the lower edge of the map by going east 4 , north 2 , east 4 , south 2 , east 2 , south 2 , east 2 , and south 2 . Then move east 12 to the tip of South America. From there it's north 6 to the Caribbean.

## The ending

The game has a good ending with lots of praise, a newspaper article, and a printout for you. So stick with it and be a hero!

## A.P.T. for...

> Leisure Suit Larry in the Land of the Lounge Lizards (IIe, IIc) Sierra On-Line

To get more money, start a game and save it to the "A" position on your game data disk. Then boot a sector editor, and put your data disk in the drive. Read track $\$ 00$, sector $\$ 02$, byte \$E4 and change it to FF. This will give you \$255 dollars.

## Put 2400 A.D. on $31 / 2^{n}$ disks

## - Requirements

Deprotected 2400 A.D.$\square$ Unidisk $31 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ or Apple $31 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ disk drive.
$\square$ Copy II Plus v8.x (or any ProDOS file copier)

1 1
First format a $31 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ disk and create a subdirectory named "GAMES".
2 Copy all of side one of 2400 A.D. except the ProDOS file into the subdirectory. Go and rearrange your sock drawer, this will take awhile.
3 Copy all of the back side of 2400 A.D. into the main directory. Go and watch some paint dry.
4 Rename main volume to "/PLYR".

5 Copy PRODOS and BASIC. SYSTEM into the main directory.
6 Use your sector editor to search for "GAME" and change it to "GAMES". (The " $G$ "' in GAMES does go over the " $/$ '".)
7 Boot the disk, which will leave you in BASIC. Enter and save startup program.

## 1 PRINT CHR(4) "PREFLXGAMES" : PRINT <br> CERS(4) ".MI.SYSTEA" <br> SAVE STARTUP

8 Reboot the disk, this should get you to the game. The saved character information is in the file named "PLR.DATA".

## A few thoughts...

This is THE best magazine for the Apple II land. I love the new layout so much more that the older one. Please, to all you COMPUTIST readers, support this EXCELLENT source of information. Keep up the good work. I would like to thank Gerald E. Myers for an excellent article on "The Deprotection Game'". Bravo! Also thanks go to Thomas V. Rapheld for help with Bard's Tale III, now if only someone would write an editor for it and send it to COMPUTIST.
(7) Is there anyone one out there that has information about Bard's Tale II? I would like to know where the characters are and the information within the sector(s) they reside on.
(7) Does anyone know of a good bit copier for the UniDisk 3.5 on an Apple IIc? Copy II Plus v8.x $31 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ bit copy does NOT work on the UniDisk. I am in desperate need of a copier that will "ignore errors" on the UniDisk.

## Brandon LaCava

Playing Tips for...

## Untima V <br> Origin

I'd like to start out by saying that Ultima $V$ is one of those games where you can't win unless you get help and hints from other people.

| Potion |  |
| ---: | :--- |
| Effect |  |
| Blue | Awakens Sleeper |
| Yellow | Heals Character's Hit Points |
| Red | Cures Poisoned Character |
| Grange | Poison |
| Purple | Shanges Petion |
| Black | Invisibility to a Rat |
| White | X-Ray |

Scrolls (in order if you own them all)

| \# | property |
| ---: | :--- |
| vl | Great Light |
| rh | Wind Change |
| is | Protection |
| ia | Negate Magic |
| iqw | View |
| kxc | Summon Demon (will fight for you) |
| imc | Resurrect |
| at | Negate Time (useful against shadowlords) |

- To get the wooden box, go to Lord British's private chamber at 12:45 PM and play the following notes on the harpsichord: 678987876 7653.
- Try 're-living' the tale in the lore.
- The Shadowlord's names are:

Asteroth Shadowlord of Hatred Nosfentor Shadowlord of Cowardice
Faulinei Shadowlord of Falsehood

- The Shadowlords can only be attacked with the glass sword.
- When in Blackthorn's castle, wear the black badge.
- Get the magic carpet out of Lord British's private chamber.
- If you cheat (sector edited your char disk), don't hole up and camp outside. An apparition will appear and reduce all your abilities. Sleep in a bed.
- If you cheat, you won't get one of the spells. It's a sixth circle spell named 'Rel Xen Bet'. It lets you change your foes into rats. The reagents are: silk, sulfric ash, mandrake, and nightshade.
- Try making your own spells. It's possible.
- You can find the sceptre in a keep not too far south of Minoc.
- Try yelling "FLIPFLOP".
- Find a moongate (not hard) and wait for it to go away. Then, go to a square right next to it and ' $S$ 'earch the square where the moongate was. You will find a strange stone. Actually, this stone IS the moongate. To use it, just go to a grass square and 'U'se the stone. Wait until the moon phase is right for the moongate and the moongate will appear where you put the stone. From then on out, that moongate will appear wherever you put the stone.
- To exit the underworld quickly, just cast a
"GATE" spell (Vas Rel Por).
- Ask for item number 4 at a thieves guild.
- The sextant can only be used at night.
- Learn of the stars. They can help a lot.
- Mantras:

| Compassion | MU |
| ---: | :--- |
| Honesty | AHM |
| Honor | SUMM |
| Humility | LUM |
| Justice | BEH |
| Sacrifice | CAH |

## Spirituality OM <br> Valor RA

- To get to the shrine of Spirituality (the only one intact at the start of the game), just enter ANY moongate at midnight (12:02 or 11:59 or something close like that will work).
- Another important part of the game is the shrines and dungeons. You must seal all of the dungeons and restore all of the shrines. To do this, you stand in front of a dungeon and (Y)ell the appropriate Word of Power. You then go to the shrine that's name is opposite of the dungeon (shrine of Justice for the dungeon of Wrong, etc...) and yell the Word of Power. You then meditate on the virtue of that shrine for three periods. The shrine should then be restored.

| Word of Power | Dungeon | Shrine |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Malum | Wrong | Justice |
| Avidus | Covetous | Sacrifice |
| Fallax | Deceit | Honesty |
| Insama | Shame | Honor |
| Inopia | Dastard | Valor |
| Ignavus | Hythloth | Humility |
| Vilis | Despise | Compassion |

Have Fun!!!
Here's another BBS for you to call.
Infinity's Edge IIgs
2400 baud
60 megs online
Use ProTERM Special Emulation
(415) $820-9401$

Bob Igo

## Editor Creator

In the past, I have gone through the tedious tasks of either booting up a sector-editor to make byte changes manually or making editor programs from scratch for games like Seadragon, Rescue Raiders, Sword of Kadash, etc. This is why I developed Editor Creator (EC).

Using this program, you need only enter the edits you wish to make, name them, verify them as on/off or number values, and give the name of the game you are editing. Then, sit back and watch the drive spin. After it has stopped, it will have made an EXECutable textfile as does Controller Writer. Clear BASIC memory and type "EXEC (filename)". This writes a BASIC editor program. Save the BASIC program and you may then delete the textfile.

It uses DOS Utility from COMPUTIST \#54, pg. 9 (thanks, Keith!), so everybody should have it or be able to back-order it.

## A few notes about EC

The program asks how many aspects of the game you will be changing. An aspect is something like unlimited bullets, disable enemy tanks, and stuff like that.

When asked how many sector-edits are needed for an aspect, you must enter the total number of byte changes that pertain to the aspect. To make it easier for many byte changes on the same sector, default values are given. Press <CR> to accept them, or you may enter your own values.

If you like this program, let me know. I am considering making a generic editor program for adventure games. If I feel there is a need, I'll try it.

Oh, and for you beginners, please pay no attention to line 610. (Private joke.)

## EDITOR CREATOR

## 100 INVERSE

110 TEXT : HOME : A\$ = "EDITORACREATOR" : $\operatorname{HTAB}$ (40 $-\operatorname{LEN}(A S)) / 2$ : FORL $=1$ TOLEN (A\$) : PRINT MIDS (A\$,L,1); $X=$ PEEK ( -16336 ) : $X=$ PEEK (-16336): NEXT
129VTAB2: HTAB 1: FORL = 1 TO20; PRINT "A" ; : X $=$ PEEK ( -16336 ) : NEXT : POKE 34, 3: HONE
130 NORMAL
140 PRINT "ENTER'ALL" ${ }^{4}$ TRACK, ${ }^{\text {a }}$ SECTOR, ${ }^{4}$ BYTES, ${ }^{\wedge}$ AND ${ }^{\Delta}$ BYTECHANGES ${ }^{A}$ AS $^{A}$ ONE ${ }^{A}$ OR ${ }^{A}$ TWO-BYTE ${ }^{A}$ HEX ${ }^{A}$ NUMBERS. "
 WILL'YOU'BECHANGING" ; : INPUT X $\$: X=$ VAL (X\$): IF X $=9$ THEN CALL - 198: GOTO 150
160 DIM $A(X), \operatorname{NAS}(X), 00(X), \operatorname{TRS}(X, 30), \operatorname{SES}(X$, 30), $\operatorname{BYS}(X, 30)$, $\operatorname{FRS}(X, 30)$, TUS $(X, 30)$

170 FORL $=1$ TO X: HOME
180 VTAB 4: PRINT "HOW MANY ${ }^{2}$ SECTOR-EDITSA ARE* NECESSARY ${ }^{\wedge}$ FOR ${ }^{\wedge}$ ASPECTA \#" L $\mathrm{Z}:$ : INPUT A(L) : IF $A(L)=9$ THEN CALL - 198: GOTO 180
190 FORE $=1$ TOA (L) : PRINT "PRESS'RETURN ${ }^{2}$ ALONE ${ }^{4}$ FORA DEFAULT ${ }^{\top}$ VALUES. " : INVERSE : PRINT "EDIT*\#" E": " NORMAL : PRINT "TRACK: (" ;TRS(L,E-1) ")" ; : HTAB 11: GOSUB 850: IF $X \$=" n \operatorname{THEN} \operatorname{TR} \$(L, E)=\operatorname{TR} \$(L, E-1):$ GOTO 210
200 TR\$ $(\mathrm{L}, \mathrm{E})=\mathrm{X} \$$
210 PRINT "SECTOR: (" $;$ SES (L,E-1) ")" ; : HTAB 12: GOSUB 850: IF X $\$=" "$ THEN SE $(L, E)=$ SES(L, E-1): GOTO 230
220 SE $(L, E)=X \$$
230 PRINT "BYTE: (" ; BYS (L, E-1) ")"; ; HTAB10: GOSUB 850: IF XS $={ }^{n "}$ THEN BY\$ $(L, E)=$ BYS (L,E-1) : GOTO 250
$240 \mathrm{BY} \$(\mathrm{~L}, \mathrm{E})=\mathrm{X} \$$
250 PRINT "FROM: (" ; FRS (L, E-1) ")" ; : HTAB 10 : GOSUB 850: IF $\mathbf{X} \$="$ "THEN FRS(L,E) $=$ FRS(L,E-1): GOTO 270
260 FR $\$(L, E)=X \$$
270 PRINT "TO: (" ; TU\$ (L,E-1)")"; : HTAB 8: GOSUB 850: IF X $\$={ }^{n n}$ THEN TU\$ $(L, E)=$ TUS(L,E-1): GOTO 290

280 TU\$ $(L, E)=X \$$
290 NEXT : PRINT : PRINT "WHAT³ WILL ${ }^{4}$ YOU ${ }^{\text {C CALL }}{ }^{\Delta}$ THISASPECT?" : PRINT " (SUCH ${ }^{\text {A } A S: ~}{ }^{4}$ TOGGLE ${ }^{\text {a }}$ UNLIMITED ${ }^{\wedge}$ BULLETS)" ; INPUT "ANSWER: ${ }^{4}$ ;NA\$(L)
300 PRINT: PRINT "IS ${ }^{\Delta}$ THIS ${ }^{\Delta}$ ASPECT $^{\Delta}(1)^{\Delta}$ ON $^{s} O R^{2}$ OFF, " : PRINT "OR ${ }^{4}(2)^{4} A^{4} N^{2} U M B E R^{2} V A L U E E^{s}$ ?" ; : GET 00\$: PRINT 00\$:00(L) = VAL (00\$): IF $00(\mathrm{~L})<10 R 00(\mathrm{~L})>2$ THEN CALL - 198: GOTO 300
310 NEXT
326 HONE : VTAB 13: HTAB 1 : PRINT "WORKINGONLHEX ${ }^{4}$ CONVERSIONS" ; : FORL = 1 TOX: FORE = 1 TO A(L)
$330 \mathrm{H} \$=\operatorname{TR} \$(\mathrm{~L}, \mathrm{E}): \operatorname{GOSUB} 800: \operatorname{TRS}(\mathrm{L}, \mathrm{E})=\mathrm{D} \$: \mathrm{H} \$=$ SE\$(L,E): GOSUB 800:SE\$(L,E) $=D \$: H \$=$ BY\$(L,E): GOSUB 800:BY\$(L,E) $=D \$: H \$=$ FRS(L,E): GOSUB 800:FR\$(L,E) $=D \$: H \$=$ TU\$ $(L, E)$ : GOSUB 800:TU\$(L,E) $=0 \$$
340 NEXT : PRINT " " ; :CL = PEEK ( -16336 ) :CL = PEEK ( -16336 ) : NEXT
350 REM DOS UTILITY NEEDED (\#54, P.9) _
360 HOME : PRINT "WHAT ${ }^{\Delta}$ WILL ${ }^{\wedge}$ YOU ${ }^{\Delta}$ CALL ${ }^{\wedge}$ THIS ${ }^{\Delta}$ EDITOR" : INPUT NA\$: HOME
376 PRINT CHR\$ (4) "MONICO"
380 PRINT CHR\$ (4) "OPEN" NA\$: PRINT CHR\$ (4) "WRITE" NA\$
390 PRINT "900NERRGOT0390"
4000 \$ $=$ CHR $\$(34)$ : PRINT " 1001 FPEEK ( 768 ) < $>169$ THEN?CHR\$ (4) " Q "BLOADDOSUTILITY" Q\$
410 PRINT "119HOWE:TR=784:SE=789:RW=794:R= $1: W=2:$ POKE $799,0:$ POKE804 , $32: A^{A}$ $=8192$ : $\mathrm{P}=768$ : POKE774, 96 : POKE779, $1^{11}$
420 PRINT "120DIMA(" X "),NA\$(" X "), 0 (" ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ "), $T\left({ }^{\prime} \times\right.$ " 30$), S(" X ", 30), B Y\left(" X ", 30^{\circ}\right.$
 L"),C\$("L")"
430 PRINT "130READX:FORL=1TOX:READO\$(L), N(L)"
440 PRINT "140NEXT"
450 PRINT "150TEXT:HOME:?" O\$ "INSERTA '" NAS" $/ \Delta$
 Q\$ ":GETG\$:?"
460 PRINT "160FORL=1TOX: FORN=1TON(L)"
470 PRINT "179READT(L,N) :READS(L,N) :READBY$(L, N): \operatorname{READFR}(L, N): \operatorname{READTU}\left(L, N^{\perp}\right.$ ):READOO(L):POKERW,R:POKETR,T(L,N):POKESE, S(L,N) :CALLP"
480 PRINT "180|FPEEK ( $A+B Y(L, N))=F R(L, N)$ AND00 $(\mathrm{L})=1$ THENC $(\mathrm{L})=$ " O\$ "OFF" Q\$ "A :GOT0210" 490 PRINT "19@|FPEEK (A+BY(L,N))=TU(L,N)AND00
 500 PRINT " $200 C \$(L)=S T R \$(P E E K(A+B Y(L, N))) "$ 510 PRINT "210NEXT: NEXT"
520 PRINT "22ดHOME:?" O\$ "OPTIONS:" Q $\$$
 T0 ${ }^{\text {s }}$ SAVE."
530 PRINT "230?:FORL=1TOX:VTABL+3: INVERSE: ?C\$(L) ; :NORMAL: HTAB5:?L" Q\$ ") " Q " "; O\$(L):NEXT:??"
540 PRINT "240INPUT" Q\$ "CHOICE: ${ }^{4}$ " $0 \$$ "; C\$"
550 PRINT "250C=VAL(C\$) : IFNOT (C\$=" Q $\$$ " C Q $\$$ "OR(C>OANDC<=X)) THENCALL-198: ${ }^{\text {A }}$ VTABX+6:GOTO240"

560 PRINT "260|FC $\$=$ " Q\$ "S" Q\$ "THEN300" 570 PRINT "270IFC $(C)="$ Q $\$ 0 F F "$ Q "THENC (C)=" Q\$ "ON " Q\$ ":GOT0291"
580 PRINT "280IFC $\$(C)="$ Q $\${ }^{0} 0 N^{2} "$ Q $\$$ "THENC\$ (C)=" Q\$ "OFF" O\$ ":GOT0291"

 $":$ POKE34, X+6:HOME:POKE34, Ø:GOT0291"
600 PRINT " 291 INVERSE:VTABC+3:?C\$(C) :NORMAL :VTABX+6:G0T0240"
610 PRINT " 300 ?" Q $\$$ "D0 " Q $\$$ "; : INVERSE:?" Q\$
 OR" Q $\$$ ":?" Q $\$$ "YOUR ${ }^{2}$ COMPUTER ${ }^{\text {C }}$ COULD ${ }^{2}$ EXPLODE." Q\$
620 PRINT " 31 DFORL $=1$ TOX"
630 PRINT "320FORN=1TON(L)"
640 PRINT "336POKERW,R:POKETR,T(L,N) :POKESE, $S(L, N): C A L L P "$
 "THENPOKEA+BY $(L, N), T U(L, N)$ "
660 PRINT "350|FC\$(L)=" Q\$ "OFF" Q "THENPOKEA+BY(L,N), FR(L,N)"
670 PRINT "3601FOO(L) $=2$ THENPOKEA $+B Y(L, N)$, VAL (C\$(L))"
680 PRINT "37@POKERW,W:CALLP: NEXT: NEXT"
690 PRINT "380VTAB23:?" Q\$ "DONE." Q\$ ":?" Q "PRESSA ANY ${ }^{4}$ KEY" Q ${ }^{\text {S }}$ ":GETG\$:?:RUN"
$7 \emptyset 0$ PRINT "390?" Q ":?:CALL-198:?" Q\$ "ERROR ${ }^{4}$ \#" $\mathbf{Q} \$$ "PEEK (222) :END"
710 PRINT "400DATA" X
$720 \mathrm{LN}=410$ : FORL = 1 TOX: PRINT LN "DATA" ; PRINT NAS(L) ", " $A(L): L N=L N+10:$ NEXT
730 PRINT:LN = 1010
740 FORL $=1$ TOX: $F O R E=1$ TOA $(L): L N=L N+10:$ PRINT LN "DATA" TR\$(L, E) ", "SE\$(L,E) "," BYS(L, E) "," FR\$(L, E) "," TU\$(L,E) "," 00 (L)
750 NEXT E: NEXT L.
760 PRINT "HOME:?" Q\$NA\$ "A EDITOR ${ }^{2}$ HAS $^{\wedge}$ BEEN ${ }^{\wedge}$ ENTERED."
770 PRINT CHR\$ (4) "CLOSE"
780 PRINT CHR\$ (4) "NOMONICO"
790 HOME : VTAB 23: PRINT "DONE." : PRINT "PRESSA ANY ${ }^{\text {a }}$ KEY" : GET G $\$$ : PRINT : RUN
800 IF LEN $(H \$)<2$ THEN H\$ $=" \emptyset "+H \$$
810 DE $=\emptyset:$ HE $\$=$ " $9123456789 A B C D E F ": H 1 \$=$ LEFT $\$$ $(\mathrm{H} \$, 1): \mathrm{MP}=16:$ GOSUB $820: \mathrm{H} 1 \$=$ RIGHT $\$$ ( $H \$, 1$ ):MP $=1$ : GOSUB 820: RETURN
820 FOR $P=1$ TO 16
830 H $2 \$=$ MID $\$$ (HE $\$, P, 1$ ): IF H $\$=$ H2 $\$$ THEN DE $=$ $D E+((P-1) * M P): D \$=S T R \$(D E):$ RETURN
840 NEXT
850 INPUT "" ;X\$: RETURN

| Checksums |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $10 \emptyset-\$ 2 E A \emptyset$ | $48 \emptyset$ | $-\$ E A 69$ |  |
| $11 \emptyset$ | $-\$ 6 D 5 A$ | $49 \emptyset$ | $-\$ 654 C$ |
| $12 \emptyset$ | $-\$ 8 A E C$ | $5 \emptyset \emptyset$ | $-\$ A 71 D$ |
| $13 \emptyset$ | $-\$ 9971$ | $51 \emptyset$ | $-\$ 2 D 4 D$ |
| $14 \emptyset$ | $-\$ 541 F$ | $52 \emptyset$ | $-\$ 5615$ |
| $15 \emptyset$ | $-\$ 2 B 2 C$ | $53 \emptyset$ | $-\$ 5 B 83$ |
| $16 \emptyset$ | $-\$ 3666$ | $54 \emptyset$ | $-\$ A 926$ |


| 170 | - \$A87F | 550 | - \$AEF1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 180 | - \$1E90 | 560 | - \$EE64 |
| 190 | - \$2551 | 579 | - \$F827 |
| 200 | - \$F920 | 580 | - \$43BØ |
| 210 | - \$3082 | 590 | - \$8E4E |
| 220 | - \$E0E1 | 600 | - \$092C |
| 230 | - \$793D | 610 | - \$D091 |
| 240 | - \$9E6C | 620 | - \$888F |
| 250 | - \$DAAE | 630 | - \$0277 |
| 260 | - \$281D | 640 | - \$0096 |
| 270 | - \$93C7 | 650 | - \$D792 |
| 280 | - \$9E14 | 660 | - \$C226 |
| 290 | - \$6CE8 | 670 | - \$E043 |
| 300 | - \$7B37 | 680 | - \$468D |
| 310 | - \$6BCE | 690 | - \$3BD8 |
| 320 | - \$BA34 | 700 | - \$DCøØ |
| 330 | - \$9553 | 710 | - \$C7C2 |
| 340 | - \$3D84 | 720 | - \$3D9D |
| 350 | - \$B48A | 730 | - \$0651 |
| 360 | - \$F44A | 740 | - \$5D62 |
| 370 | - \$2F14 | 750 | - \$5221 |
| 380 | - \$15F7 | 760 | - \$7158 |
| 390 | - \$D88B | 770 | - \$1CDD |
| 400 | - \$BøF9 | $78 \emptyset$ | - \$2A9B |
| 410 | - \$132D | 790 | - \$5FBD |
| 420 | - \$489B | 800 | - \$9E4A |
| 430 | - \$44D7 | 810 | - \$A4A9 |
| 440 | - \$C21E | 820 | - \$84F8 |
| 450 | - \$8656 | 830 | - \$E7FØ |
| 460 | - \$8C8E | 840 | - \$AD6D |
| 470 | - \$126B | 850 | - \$650E |

## Miscellaneous Notes

- To Jerome Rothweiler: I installed an EPROM to replace my unenhanced CD ROM on my lle to give an unconditional reset into the monitor with © ORESET. I changed location \$C401- to 4C 65 FF so that it jumps to the monitor instead of doing that virtually useless system check. After breaking, I must type COO6:00 to reconnect the auxilliary slots (including the disk drives). It's extremely handy. The modification also frees up all that space that once was the system check for other uses. So, Mister Rothweiler, I have available an unmodified IIe CD ROM. My address is at the end of this letter. Contact me and we'll work something out.
- To make Copy II Plus boot directly to the bitcopy system, use the alphabetize catalog option on the utility menu.
(?) DOS EOR maker would not work for me (COMPUTIST \#54). Maybe I am doing something wrong. The checksums match, so it's no typo on my part. Could Jean Phillippe Cunniet please help? My address is at the end.
(?) Does anybody have a supercharged SUPER IOB? I mean with all the enhancements made since v1.5 came out like read/write every other track, etc. If so, please contact me.
- There was an error in the technique for the fastloading Locksmith 6.0 Fastcopy. The next
to the last line should read: 40:202C FE NOT 40:20 2C FF.
- Please put Animate back on the Most Wanted List. The softkey in COMPUTIST \#54, pp. 25-26 only partially cracked my copy (version 1.0 from late 1986). All goes well until I try certain disk functions. I think it's impossible to save or load animation characters. Maybe people who send in softkeys could indicate somehow what version their crack works on. Perhaps they could tell when they bought it if the version isn't known. Animate tells what version you have by pressing $\mathbf{~ V}$ at the first menu after bootup.
- Last, I have a few suggestions. I realize that you need money to keep the magazine going, but realistically, would you subscribe to an IBM hacker magazine which had two dinky little pages of use for you out of 45 or so pages for IBM? You'd end up paying approximately $\$ 1.88$ for each page. I think if you want to branch out, you'd better make a separate IBM leaflet.

Although I do not own a MODEM, it would be unrealistic to not acknowledge the growing trend. So, I have thought up an idea which might even make me go buy one. Have a COMPUTIST BBS. That way, anyone at all (who is a paying member cf the BBS) can log on at any time (even better than 'every 2 weeks" as was said in COMPUTIST \#56), check a database for softkeys (much like the ones sold in the ads in the back of the magazine) or articles, ads, or even E-mail, and then download all textfiles which pertain to the user's choice. There could also be a way to upload your own articles, softkeys, etc. under various headings (for classification purposes) to the RDEX file. Since you already have everything that ever was from the beginning of the magazine to now in your RDEX file, this would probably be feasible. Just think, there would be no costs for printing the magazine; in COMPUTIST \#56 you admitted that "printing is the single largest cost we have. It dwarfs even the mailing costs..." A BBS would eliminate both. And for the members, no typing of programs and controllers. As I said, I don't own a MODEM, and I don't know much about them. Therefore, I don't know if this would work out. It might cost too much to run and maintain, but I don't know. The choice is up to you.

Thank you for the best magazine in existence for the Apple II line of computers. If anyone wishes to contact me, here is my complete address: Bob Igo, 136 Garlow Drive, Pittsburgh, PA 15235

Brian Walker
I noticed that Space Eggs is on the Most Wanted List. I've had the game for years and felt now was the time to break it.

Softkey for...

| Space Eggs <br> Sirius Software |
| :---: |

## - Requirements

Apple IIe with extended 80 -column cardDOS 3.3 System Master
$\square$ A blank initialized disk
After reading Cracking on the IIe by Zorro in COMPUTIST \#58, page 16, I decided to give it a try.

Following his instructions I booted the protected game into auxiliary memory and moved auxiliary memory to main memory. The next step was to find the starting address. After an hour or two of looking through memory I found the starting address to be $\$ 4 \mathrm{BB} \oplus$. Now that the starting address was found, the next step was to find out what memory was used. I filled memory with a value of $\$ 11$, booted the protected program, hit GORESET, and looked through memory to see if any memory was left unchanged. Of course, all memory was changed. I did find that memory areas $\$ 0300-\$ 03 F F$ and $\$ A \mathscr{O} 0-\$ B F F F$ were filled with zeroes.

Because the game used sensitive areas of memory, $\$ 0000-\$ 07 \mathrm{FF}$ and $\$ 9600-\$ 9 \mathrm{FFF}$, and I wanted to make it a DOS file, I had to move that code to a safe area so DOS could load it. I wrote memory move routines to place the code back into its original location. I also wrote code to place zeros in $\$ 2000-\$ 3 F F F$ and \$AODO-\$BFFF.
1 Boot the DOS 3.3 System Master disk.

2 Enter the monitor and setup to boot into auxilary memory.
CALL - 151
0:8D 03 C0 8D 05 C0 4C 00 C6
3 Insert the Space Eggs protected disk and boot it.

## ©G

The computer will appear dead, and the hires screen may be filled with garbage. The game is actually running in auxiliary memory.
4 Remove the Space Eggs protected disk, insert your blank initialized disk, and press [GORESET. (Auxiliary memory isn't affected by this.)

5 After the drive stops, enter the monitor again and setup the transfer routine call. The routine at $\$ 300$ calls the monitor auxiliary memory move routine. The $\$ 03 F 8$ code is the control-Y vector.

```
CALL -151
0300:18 4C 11 C3
03F8:4C 00 03
```

6 Move auxiliary memory to main memory.
2600<0.FFF 0 Y
1000<1000.1FFF 8
4000<4000.95FF OY
$3600<9600.9 \mathrm{FFF} \square \mathrm{Y}$

## 7 Zero out the scores.

26B0:00 000000
8 A Add the code to do the memory moves. First the jump to the memory move routine.

## 0FFD:4C 0020

JMP \$2000
Routine to move $\$ 2600-35 \mathrm{FF}$ to $\$ 0000-\$ F F F F$ (all move routines follow this general format).
2000:A0 00 LDY \#S00
2002:189 0026 LDA $\$ 2600, Y$; Stan move 'from' $\$ 2600$
2005:99 00 D0 STA $\$ 0000, Y ;$ Sturt move 'to' $\$ 0000$
2008:C8 NY
2009:D0 F7 BNE \$2002
200B:EE 0420 NC $\$ 2004$; increment the addresses
200E:EE 0720 INC $\$ 2007$
2011:AD 0420 LDA $\$ 2004$
2014:C9 36 CMP \#\$36; ;top move at $\$ 3600$
2016:DO E8 BNE \$2000
2018:4C 2020 JMP $\$ 2020$; Jump to next move routine
Routine to move $\$ 3600-\$ 3 F F F$ to \$9600-\$9FFF.

## 2020:A0 00 B9 0036990096 C8 D0 F7 EE 2420 EE 2720 AD 2420 C9 40 D0 E8 4C 4020

Routine to move $\$ 2100-2200$ to \$0300-\$03FF.

## 2040:A0 00 B9 0021990003 C8 D0 F7 EE 4420 EE 4720 AD 4420 C9 22 DO E8 4C 0003

Routine to zero out $\$ 2000$ - $\$ 3 \mathrm{FFF}$.
2100:AO 00 EA A9 00990020 C8 D0 F7 EA EA EA EE 0703 AD 0703 C9 40 D0 E8 4C 2003
Routine to zero out $\$ A 0 \square 0-\$ B F F F$. 2120:A0 00 EA A9 009900 A0 C8 D0 F7 EA EA EA EE 2703 AD 2703 C9 C0 D0 E8 4C 4003
Routine to turn on graphics page and start space eggs.

## 2140:AD 50 C0 AD 54 CO AD 57 C0 4C B6 4B

9 Patch DOS to allow saving such a large file.
A964:PT
10 Save the game to disk.

## bSAVE SPACE EGGS, ASFFD, L\$8603

You now have Space Eggs in a file which can be placed on a hard disk, or on a floppy with other programs. Thanks Zorro. (I understand this method of booting into auxiliary
memory was first advocated by Steve Dietz in COMPUTIST \#25. So thanks too, Steve.)

## Softkey for...

| TransyIvania enhanced edition |
| :---: |
| Polarware/Penguin |

$\square$ Two blank disk sides
$\square$ COPYA or equivalent
I have seen softkeys for Transylvania, but they must have been for the original version. My enhanced edition of Transylvania uses both sides of the disk. It features COMPREHEND. Other than that, I think it is the same. To crack it just copy the disk and do a couple of sector edits.
1 Copy both sides with COPYA or an equivalent.


You now have an unprotected copy.

| Stephen Lau |
| :---: |
| *IIgs Softkey for... |
| King's Ouest II \& III |
| Sierra On Line Inc. |

King's Quest II \& III (IIgs) have the traditional Sierra humor and 3-D graphics. However, this time the protection is a little trickier than the older ones.

In the older Sierra stuffs, only a bad block is checked with no further protection. This time, the result of the check is stored in a flag which will be checked just before the program starts. The flag basically stores the code for the block read, $\$ 27$ in this case for the bad block. Just make a backup copy and follow the sector edits to crack these two programs.

## King's Quest II

| Block |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Byte(s) | From | To |
| $\$ 2 E D$ | $\$ B F$ | 22 |
| 267 | $15 A$ | $A D$ |

## King's Quest III

| Block Byte(s) | From | To |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\$ 201$ | $D 8$ | 22 | $A F$ |
| $\$ 24 A$ | $15 A$ | $A D$ | $6 B$ |

Basically, they both edit the same bytes. First you should search for 22000000 c9 9100 F9 042200000022000000 AE 0000 and change
the last 22000000 to AF 000000 , this is all that is needed to crack earlier Sierra titles. For later stuffs, search again for AD $009018600000 \mathrm{C9}$ 27 02, change the first byte to 6 B (stands for RTL), the second routine just checks the status of the flag, and you could list to see what it does if you want to.

## *IIgs Sofikey for...

| Skate or Die |
| :---: |
| Zani Golf |
| Electronic Arts Inc |

Wow! If you want to show off the graphics and sound of your GS, throw away your Marble Madness, Defender of the Crown and whatever and boot up your Skate or Die, or Zani Golf! Zani Golf, by the way, is MUCH, MUCH MORE crazy than Marble Madness, prepare to get your socks blown off. These two programs put ALL other Igs programs into shame. The protection has also changed (that's traditional EA style). The code that checks the disk are the same on both disks.

## Zani Golf

| Block |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\$ 5 \mathrm{Byte}(\mathrm{s})$ | From | To |

## Skate or Die

| Block Byte(s) |  |  | From |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |$\quad$ To | $\$ 9$ | $3 D$ | 22001000 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

Skate or Die checks the disk twice before the title page appears, however, both checks are done through the same code, after which it JSRs to $\$ 00 / 1000$, so just changing the 22001000 to AF 001000 kills two birds with one stone.

Zani Golf, on the other hand, first checks when level 2 starts (it may check at every level afterwards, though). Again, checks seem to be always done through the same code, after which control is passed to $\$ 00 / 3600$. Well thanks for making life easy for us. Again changing the 22003600 to AF cracks it.

## *IIgs Softkey for...

| Bard's Tale II |
| :---: |
| Electronic Arts |

Don't miss this one (I'm sure that if you have Bard's Tale I GS and feel the sound and graphics, you bet everyone will buy Bard's Tale II GS!). This sequel has better graphics (though the monsters are not as good as in I), more sounds (much more), and it even supports Super Sonic! Also it has auto-mapping and anywhere save game features.

The protection has changed to some block
errors on track $\$ 4 \mathrm{~F}$ instead of nibble counts on track $\$ 20, \$ 21$. Well no luck with Copy II plus, but that's why you IIgs owners subscribe to COMPUTIST, isn't it? The protection lies in a file called BURGER (as in Bard's Tale I). After a trace, I ignored the instructions that JSR to the code to check the protection and branch it to continue the execution of the program, the program then seems to run fine. However, a warning! I have played with it through the first three dungeons and collected the first two segments. There SEEMS to be no other checks. However, the guys at EA are really tricky (as you know from their infamous protection code in Bards Tale I GS), if ANY readers noticed ANY problems with the crack, please send a letter to COMPUTIST and I, or others will straighten it out.

## Bard's Tale II

| Block Byte(s) |  |  | From |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\$ 42 \mathrm{E}$ | 2 F | 22 | To |
| $\$ 42 \mathrm{E}$ | 3 E | FO | AF |

The code looks like this:
LDA \#s9FFF
TCS
JSL $\$ 9060000$ check
LDX \#\$1FF
TXS
SEP 800110000 manipulate flags
STA SCOD9
CIP \#\$01
check flags
BEQ \$106B
OK, cont inues
Happy cracking. Be patient when cracking, it WILL payoff.

## Edward Teach

There are several items that I would like to address.

To Gerald Myers: If you thought that the saga of AWARD MAKER was ongoing, look at the softkeys for MATHBLASTER.

To Bob Igo: The YUMMY file is actually a picture. To display it press OPEN APPLE, OPTION, CONTROL B while the disk is booting. (IIe owners substitute CLOSED APPLE for the OPTION key). The same key combination also works on TASS TIMES. Also, while you are in the cabin in TASS TIMES type "BURGER" (GS only). On my Ile version I BLOADED YUMMY,A\$2000 then typed CALL -3106 to display the hires page.

To Paul Dillon: The Davidson and Assoc. disks use a nifty protection scheme. You said that all that was contained in the HELLO file was 'POKE 104,32: RUN', but try this:
LOAD H GZELLO
LIST
POKE104,32

## LIST <br> POXE104,64 <br> LST

What you will find is that the one APPLESOFT listing, with each POKE to 104, becomes a totally new program. The one program is really three programs stacked on top of each other. This is why you had to search the disk for the bytes you needed to change. Be sure to POKE 104,8 before saving any changes.

To Mike Egnotovich: The code you listed for GATO certainly looks like a nibble count. The bit of code you gave was:
gOFE INY
09FF BNE OA65
-- MISSING BYTES --
9A05 LDA C98C, X
ØA98 BPL 0 A 95
DAEA LSR A
DABB CIP \#6A
DAGD BNE D9FE
What you need to do is to find the code on the disk and disassemble it. You have given the LOOP at ©AOD, but what if the compared byte is equal to \#6A? Then the branch at ©AOD would not be taken. Try tracing the code down a bit (OK.. a few bits) further. At some point you will encounter a RTS or JMP or maybe some branch instruction. When you find that point place a BREAK " $O \emptyset \varnothing \emptyset \varnothing \varnothing$ " over the exit code and reboot the disk. Write down the values in the registers and insert them in the code above. Kill all the BNE's and BEQ's so when this code is encountered it falls through to your patch and then exits with all the values needed to continue running. Look for any place in the code that values are stored before the code exits. The second piece of code looks a lot like normal DOS to me. (Compare it with \$B96F-\$B986 in normal DOS).

Playing Tips for...

## Leisure Suit Larry <br> Sierra On-Line

I've never given adventure hints before. How about if I just tell you where the items are that you need?

| BAR | whiskey |
| :--- | :--- |
| ALCOVE | rose, remote controller |
| BATHROOM | password, ring |
| UPSTAIRS OVER BAR | candy |
| FIRE ESCAPE | pills |
| DUIMSTER | hammer |
| CASINO ASHTRAY |  |
| PENTHOUSE | inflaticket |
| HONEYMOON SUITE | radio, rope |
| OUTSIDE CASINO | apple |

STORE
OUTSIDE STORE
magazine, wine, lubber pocket knife, phone number

## Softkey for...

| Killed Until Dead |
| :---: |
| Accolade |

Requirements
A sector editora COPYA copy of the disk
I would like to take credit for this softkey, but I can't. I had been working on it for awhile and made some progress. Then a friend showed me a deprotected copy. What should I do, finish my work or simply compare the two disks and see where the differences were. Booting Locksmith 6.0, 16 sector utilities, the compare function, this is what I discovered.

|  | Sct Byte(s) | From | To |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$06 | \$09 \$52-?? | 2075082006 | AD 952449 ø1 |
|  |  | 212075 | 859360 |
|  | \$DA \$DA- | 20 | 60 |
| \$ ${ }^{\text {E }}$ | \$ 03 \$ $121-$ | 0908 | C6 D8 |
|  | \$00 \$53- | F0 EC E5 E1 F3 | E6 EC E9 F0 A0 |
|  |  | E5 A0 E6EC E9 | E4 E9 F3 EB AD |
|  |  | F0 A0 F4 E8 E5 | A6 A0 E8 E9 F4 |
|  |  | A 0 E4 E9 F3EB | A0 D2 C5 D4 D5 |
|  |  | A0 EF F6E5 F2 | D2 CE AE DE 60 |
|  |  | AEDD DD D0 F2 | A9 188020 D3 |
|  |  | E5 F3 F3 Ab F4 | 8D 22 D3 A9 EA |
|  |  | E8 E5 A0 F3 F0 | 8D 2E D3 80 28 |
|  |  | E1 E3E5AbE2 | D3 8029 D3 A5 |
|  |  | E1 F2 Ag EF F2 | EC 29090860 |
|  |  | A 9 F4 E8E5 DD | EA EA EA 85 EC |
|  |  | D0E6E9 F2E5 | AD 21 D3 C9 38 |
|  |  | A0 E2 F5 F4F4 | F0 DB A9 1880 |
|  |  | EFEEADF7E8 | 2C D4 80 B5 D4 |
|  |  | E5EEADF2E5 | 8D C1 D4 A9 EA |
|  |  | E1E4 F9 ADF4 | 80 B6 D4 8D C2 |
|  |  | EF DDDDE3EF | D4 80 BC D4 8D |
|  |  | EE F4 E9 EE F5 | BD D4 EA A5 EC |
|  |  | E5 AE DE | 200908 |

Was that enough sector editing? Anyway, as I said this was not mine. The credit goes to "TWO KNIVES TAN" and "THE NECROMANCER'. If anyone out there knows them, why don't you ask them to write for COMPUTIST?

## Deactivating Signature Checks

To follow this article you will need:A disk with a signature check
$\square$ One formatted empty disk (no Hello)
$\square$ A bowl of M\&M's

While I was reading COMPUTIST \#59, I noticed a call for help from a reader. He thought that he had found a nibble count but was unsure what to do with it. I was going to answer him by referring to a past COMPUTIST. After thumbing through my old issues I realized that no one has given any detail on how to deactivate these checks. Hopefully, what this article will do is give a basic understanding of ways to circumvent this problem. These methods are by no means the only way around these checks and no one method will work every time on every disk.

First things first. If you are the kind of person who says, "I will never understand assembly code" then you are right and need not read further. You have already given up. Keep an open mind and read the parts that you do not understand again. I have listed a complete signature check (in assembly). I have chosen Activisions check since it is fairly straight forward in what it does. (The actual code is from Top Fuel Eliminator).

I located the check by searching the disk for the code "C08C". This is read the disk and usually looks like:

## 800 LDA SCOBC, X <br> 803 BPL $\$ 800$ <br> 805 CIMP \$D5 <br> What this means is:

800: Read a byte from the disk
803: Did you find a byte? If yes go on to the
next instruction. If not go back to 800 and
read another byte.
805: Was the byte a "D5'?
Normal DOS looks for the bytes "D5 AA 96 and $A D$ ''. So to locate the signature check search the disk for " C © 8 C ", you have to reverse the bytes to search ( 8 CCD ), and if the bytes compared (CMP) are not a normal byte then you have found the check. I am always suspicious of CO 8 C code outside of the normal DOS area. For instance, why would you need a read routine at track $\$ 10$ ? DOS can read, write or seek once it is in memory, all the code has to do is access it. The chances are, that any additional CO8C's are checking something that DOS would not normally look for.

Now that we have searched the disk and found the magic code, what do we do next? I disassemble the sector and look at the code. If the bytes checked are not normal, (D5 AA 96 or AD) then chances are good the code is the check. At this point place a few " $\varnothing \square \varnothing \varnothing$ ©0's" in the code, write it back on the disk and reboot. Hopefully you will end up in the monitor and the screen will show something like:

## $30 \mathrm{AD}: A=55 \mathrm{Y}=03 \mathrm{X}=60 \mathrm{P}=12 \mathrm{~S}=\mathrm{F} 4$

This is telling you that the program hit the 00 's around $\$ 30 \mathrm{AB}$ and what values were in the registers when the ©D's were encountered.


If the Hi-res screen blinked on then reset will clear it and show the above information. Boot a disk without a HELLO program and enter the monitor. The area around $\$ 3000$ is not overwritten by the boot, so we can examine the code:
CALL - 151
3000LицL
You should now see this code:
3065 PLA
3066 PLA
3067 RTS
3068 LDA \$C089, X
Previous routine

3068 LDA \#556
306D STA FD
306F LDA $\$ 08$
3071 DEC FC
3073 BNE 3079
3075 DEC FD
3077 BEQ 30AD
3079 LDY C08C, X
307C BPL 3079
307E CPY \$FB
3080 BNE 306F
3082 BEQ 3084
3684 NOP
3085 NOP
3086 LDY C08C, X
3089 CPY $\$ 08$
308 BOL
308C BCS 3999
308E LDY C98C, X
3091 BPL 308E
3993 CPY \$FF
3095 BNE 306F
3097 BEQ 3084
3099 LDY C08C,X
309 C BLL 3099
309E STY FC
30AD CMP \$0A
30 A 2 BNE 306 F
30A4 LDA COBC, X
30A7 BPL 3DA4
30A9 SEC
30AA ROL
3øAB AND \$FC
30AD EOR \$AA
30AF STA 3004
30B2 LDA $\$ 00$
30 B 4 TAY
$39 B 5$ STA $3058, Y$
30B8 INY
30B9 CPY \$5D
30BB BNE 30B5
30BD RTS
30BE LDA $\$ 26$
3aca STA FA
$30 C 2$ LDA $\$ 30$
Looks really confusing, right? Not to worry, this is now the easy part. You will notice that I marked the beginning of the code ( $\$ 3068$ ) and the end ( $\$ 30 \mathrm{BD}$ ). I assumed that, since the code did not BNE, BEQ or JMP outside of this
area, it is the entire code. I started at one RTS and ended at the next RTS. Therefore, the entire code lives at $\$ 3068-\$ 30 \mathrm{BD}$.

Just in case I lost you. We searched for CO8C on the disk. Then placed a few 00 's (BREAKs) in the suspect code, booted and waited for the beep. Pressing reset showed the values stored in the registers and where the break occurred. Booting a disk with no HELLO program loaded a normal DOS and allowed us to examine memory around the place where the code stopped before. We then traced up and down until we found the RTS's.

Now that we have found the code what do we do with it? I would suggest that since our code ends with a RTS, chances are that there is a JSR to $\$ 3068$. Maybe we can find it on the disk and simply NOP (EA) it out. After you search the disk you will find that there is a JSR to the routine. Go on and EA the three bytes (20 $6830)$ and boot the disk. If all the routine does is check and then return then we have defeated the check and deprotected the disk. Wait, whats that. you say that your computer beeped, dropped into the monitor and locked up? Well, obviously this code stores some needed information to continue running. (This method of EAing the JSR works on Mickey's Space Adventure). What we have just learned is that the signature check will need more work to be bypassed.

Check your printout for any STA, STY, STX, LDA, LDY, or LDX instruction. Write down the locations they address (\$FC, \$FD, and $\$ 30 \mathrm{D} 4$ ). The theory we are now dealing with is that if we store all the correct values in the correct places then the check will pass when we RTS from the subroutine. Did I lose you on that? What this signature check does is locates specific bytes, stores the bytes, then returns. What we can do is bypass the locate, then store the bytes and return. This will work because as long as the proper bytes are in the proper places the code will think that the check worked. The code says:

1. Read the disk
2. Store the bytes
3. Return

We are going to make it say:

1. Store the bytes
2. Return

Now our only problem is where to place the break ( 00 ). How about placing it where the last RTS is located (\$30BD). That way all the bytes will be stored and the registers full when the check has passed. Write a 00 at $\$ 30 B D$. (Write it on the disk). Now boot the disk and when the computer beeps at you press reset to clear the hi-res screen. Write down the values in the registers ( $\mathrm{A}=55$ for example). Boot the disk with no HELLO program, enter the monitor, and grab the other values we need:

CALL - 151
FC
FD

## 30D4

With all this information we no longer need the signature check. (This would be a lot easier if I actually knew the values to store, but I have changed my disk too much). So while I am going into my "general" mode, we can still finish. The following information will help you to write the patch you need.

| LDA \#\$XX | CODE $=A 9 X X$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| LDX \#SXX | CODE $=A 2 X X$ |
| LDY \#SXX | CODE $=A g X X$ |
| STA $\$ X X$ | CODE $=85 X X$ |
| STA $\$ X X X X$ | CODE $=80 X X X X$ |

For those of you that have just acquired a blank stare on you face, picture a bowl full of M\&M's. What I want you to do is load 1 red M\&M into your hand and store it in your mouth. Now load 1 green M\&M into your hand and store it in your pocket. The idea of assembly is load your hand (accumulator) and put it in your mouth (store it). Then load your hand again (accumulator) and put it in your pocket (store it). You understood that right. Now load the accumulator (LDA) with \#\$55 and store it (STA) at \$FC and \$30D4. Load the accumulator and store it, load the accumulator and store it. It would all look like this:

| A9 55 | LDA \#\$55 |
| :--- | :--- |
| 85 FC | STA $\$ F C$ |
| A9 55 | LDA $\# \$ 55$ |
| 80 D4 30 | STA $\$ 3604$ |

We have just stored a \#\$55 (the hex value \$55) at locations \$FC and \$30D4. Using this information how would you load the $X$ and $Y$ registers? Look at the tables, it is not that difficult. Moving on, it is now the time you have been dreading, you HAVE to write some code. On a piece of paper write all the bytes we need to store or load into the registers:

```
    $FC=00
    $FD = 05
$30D4 = 55
    A=55
    X=60
    Y=03
```

This translates to:

| A9 90 | LDA $\# \$ 00$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| 85 FC | STA $\$ F C$ |
| A9 05 | LDA $\# \$ 95$ |
| 85 FD | STA $\$ F D$ |
| A9 55 | LDA $\# \$ 55$ |
| 8D D4 30 | STA $\$ 3904$ |
| A955 | LDA $\# \$ 55$ |
| A6 60 | LDX $\# \$ 60$ |
| A0 93 | LDY $\# \$ 03$ |
| 60 | RTS |

Now if we insert this code starting at $\$ 306 \mathrm{~B}$, then right after the drive is turned on, all the needed values will be stored and all the registers will have the values in them when the RTS is executed. Write this new piece of code to the disk and boot it. If you get further than before, great. If not there may be another check on the disk or you may have missed a value or two.

I knew that this was the entire signature check since all of the BNE's and BEQ's were jumping within the confines of the code. But consider this check from Spy's Adventures in North America. There are two returns (RTS) that must be considered since the code could jump over the first one.

0837 LDA SC08C, X
083A BPL $\$ 0837$
683C CMP \#\$FF
083E BNE $\$ 9890$
0840 BEC $\$ 0889$
Later...
0889 LDA \$C988, X
088C CLC
088D LDA \#\$00
088F RTS
0890 DEC \$57DE
0893 BEQ $\$ 0898$
0895 JMP $\$ 5722$
0898 LDA $\$$ C088, X
089B SEC
989C LDA \#SFF
089E RTS
Look at this code, it is just a variation of the signature check. Trace it through and decide how you would deactivate it. Also where do you think it lives in memory. All the information you need is before you. If you are having trouble, re-read the article. When you have finished check your solution with mine (COMPUTIST \#56, page 35). Sit back, finish the M\&M's and Enjoy.

## Jack R. Nissel

Softkey for...

> PSAT/SAT Analogies SAT Word Attack Skills PSAT Word Attack Skills

Edu-Ware

- RequirementsThe original Edu-Ware disks3 blank disk sides
$\square$ Super IOB v1.5
A blank initialized slave diskA way to reset into the monitor

To deprotect these titles we will use Super IOB with the Swap Controller and use the RWTS of the protected disk to read the original disk then use a normal RWTS to write the information back to your blank disk.

## 1 INITialize the blank disks.

## INIT EDU-WARE DELETE EDU.WARE

2 Boot your original disk and at the Applesoft prompt reset into the monitor.
3 Move the RWTS to a safe place, so it won't be destroyed when you boot your slave disk, by entering:

## 1900<B800.BFFFM

## 4 Boot your slave disk C600G

5 After the disk boots and the Applesoft prompt appears insert your Super IOB disk and save the RWTS to it.

## BSAVE RWTS.PSAT WORD ATTACE SEILLS, A\$1900, L\$800

6 Install the controller into Super IOB, run it and copy your original disks to your blank disks. Answer NO when asked if you want to INITialize the blank disks.

Note: After copying each disk, when you get the "]"' prompt simply type RUN to restart the controller and then copy the next disk.

## Controller

```
1000 REM PSAT WORD ATTACK SKILLS
1010 TK = 3:ST = \emptyset:LT = 35:CD = WR
1020 T1 = TK: GOSUB 490: GOSUB 360: ONERR GOTO
    550
1030 GOSUB 430: GOSUB 100:ST = ST +1 : IF ST < DOS
    THEN 1030
1040 IF BF THEN 1060
1050 ST = @:TK = TK + 1: IF TK < LT THEN 1030
1060 GOSUB 490:TK = T1:ST =0: GOSUB 360
1070 GOSUB 430: GOSUB 100 : ST = ST + 1: IF ST < DOS
    THEN 1070
1080 ST = Ø:TK = TK + 1: IF BF = \ AND TK < LT THEN
    1070
1090 IF TK < LT THEN 1020
1100 HOME : PRINT "COPY^DONE" : END
10010 PRINT CHR$ (4) "BLOADA RWTS.PSATA WORDA ATTACḰSKILLS,AS1900"
```

| Checksums |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1000 | - \$356B | 1060 | - \$2øC0 |
| 1010 | - \$3565 | 1070 | - \$28C5 |
| 1020 | - \$6170 | 1080 | - \$6CA2 |
| 1030 | - \$7771 | 1090 | - \$9DCA |
| 1040 | - \$6342 | 1100 | - \$9A4D |
| 1050 | - \$ABA3 | 10010 | - \$82EC |

## Softkey for...

# Algebra Volume 3 <br> Algebra Volume 4 

Edu-Ware

- Requirements
$\square$ The original Algebra disk
$\square$ Two blank disks
Super IOB v1.5
A way to reset into the monitor
To deprotect these titles we will use SUPER IOB with the swap controller and use the RWTS of the protected disk to read the original disk then use a normal RWTS to write the information back to your blank disk.


## DIIT HELLO <br> DEEETE RELLO

$\square$ Initialize both blank disks.

2 Boot your original disk and at the Applesoft prompt reset into the monitor.
3 Move the RWTS to a safe place, so it won't be destroyed when you boot your slave disk.

1900<B800.BFFFM

## 4 Boot your slave disk. C600G

5 After the disk boots and the Applesoft prompt appears, insert your Super IOB disk and save the RWTS to it.

## BSAVE RWTS.ALGEBRA, A\$1900, L\$800

6 Install the Algebra controller into Super IOB, run it and copy your original disk to your blank disk. Answer NO when asked if you want to INITialize the blank disk.

```
Controller
1000 REM ALGEBRA VOLUME 3 AND }
1010 TK = 3:ST = 0:LT = 35:CD = WR
1020 T1 = TK: GOSUB 490: GOSUB 360: ONERR GOTO
    550
1030 GOSUB 430: GOSUB 100:ST = ST +1: IFST < DOS
        THEN 1030
1040 IF BF THEN 1060
1050 ST = 0:TK = TK + 1: IF TK < LT THEN 1030
1060 GOSUB 490:TK = T1:ST = 0: GOSUB 360
1070 GOSUB 430: GOSUB 100:ST = ST + 1: IF ST < DOS
        THEN 1070
1080 ST =0:TK = TK + 1: IF BF = @ AND TK < LT THEN
        1076
1090 IF TK < LT THEN 1020
1100 HOME : PRINT "COPY2DONE" : END
10010 PRINT CHR$ (4) "BLOADA RWTS.ALGEBRA,
        A$1900"
```



| Checksums |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1000 | - \$356B | 1060 | - \$20cø |
| 1010 | - \$3565 | 1070 | - \$28C5 |
| 1020 | - \$6170 | 1080 | - \$6CA2 |
| 1030 | - \$7771 | 1090 | - \$9DCA |
| 1040 | - \$6342 | 1100 | - \$9A4D |
| 1050 | - \$ABA3 | 10010 | - \$D939 |

Softkey for...

## Galaxy Math Facts Decimals Galaxy Math Facts Fractions <br> Random House

Softkey for...

## Vocabulary Baseball

J \& S Software

Softkey for...

| Word Master <br> DLM Software |
| :---: |

Softikey for...

| The Game |
| :---: |
| Random House |

Softikey for...

## Strategies For Test Taking Following Written Directions <br> Microcomputer Educational Programs

- Requirements
$\square$ The original disk(s)
$\square 1$ blank disk for each titleCOPYA from your DOS 3.3 system master $\square$ A sector editor

1 Boot your DOS 3.3 system disk.
2 Tell DOS to ignore checksum and epilog errors and use COPYA to copy the disk.

## POEE 47426,24 run copya

3 Make the following sector edits to the copy you just made.

| Trk Sct | Byte(s) | From |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\$ 00$ | $\$ 03$ | $\$ 42$ |

## Softkey for...

| Secrets of Science Island |
| :--- |
| Grolier |

$\square$ Requirements
$\square$ The original Science Island disk
$\square 2$ blank disks
$\square$ Any fast copy program
$\square$ Any sector editor

1 Copy both sides of your original disk to your blank disks. Although you can fast copy this disk, it won't work because the disk is checking for a nibble count.
2 Make the following sector edit to side 1 of your copy. This disables the check for the nibble count on the disk.

| Trk Sct Byte(s) | From | To |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\$ 1 F \$ 6 E \$ 3 B$ | $B D$ | 60 |

If you want to see the disassembly of the copy protection look on page 13 of COMPUTIST \#24 in the article written by Jay O'Donnell. (I could have listed it here but as Ed Teach said in his letter in COMPUTIST \#61, we have to support the magazine. So if you don't have COMPUTIST \#24, and you want to see the disassembly, you're going to have to buy the issue).

## Step up to my soapbox

To Edward Teach: In regard to your letter in COMPUTIST \#61, how do you know if the majority of COMPUTIST readers want a long dissertation of why changing a byte or two causes a program to work because it no longer checks for a nibble count, or why it even checked for a nibble count in the first place? Isn't it possible that most readers just want to deprotect their software so they can enjoy it and don't care why it is, or was, protected? The quantity of software they are able to deprotect may be of more importance to them instead of learning how to boot code trace PAC-MAN.

I don't think either you or I know the answer, so why not ask all of the readers to respond. Let's here from the silent majority. If you have never sent in a softkey now is your chance. Send in one, or two, or three, or whatever number you want, and when you send them in let us know what you think on the issue at hand.

## Edward Teach

Sofikey for...
Scrabble
Electronic Arts

## - Requirements

$\square$ SUPER IOB 1.5 (w/ CON.STANDARD)<br>Copy II Plus<br>$\square$ A Sector Editor<br>$\square 2$ Formatted empty disks<br>$\square$ 128K APPLE

This is a current release from EA. Yet, the same protection was used on ELITE by Firebird and also on ADVENTURE The Colossal Cave by Apple 1980. Three different companies and eight years between uses. Interesting. First (it seems that everyone is doing this), thanks to Jim Hart! His excellent softkey on ELITE (COMPUTIST \#52) will be used extensively in this article. I have added a few extra steps for the beginners.

Boot a normal DOS and catalog the SCRABBLE disk. As the drive grinds away you will notice that no catalog appears. Now try COPY II Plus and be sure to select "show hidden characters'". The drive still grinds away, but files are finally revealed. They are:

| ******************* |  |
| :---: | :---: |
|  | PROTECTED |
| ******************* |  |
| L ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |
| SCC | CRABTIT |
| UCS | SA-SCRABBLE |
| D-USA-1 |  |
| D-USA-2 |  |
| D-USA-3 |  |
| D-USA-4 |  |

Nice of EA to tell us that the disk was protected (the fact it would not fast copy did not give us a clue)! If the scheme follows past examples we will be able to copy the files without the control characters in them. Place blank \#1 in drive 2 and try to copy the D-USA-\# files. They should have copied over without any problem. Do not worry about the files marked "protected" they are BASIC files, but we will not need them. To capture the other files we will need to activate the funny DOS. Let's:

CALL - 151
enter the monitor
C081 N C981
D000<D060.FFFFM
write enable ramcard
move rom image
C980 change reset vector
C980
enable rom
(insern SCRABBLE disk now)
C600G
boot disk
When the "]" prompt appears, press RESET. We now have their RWTS in memory and should be able to catalog the disk. However, trying this gives a SYNTAX ERROR. Well if Applesoft won't allow us in we can always try the monitor:

## CALL - 151 <br> A56EG

DOS catalog command
This time we are greeted with a BREAK (I have never seen a BREAK in the monitor)!

Strange, so I tried A56EG again this time the filenames scrolled up. I tried BLOADing the $S$ (OC CRABTIT file since it was 34 sectors long and hopefully a picture. When the drive stopped I typed CALL - 3106 to display the hires screen. Great, a picture appears. Now all we have to do is capture this file.
Boot blank disk \#1.
BSAVE SCRABTIT, A\$2000, L\$2000
Since our blank has a normal DOS we have just saved the first protected file. The $S$ ©C Crabble file is a bit larger so lets try that one next. Repeat the above steps including the A56EG from the monitor. This softkey only works after the BREAK. We are now ready to save the main program file.
Bload S ©C CRABBLE.
CALL-151
8406<800.8FFM
booting overwrites $\$ 880$
C600G boot blank $\pm 1$
CALL-151
806/8400.84FFM move $\$ 800$ back
BSAVE SCRABBLE, A\$800, L\$7C00
I will go into how I found the load point and length in a moment. The last file is the Applesoft loader for the two Bfiles. You can either type:
10 DS $=$ CHRS (4)
20 HGR2 : PRINT DS "BLOAD SCRABTIT,AS4000"
30 FOR I = 1 TO 4000: NEXT
40 TEXT: PRINT "LOADING"
50 PRINT DS "BRUN SCRABBLE"
or repeat the RAMcard steps above and after the break type:
LOAD L Cont rol A OGO
CALL - 151
8000<800.8FFM
Boot blank \#I
CALL-151
809<8000.80FFM
AF: BB 7C
Control C
SAVE LOGO
I prefer to keep the disk as close to normal as possible (minus the protection of course). O.K., now for the neat part. Jim had a method for finding the load point and length of a program.
CALL - 151 enter monitor
800:00 N $801<890.95 F F M$ zero main memory
CONTROL C back to basic
BLOAD program
Then hunt through memory until code appears (the bload point), keep typing L's until D0's show up (the end of the file). Then you know where the program started and where it ended. Subtracting the starting location from the ending location and adding 1 , will give the size of the program. That is the right way to do it. But, some people find hexadecimal
numbers somewhat hard to understand. So, I will give my alternate way for finding these locations.

The SCRABBLE disk, after track two, is fairly normal. The data headers have been changed to D5 AA CE. This is a simple task for SUPER IOB to correct.

RUN SUPER IOB 1.5
EXEC CON.STANDARD

## LIST 1010

Change $T K=0$ into $T K=3$ to start at track $\$ 03$.
POKE 47357, 234 wignore the last byye
POKE 47358, 234 of the data header.

## POKE 47426, 24

ignore epilogues

## Put blank \#2 in drive 2.

RUN
The way that DOS runs a program from disk is to look in the catalog for the program name. (Track $\$ 11$, sectors $\$ 0 \mathrm{~F}$ thru $\$ 01$ in decending order.) Then after the program is found the track and sector where the T/S list is read. (The T/S list would be like doing a disk map from COPY II Plus). The first sector in the T/S list is read. Then the first four bytes of that sector are read and translated into the load point and length. It would look like this:
READ CATALOG
LOCATE T/S LIST
READ T/S LIST
LOCATE FIRST SECTOR OF FILE
READ FIRST SECTOR
LOCATE FIRST FOUR BYTES
So, after the copy is finished, boot your sector editor and read track $\$ 11$, sector $\$ 0 \mathrm{~F}$. This is the catalog track. Look for a file name of one of the protected files. The three bytes immediately before it will show the track and sector of the file map, and also the filetype.

## XX YY ZZ SCRABBLE

$X X=$ TRACK
$\mathrm{YY}=\mathrm{SECTOR}$
ZZ = FILETYPE
Now read track XX sector YY. This is the track sector list (T/S list) of the file. There should be a series of DD's then numbers. Again, write down the first numbers after the ©0's. This will be the first sector of the file. For example:

In the catalog, you find:

## 14 EC 84 SCRABTIT

The T/S list is on track $\$ 14$, sector $\$ 0 C$. At track $\$ 14$, sector $\$ 0 C$ you find:
0000 ... 000140 BB 140 A 1409
The first sector of this file starts on track \$14, sector \$0B.

Read track \$14, sector \$0B and NORMALLY the first four bytes show the load address and length of the file (in hex and in lobyte, hi-byte order). But, in dealing with a protected DOS we have to make an exception.

The first five bytes are: 0000200020
Since this was a 34 sector Bfile I assumed it was a picture and would probably load at $\$ 2000$ and be $\$ 2000$ long. If you ignore the first byte it makes more sense. After I found the first sector of the USA-SCRABBLE file I was sure that I was right. The USASCRABBLE file first bytes are:

## $010008907 C$

Ignoring the first byte and remembering that addresses in Apple are backwards (xx XX is really XX xx ), shows that this file would BLOAD at $\$ 0800$ and be $\$ 7 \mathrm{COO}$ long. To test this out BLOAD the deprotected SCRABBLE from blank \#1 and type:

CALL-151
AA72 AA73 AA60 AA61
You will see that:
AA72 = 00 ( $x \times$ load point lo byte)
AA73 = 98 (XX load point hi byte)
AA60 $=00$ (yy length lo byte)
AA61 $=7 \mathrm{C}$ ( YY length hi byte)
This is where we get the BSAVE program, A\$XXxx, L\$YYyy.

You could have typed 800G. If the program starts (it will) then you have found the beginning of the file.

Applesoft files usually load at \$0801 and the length of the file is stored at $\$ A F-\$ B O$. To find the length of the LOGO file I looked through my "collection" until I found another 5 sector Applesoft file and then I loaded it. I entered the monitor and typed AF BØ. That is how I got the values to store earlier in the article. There is probably a better way, but this works fine. Listing the LOGO file shows that the only need for the imbedded control characters is for loading the subsequent programs. So if you change that listing to load files without the odd names you can rename the USA-SCRABBLE and SCRABTIT files to whatever names you would like. You should now have seven files on blank \#1. Renaming LOGO to HELLO will allow the disk to self boot. ENJOY!

## Softkey for...

Reading Skills Two<br>American Educational Computer

Well Mr. Nissel, I agree with the comment you made about "The silent majority". Lets hope that they all start spreading the word (HINT. HINT.) to BBS's and Users groups that COMPUTIST is alive and well. And here is a softkey especially for Jack. Short and to the point. To copy this disk use the SWAP controller after capturing the RWTS. Jack, the only way that I could have kept this shorter was to write: Use swap controller.

## A fix for the Controller Writer

One of the reasons that I don't submit many softkeys with controllers is that I have never figured out how to write them. But I do have a copy of the Controller Writer from COMPUTIST \#16. There does appear to be one small bug in my copy. I do not know if it was a typo or a true bug. This only shows up when you are writing a controller that does a number of sector edits. This is the line that I changed and now it appears to work correctly:
1350 PRINT "1060" ; : IF SE THEN PRINT "RESTORE: GOSUB 310:"
You might also like to add the line
1485 PRINT "RUN"
(?) Does the COMPUTIST Starter Kit include the controller writer?

At does now.
RDEXed

## Don McClelland

Softkey for...

| Magic Spells |
| :---: |
| Learning Company |

## Requirements

DOS 3.3 system diskProDOS system disktwo blank disksMy version of Magic Spells is on a ProDOS disk with modified address and data epilogs. These are changed from the normal DE AA to FF FF. This prevents many copiers from reading the disk.

At the disk level both ProDOS and DOS 3.3 are the same. ProDOS has tracks and sectors just as DOS 3.3, only two sectors are used for each ProDOS block. Knowing this, we can copy Magic Spells with COPYA.
$\square$ Boot your DOS 3.3 system disk.
Tell DOS to ignore checksum and epilog errors and use COPYA to copy the original to your first blank disk.

## POKE 47426,24 RUN COPYA

3 Boot your ProDOS system disk and initialize the second blank disk.

4 Transfer the files (via whatever file transfer utility you like) from the first disk to the second disk (except ProDOS). Put the latest version of ProDOS on the disk and enjoy.

My Magic Spells (I believe to be one of the originals) had ProDOS 1.1.1 on it. They may have changed or altered their protection scheme but this should get the job done or get you started in the right direction if yours is different.

Now to leap atop my soap box on the discussion between Mr. Teach and Mr. Nissel. On one hand I like the knowledge gained from the long softkeys and kind of agree with Mr. Teach. But when you just want to quickly deprotect a program Mr. Nissel is to be agreed with. In either case, I already know how to "Boot Code Trace" PacMan. When you write try to include both the long and short cookbook methods.

## Eric Delbridge

## Ultima V Character Editor

When I received Ultima V, I was very impressed. But when I decided to transfer my Ultima IV Avatar to Ultima V, the game downgraded his level and his abilities. My character editor corrects that problem. Just enter the program and save it as "ULTIMA QUICK EDITOR'’. Backup your Britannia disk before editing.
Warning: Enter this program from ProDOS.

## ULTIMA QUICK EDITOR

## 10 REM "ULTIMA V CHARACTER EDITOR

20 REM "BY ERIC DELBRIDGE
30 REM "WRITTEN 8/17/88
40 REM
50 GOTO 270
60 HOME : PRINT : HTAB 20 -LEN (Q\$) / 2: PRINT Q\$: FOR X = S1 TO S2: POKE X, 153: PRINT " ." ;: NEXT : PRINT : PRINT : PRINT : HTAB 18 : PRINT "DONE" : FOR X = 1 TO 1000: NEXT : GOTO 320 70 REM "CONV HEX TO BCD
$80 \mathrm{X}=0$
90 IF LB $>15$ THEN $X=X+1: L B=L B-16: G 0 T 090$ : REM "CALC HI NYBBLE
100 IF $X>9$ THEN $X=9$ : REM "NO HEX PLEASE
110 IF LB $>9$ THEN LB $=9$ : REM "NONE HERE EITHER
120 LB\$ $=$ STR $\$(X)+$ STRS (LB) $: X=\emptyset$
130 IF HB $>15$ THENX $=X+1$ : $\mathrm{HB}=\mathrm{HB}-16$ : GOTO 130 : REM "CALC HI NYBBLE
140 |F $X>9$ THEN $X=9$ : REM "NO HEX PLEASE
150 IF LB > 9 THEN LB = 9: REM "NONE HERE EITHER
160 HB\$ $=$ STR $\$(X)+$ STR\$ (HB)
176 AM\$ $=$ LB\$ : IF MX $>99$ THEN AMS $=$ HB $\$+$ LB $\$$

190 HOME : C $=" \mathrm{c}$ : PRINT : HTAB $20-$ LEN ( $0 \$$ ) / 2: PRINT Q\$: PRINT : HTAB 14: INPUT "CHANGE" TO: " $\mathrm{C} \$: \operatorname{IF}$ LEN $(C \$)=\emptyset$ THEN $C \$=$ AM $\$$
$200 \mathrm{C}=\mathrm{VAL}(\operatorname{RIGHT} \$(C \$, 5)): C \$=S T R \$(C): I F C$ < 0 OR C > MX THEN 190
$210 \mathrm{~N}=2$ : IF MX $>99$ THEN $\mathrm{N}=4$
220 IF LEN (C $\$$ ) $<$ NTHEN C $\$=" 0 "+C \$$ : GOT0 220
$230 \mathrm{HB} \$=" 00 \mathrm{CLB}=$ RIGHT\$ (C\$,2): IFN=4 THEN HBS $=$ LEFT $\$(C \$, 2)$
$240 \mathrm{HB}=\mathrm{VAL}(\mathrm{LEFT} \$(\mathrm{HBS}, 1)) * 16+\mathrm{VAL}(\mathrm{RIGHT} \$$ (HB\$,1))

250 LB $=$ VAL $(\operatorname{LEFT} \$(\mathrm{LB} \$, 1)) * 16+$ VAL (RIGHT\$ (LB\$,1))
260 RETURN
270 TEXT : HOME : BD $\$=$ " -
$\qquad$
280 PRINT BD\$;: HTAB 8: PRINT "ULTIMA ${ }^{\Delta} V^{\Delta}$ CHARACTER ${ }^{\text {E }}$ EITOR" : HTAB 11: PRINT "BY ${ }^{\perp}$ ERIC ${ }^{\perp}$ DELBRIDGE" : PRINT BD $\$$ : POKE 34,5: VTAB 16: PRINT BDS: POKE 35, 15
290 VTAB 10: PRINT " ${ }^{\text {INSERTA }}$ BRITANNIAADISK ${ }^{4}$ AND ${ }^{\Delta}$ PRESSAANY ${ }^{\text {A }}$ "Y" : POKE - 16368,0
3001 PEEK $(-16384)$ < 128 THEN 300
310 POKE - 16368,0: PRINT CHR\$(4) "BLOAD ${ }^{\delta}$ ROSTER, ${ }^{4}$ A $\$ 8000,{ }^{4} D 1 "$
320 HOME : PRINT TAB( 5) " (1) ${ }^{\wedge}$ MAX $^{4}$ OUT ${ }^{4}$ CHARACTERS"
330 PRINT TAB (5) " (2) ${ }^{\text {AMAX }}{ }^{2}$ OUT ${ }^{2} W E A P O N S^{4} \&^{4} A R M O R "$
340 PRINT TAB (5) " (3) ${ }^{\text {a }}$ MAX $^{\perp}$ OUT ${ }^{\wedge}$ SPELLS"
350 PRINT TAB( 5) " (4) ${ }^{2}$ MAX $^{2}$ OUT ${ }^{2}$ POTIONS/ SCROLLS"
360 PRINT TAB (5) "(5) ${ }^{\text {™ }}$ MAX ${ }^{2}$ OUT${ }^{\wedge}$ REAGENTS"
370 PRINT TAB (5) " (6) ${ }^{\perp}$ EDIT ${ }^{\Delta}$ FOOD/GOLD/ETC. "
380 PRINT : PRINT TAB( 5 ) " (7) ${ }^{\wedge}$ SAVEAANDAQUIT"
390 POKE - 16368 , 0
$400 \mathrm{~K}=$ PEEK $(-16384)$ : IF $K<128$ THEN 400
410 POKE - 16368,0
420 IF K = 177 THEN 830
430 IF $=178$ THEN $Q \$=$ "MAXING ${ }^{2}$ OUT $^{2}$ WEAPONS ${ }^{\wedge} \&^{A}$ ARMOR" : S1 = 33280:S2 = 33343: GOTO 60
440 IF K = 179 THEN Q $\$=$ "MAXING ${ }^{3}$ OUT${ }^{\wedge}$ SPELLS" $: S 1$ $=33344:$ S2 = 33391: GOTO 60
450 IF K = 180 THEN Q $\$=$ "MAXING ${ }^{2}$ OUT ${ }^{2}$ POTIONS $\&^{2}$ SCROLLS" :S1 = 33392:S2 = 33407: GOTO 60
460 IF K = 181 THEN QS = "MAXING ${ }^{3}$ OUTTREAGENTS" $: S 1=33440:$ S2 = 33449: GOT0 60
470 IF K $=182$ THEN 550
480 IF K $=183$ THEN 500
490 GOTO 400
500 PRINT CHRS (4) "BSAVE ${ }^{\Delta}$ ROSTER, ${ }^{\wedge}$ A $\$ 8000 .{ }^{\wedge}$ L\$400, ${ }^{\text {D }}$ D1" : TEXT : HOME : PRINT "DONE"
510 END
520 REM
530 REM * MAX OUT FOOD/GOLD *
540 REM
550 HOME : PRINT TAB (5) " (1) ${ }^{\text {E EDITA }}$ GOLD"
560 PRINT TAB( 5 ) " (2) ${ }^{\text {a }}$ EDI $T^{\lambda}$ FOOD"
570 PRINT TAB (5) " (3) ${ }^{4}$ EDITT KEYS"
580 PRINT TAB (5) " (4) $)^{\text {E } E D I T A}$ GEMS"
590 PRINT TAB (5) " $(5)^{4}$ EDIT ${ }^{4}$ TORCHES"
600 PRINT TAB (5) " $(6)^{\wedge}$ EDITT${ }^{\wedge}$ GRAPPLING ${ }^{\text {A }}$ HOOK"
610 PRINT TAB (5) " (7) ${ }^{\wedge}$ EDIT${ }^{\wedge}$ FLYING ${ }^{\wedge}$ CARPETS"
620 PRINT: PRINT TAB( 5 ) " (8) ${ }^{\text {A }}$ RETURN ${ }^{\wedge}$ TO ${ }^{\wedge}$ MAIN ${ }^{4}$ MENU"
630 POKE - 16368,0
$640 \mathrm{~K}=$ PEEK ( -16384 ) : IF K < 128 THEN GOTO 640 650 POKE - 16368 , $\emptyset$
660 IF K $=177$ THEN LB $=$ PEEK ( 33154 ) : HB $=$ PEEK (33155): $\mathrm{MX}=9999:$ : $\$=$ "GOLD" $:$ GOSUB 80: POKE 33154, LB: POKE 33155, HB: GOTO 550
670 IF $\mathrm{K}=178$ THEN LB $=$ PEEK ( 33152 ) : $\mathrm{HB}=$ PEEK (33153): $\mathrm{MX}=9999:$ Q $=$ "FOOD": GOSUB 80: POKE 33152, LB: POKE 33153, HB: GOTO 550
680 IF K $=179$ THEN LB $=$ PEEK (33156):MX = 99: Q \$ = "KEYS" :GOSUB 80: POKE 33156, LB: GOTO 550

690 IF $=180$ THEN LB $=$ PEEK (33157) :MX $=99:$ Q $\$$ = "GEMS": GOSUB 80: POKE 33157, LB: GOTO 550
700 IF $\mathrm{K}=181$ THEN LB = PEEK (33158): MX = 99: $\mathrm{Q} \$$ = "TORCHES" : GOSUB 80: POKE 33158, LB: GOTO 550
710 IF K = 182 THEN 750
720 IF K = 183 THEN LB $=$ PEEK (33160) : MX = 99: $\mathrm{O} \$$ = "CARPETS" : GOSUB 80 : POKE 33160,LB: GOTO 55】
730 IF K = 184 THEN GOTO 320
740 GOTO 630
750 LB $=$ PEEK (33159) :A $={ }^{\prime \prime}($ NO $) ~ ": ~ I F L B=1$ THEN $A \$="(Y E S) "$
760 HOME :C\$ = "" : PRINT: $\mathrm{Q} \$=$ "GRAPPLING ${ }^{4} H O O K ?{ }^{4}$ " + A\$: HTAB $20-$ LEN ( $\$ \$$ ) 2: PRINT Q $\$$ : PRINT : HTAB 14: PRINT "CHANGE ${ }^{4}$ TO ${ }^{4}(\mathrm{Y} / \mathrm{N}): "$ ;: GET C : PRINT : IFC\$ = CHR\$ (13) THENC\$ $=\operatorname{MIDS}(A \$, 2,1)$
770 IFC\$ < > "Y" ANDCS < > "N" THEN 760
$780 \mathrm{LB}=0$ : $\mathrm{IF} \mathrm{CS}=" \mathrm{Y}$ " THEN $\mathrm{LB}=1$
790 POKE 33159, LB: GOTO 520
800 REM
810 REM * Max Out Party *
820 REM
830 HOME : PRINT : PRINT : HTAB 5: PRINT "MAXING ${ }^{\text { }}$ OUT${ }^{\text {C }}$ CHARACTER ${ }^{\text {( }}$ (00)" "
840 FOR $X=1$ TO 16:X\$ = RIGHTS (" $0 "+$ STR\$ $(X), 2)$ : PRINT CHR $\$(8)$ CHRS ( 8 ) CHR $\$(8) X \$$ ")" ;
$850 Y=32880+(16 * X)$
860 POKE $Y+4,48$ : POKE $Y+5,48$ : POKE $Y+6,48$ : POKE Y + 7, 153
870 POKE $Y+8,153$ : POKE $Y+9,153$ : POKE $Y+$ 10,153: POKE Y + 11,153
880 POKE $Y+12,153$ : POKE $Y+13,153$ : POKE $Y+14,9$
890 NEXT X
900 VTAB 7: PRINT "DONE" : GOTO 320
$910 \mathrm{~A}=98: \mathrm{B}=31$ : GOSUB 160: PRINT A\$, B\$: END

| Checksums |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 | - \$BADD | 470 | - \$821B |
| 20 | - \$9B13 | 480 | - \$3552 |
| 30 | - \$4D3B | 490 | - \$7045 |
| 40 | - \$AD92 | 500 | - \$47FB |
| 50 | - \$44ED | 510 | - \$556F |
| 60 | - \$948F | 520 | - \$EC10 |
| 70 | - \$B9AC | 530 | - \$CF8A |
| 80 | - \$C6F1 | 540 | - \$1D®A |
| 90 | - \$8500 | 550 | - \$751C |
| 190 | - \$E5D3 | 560 | - \$88D0 |
| 110 | - \$8612 | 570 | - \$A44E |
| 120 | - \$D6E7 | 580 | - \$7B8A |
| 130 | - \$FB22 | 590 | - \$50C3 |
| 140 | - \$2789 | 606 | - \$08CE |
| 150 | - \$8C5C | 610 | - \$5320 |
| 160 | - \$077F | 620 | - \$5693 |
| 170 | - \$6964 | 630 | - \$8B29 |
| 180 | - \$17E4 | 640 | - \$889B |
| 190 | - \$C589 | 650 | - \$9B26 |
| 200 | - \$303A | 660 | - \$787F |
| 210 | - \$CA2B | 676 | - \$6B9A |
| 220 | - \$C84A | 680 | - \$8EFF |


| 230 | - \$1FBA | 690 | - \$7827 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 240 | - \$9DBD | 700 | -\$0934 |
| 250 | - \$3CD8 | 710 | - \$204E |
| 260 | - \$FB2F | 720 | - \$F083 |
| 270 | - \$E6A2 | 730 | - \$792D |
| 280 | - \$6ACE | 740 | - \$6DDB |
| 290 | - \$3F03 | 750 | - \$360E |
| $30 \square$ | - \$6E7E | 760 | - \$E6AD |
| 310 | - \$5F2C | 770 | - \$A9DB |
| 320 | - \$3985 | 780 | - \$4C54 |
| 330 | - \$6272 | 790 | - \$CADB |
| 340 | - \$7F3A | 800 | - \$427E |
| 350 | - \$8EB1 | 810 | - \$8B2D |
| 360 | - \$10C3 | 820 | - \$A455 |
| 370 | - \$27B0 | 830 | - \$6094 |
| 380 | - \$2F9F | 840 | - \$A60A |
| 390 | - \$7807 | 850 | - \$6A51 |
| 400 | - \$9FA5 | 860 | - \$D5C9 |
| 410 | - \$FA45 | 876 | - \$E24A |
| 420 | - \$148A | 880 | - \$B037 |
| 430 | - \$2D3E | 890 | - \$C12A |
| 440 | - \$7EB2 | 900 | - \$9E54 |
| 450 | - \$8AE4 | 910 | - \$03DB |
| 460 | - \$1B1F |  |  |

## Playing Tips for...

## Untima V <br> Origin Systems

There are six steps needed to complete Ultima V. These are the six steps, with directions on how to complete them.

- Obtain all 3 shards. The shards are found in the underworld. Two of the coordinates are $(\mathrm{C}, \mathbf{5 0})$ and ( $\mathrm{B} \varnothing, \mathrm{BB}$ ). To find your coordinates press $\square_{2}$ on a IIgs or $\Theta$ (a) on a IIe. The last four numbers are your coordinates.
- Use the shards. Once you have the shards, go to each of the castles. Find the flames of truth, courage, and love. Get below the flame. Summon the shadowlord that is opposite to the flame (truth-falsehood, courage-cowardice, love-hatred). To do this you must shout their names. Falsehood is Faulinei, Hatred is Astaroth, Cowardice is Nosfentor. The lord will appear above the flame. Pass a turn, then use the correct shard, you have destroyed a shadowlord.
- Retrieve the lost articles. You must find the scepter, Crown, Amulet, and Sandalwood Box. They are in Stonegate, top level of Blackthorn's castle, lower left of underworld, top level of Lord British's castle, respectively.
- Become level 8.
- Quests. Go to each shrine and do what they tell you.
- Lord British will ordain you in your sleep once you have completed the above in any order. Then go to $(80,80)$ in the underworld, to the eight level. You must find a certain room, and stand before the mirror. You're done!


## Zorro

I would like to trade my original of Marble Madness by Electronic Arts for a working original of Rescue Raiders by Sir-Tech. When you respond, write your address also so I can give you mine.

Playing Tips for...

## Maniac Mansion

Lucasfilm

- The water valve, pool, and padlocks on the outer lab door all have something in common. Put one kid near the pool, and the other by the valve, turn on the valve, and see what lies in the depths.
- Where would you hide your tools? Look in the trunk outside.
- In the dungeon, if 2 go in, only 1 will come out with the help of a certain loose brick near a window.
- Just too wimpy to open the door? Pump some iron on the 3rd floor.
- Can't find the water valve? Pump iron and lift an exterior grate.



## 2400 AD Quick Mapper

For those of you that are playing 2400 A.D., here's a Q+D (Quick and Dirty) approach to mapping in 2400 A.D. The following list descibes each symbol:

+ Walls (even the ones that look like paneling)
S Gravity tube ENTRANCES and ladders
Counters (the kind in the kitchen)
Doors (both locked and unlocked)
/ Slidewalks
G Garbage that you CAN'T walk on
w Windows
F Force fields
The reason I included the ' $G$ ' is so I could get a map of the City Dump. I felt that these symbols would help me play the game without giving away too much information. Also, with about 255 different shapes (with some repeats), a program that would map everything would be way too slow.

This program maps the ground level of Metropolis. If you want to map the Underground, then make the following changes:

1. Lines $140-150$ change "/PLYR/MAP/"' to "/GAME/MAP"
2. Lines $1000-1010$ insert a REM at the begining.


When the program asks, "Which Page" it is asking you to input a number from 1-7 (for city) or 1-15 (for underground) from the the figures shown. If you map the entire city and put the pages together as shown in the figure, you will get a complete map of the city as it is in the game. This is not the case for the underground, though. In an attempt to save paper, three of the totally enclosed areas are not where they are in the game. The first of these is on page 7 , in the lower right comer. It is an enclosed room with one ' $S$ ' in it. The other two are on page 8. They are the top two rooms on the page. They are supposed to be on the 3rd level down, but I didn't want to waste a sheet of paper for just two rooms. If you don't understand, just play the game and it will become clear.

You probably noticed that I didn't include the upper floors of the buildings in this program. I didn't feel that it was necessary to have them, so I didn't put them in, but if anybody wants to be able to map them, then they can say so in a letter to the RDEX and I will give them the information they need. Also, if anybody wants to build this program into a complete mapper/editor, then go ahead, but make sure you share it with the rest of us by writing to COMPUTIST.

Oh, by the way, here are some important words that you need to know to play the game: ACCTRM, CHLOBU, DDDUD, EDDONE, LETSGO, MADEIT, and PERABR.
Figure 1: Metropolis

|  | Page 2 | Page 5 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Page 1 | Page 3 | Page 6 | Page 7 |
|  | Page 4 |  |  |

Figure 2 : Underground Level 1

| Page 1 | Page 3 | Page 5 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Page 2 | Page 4 | Page 6 | Page 7 |

Figure 3 : Underground Level 2

| Page 8 | Page 10 | Page 12 | Page 14 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Page 9 | Page 11 | Page 13 | Page 15 |
| MAPPER.2400AD |  |  |  |

10 REI * MAKE SURE YOU TYPE THIS IN USING PRODOS !!!!!!

## 20 REM *

30 REM * MAPPER. $2400 A D$ BY PAUL A. JOHNSON

## 40 REM *

100 DIM BY(56)
110 INPUT "WHICHA PAGEA (1-7):" ;PG
115 IF PG < $\varnothing$ THEN END
120 GOSUB 1000
130 FOR $Q=(P G-1) * 8+1$ TO (PG -1$) * 8+$ 8 STEP 2
140 PRINT CHRS (4) "BLOADA /PLYR/MAP,A8192, $\mathrm{L} 512, \mathrm{~B}$ " $\mathrm{BY}(\mathrm{Q}) * 512$
150 PRINT CHRS (4) "BLOAD ${ }^{4} /$ PLYR/MAP,A8704, $\mathrm{L} 512, \mathrm{~B}^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{BY}(\mathrm{Q}+1) * 512$
160 FOR $Y=0$ TO 15
$170 \operatorname{AS}(0)=" \mathrm{~A}: \mathrm{AS}(1)=" \mathrm{n}$
180 FOR X $=0$ TO 31
190 FOR $Z=0$ TO 1
$200 \mathrm{~A}(\mathrm{Z})=$ PEEK $(8192+32 * Y+X+512 * Z)$
210 IF $A(Z)>3$ AND $A(Z)<8$ OR A $(Z)=42$ ORA $(Z)$ $=48$ OR $A(Z)=224$ THEN A\$ $(Z)=A \$(Z)+{ }^{\circ}+{ }^{\prime \prime}$ : GOTO 300
220 IF $A(Z)<64$ AND $A(Z)>600 R A(Z)=560 R A(Z)$ $=57$ THEN AS $(Z)=A \$(Z)+" S ": ~ G O T O ~ 300 ~$
230 IFA $(Z)>63$ AND $A(Z)<68$ ORA $(Z)=720 R A(Z)$ $=73$ THEN A§ $(Z)=A \$(Z)+{ }^{n}: ":$ GOTO 300
240 IF A $(Z)>7$ AND A $(Z)<12$ THEN A $(Z)=A \$(Z)$ +".": GOTO 300
250 IF A $(Z)>31$ AND A $(Z)<36$ THEN AS $(Z)=$ A $\$(Z)$ + " $/$ " $:$ GOTO 300
260 IF A $(Z)=78$ OR A $(Z)=79$ THEN AS $(Z)=A S(Z)$ + "G" : GOTO 306
$270 \operatorname{IFA}(Z)=237$ ORA $(Z)=236$ THENA $(Z)=A \$(Z)$ + "w" : GOTO 300
280 IF $A(Z)=244$ THEN A\$ $(Z)=A \$(Z)+" F ": G O T O$ 300
$296 \mathrm{~A} \$(\mathrm{Z})=\mathrm{A} \$(\mathrm{Z})+\mathrm{n}$ " "
300 NEXT Z
310 NEXT X
320 PRINT AS( 0 );AS(1)
330 NEXT Y
340 PRINT CHRS (4) "FRE"
350 NEXT Q
360 PRINT CHRS (4) "PRHD" : GOTO 110 : END
1000 RESTORE : FORB $=1$ TO 56: READ BY(B) : NEXT : PRINT CHRS (4) "PR\#1": RETURN
1010 REM DATA $30,72,29,28,31,72,72,72,23,22$ ,72,21,72,20, $0,1,7,6,8,9,15,14,16,17$ ,72,32,72,33,72,34,72,35,25,27,24,26 , $72,72,2,3,5,4,10,11,13,12,18,19,72$, 38,36,37,72,39,72,72
1020 RESTORE : $\operatorname{FORB}=1$ TO 112: $\operatorname{READBY}(B)$ : NEXT : PRINT CHRS (4) "PRH1" : RETURN
1030 DATA $4,4,4,4,4,4,26,23,27,24,4,25,4,4$ , $4,4,4,4,4,4,7,8,6,4,19,2,18,3,17,16$ $, 4,4,21,4,20,4,9,10,5,11,1,12,0,13,1$ 5, 14, 4, 4, 4, 28, 4, 4, 4, 4, 4, 22
1040 DATA $53,54,4,4,4,4,51,4,4,50,4,49,4,4$ $, 4,4,4,29,4,30,31,32,4,40,4,41,48,47$ $, 4,52,4,4,4,4,4,4,33,34,39,38,42,43$, $46,45,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,35,4,37,36,44$, 4,4,4,4,4,4,4

| Checksums |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 | - \$BADD | 240 | - \$C335 |
| 20 | - \$9B13 | 250 | - \$5EE1 |
| 30 | - \$4D3B | 260 | - \$F3E1 |
| 40 | - \$AD92 | 270 | - \$4286 |
| 100 | - \$5FD8 | 280 | - \$4373 |
| 110 | - \$CE65 | 290 | - \$65C9 |
| 115 | - \$0AAD | 300 | - \$DDD8 |
| 120 | - \$F501 | 310 | - \$6624 |
| 130 | - \$6570 | 320 | - \$DFCA |
| 140 | - \$16B8 | 330 | - \$FB9E |
| 150 | - \$57F0 | 340 | - \$A336 |
| 160 | - \$E359 | 350 | - \$DD26 |
| 170 | - \$1E7B | 360 | - \$4B6C |
| 180 | - \$DD7F | 1000 | - \$DCBD |
| 190 | - \$6172 | 1010 | - \$D491 |
| 200 | - \$01C2 | 1020 | - \$D4Fø |
| 210 | - \$E82D | 1030 | - \$51FD |
| 220 | - \$3765 | 1040 | - \$3F7C |
| 230 | - \$FBDA |  |  |

## Doc Devious

I'd like to start, in the usual way, by saying that COMPUTIST is the best hacker magazine of its kind (actually, its the only one). I've read COMPUTIST since \#48 and thought it was about time I stopped mooching and contribute. With a magazine of this type, public response is absolutely neccessary (hint, hint). So, I'd like to start sending in stuff, hopefully I can send in something every issue ('lll see).

My nickname, as you can see above in the balloon, is DOC DEVIOUS. How did I get that you wonder, or you might not. Well the thing I do best is doing 'docs"' (that is, ATPs, hints, info) on games, and other things. My friends call me "Doc", as in Doc Who, Doc Holiday, or Doc in Forbidden Planet.

If anybody out there in Apple land needs help with any programs, in the form of info or otherwise, just crank up the bat signal, and ask for help in the RDEX. I'll do my darnest to help in any way I can.

## (7) To Edward Teach: In COMPUTIST

\#56, page 35, you mentioned the product Intercept 1.2. This sounds like a must have product for my sonic screwdriver collection, but you neglected to tell us where or how we could get this awesome item (like putting candy just out of a kid's reach). I'd be much obliged if you could give me an address or phone number to reach the distributors. Thanks.

## Note on Ultima V APT

It seems that if you edit your attributes, you only get 1 move out of 25 during a battle. Definitely not very good when you're fighting a shadowlord and you're alone in a corner with him pounding on you.

Kudos to Ronald Mundell (COMPUTIST \#56) and Les B. Minaker (COMPUTIST \#59) and all the rest for their Ultima $V$ help.

The only criticisms of Ultima V I have are the criptic writing (it stinks) which you have to decode, reagents, and you can get through the game without using a spell (of course, you can also cheat, one of my weaknesses).
(7) What is the sandelwood box for? What happens if you use the ankh? What do the spirit collars do?

## Giveaways for ULTIMA V

Disclaimer: I'm not sure everything is right. Do not read this unless you want to win easily!

- Words to open dungeons.
- covetous - malum
- hythloth - ignavus?
- destard - inopia
- shame - infama
- deceit - fallox
- despise - uvilis
- Blackthorn's palace is where Mondain's skull was.
- If you get caught by Blackthorn, DO NOT tell him the mantras because he uses the mantra to destroy the shrines. Ask Gorn in prison about escape, search for keys in the middle brazier. Attack the guards before they attack you!
- If you get a shrine blown up, go to it and pay for its rebuilding.
- Smith the talking horse is in Iolo's barn the second time you go in there. Use the well to wish for a horse.
- Glass sword is in serpent's spine mts range.
(Where the big ankh was in Ultima IV.)
- Where the bell of courage was in Ultima IV, there is a hut now, talk to the guy there and he will tell you about the shadowlords.
- Mystics in abyss thru hythloth.

You can take a one-way trip to underworld via whirlpool.

- Places to find people.
- Mariah - Lycaem
- Gorn - Blackthorn's palace
- Sentri - Brodermarch
- Dupre - Brodermarch
- Geoffrey - Bucanneer's Den
- Katrina - New Magincia
- Jaana - Yew
- Gwenno - Britain
- Johne - find him in underworld via the whirlpool
- Shamino - already have
- Iolo - already have
- Julia - ?
- Maxwell - student somewhere?
- Toshi - ?
- Saduj - ?
- Stonegate: The shadowlords hell in Britannia.
- Need skull keys
- answer to daemon's riddle - a well
- all the shadowlord's are here (just time stop them)
- sceptre of LB (Lord British) is here, it dispels all fields (poison, fire, etc), Shadowlords will take this back if they catch you, or do battle with you!
- Amulet of LB: Follow LB's path in underworld (use falls in small lake SW of Trinsic) then go S, W past S tributary, $\mathbf{N}$ at fork (wall on right) and land on southern shore. Go SE, row $S$ by SE following shore. At southern shore, follow westernmost of two streams, continue N , the go S , row S , through 4 falls. Land on southern shore. Go $S$ through fissure in cliff wall (path curves $\mathbf{N}$ ). Watch out for tentacles. Flee to N side of cavern, go E , then head $S$ again. (Large cavern.) Turn right and hug southern wall, wall curves N , take NE passage. You should be in a large grassy area. You'll probably be attacked by mongo bats. That's it! You're where the Shadowlords downed British!
- Known settlements and virtue held (if any):
- LB's castle (of course)
- Lycaeum
- Empath Abbey - love
- Serpent's Hold - valor
- Britain
- N, W, E Britainny
- Buccaneer's Den
- Cove - compassion?
- Jhelom - spirituality?
- Minoc - sacrifice
- Moonglow - honesty
- New Maginicia
- Paws
- Skara Brae - humility
- Trinsic - honor
- Yew - justice
- 4 lighthouses
- Location of shards.
- falsehood - dungeon deceit - go SW to intersection, NW then NE, W, SW, then across five Ws.
- hate - underworld or shame? - if underworld then at LI,LA (lat., long.)?
- cowardice - ?
- Stars: You get a couple of chances to look at the stars. They correspond to a major city, and the three comets are the shadowlords attacking the city. Starting from the sun (LB's castle?) the orbits are spirling out
- honesty
- compassion
- valor
- justice
- sacrifice
- spirituality
- humility
each virtue corresponds to above city, towne, etc.
- Spells, levels, descriptions, and when you can use it. Level corresponds to users level needed to cast. (Key to abbreviations for when
to use: at-anytime, cm-combat, nc-noncombat, dn-dungeon.)
1st level (circle)

| An Nox | cure poison | at |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| An Zu | awaken | cm |
| Grav Por | missile | cm |
| In Lor | light | nc |
| Mani | heal | at |

2nd level

| An Sanct | unlock | at |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| An Xen Corp | repel undead | cm |
| In Wis | locate (lat,long) | nc |
| Kal Xen | call animal | cm |
| Rel Hur | wind change | nc |

## 3rd level

| In Flam Grav | wall of fire | $\mathrm{dn} / \mathrm{cm}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| In Nox Grav | wall of poison | $\mathrm{dn} / \mathrm{cm}$ |
| In Por | blink | at |
| In Zu Grav | wall of sleep | $\mathrm{dn} / \mathrm{cm}$ |
| Vas Flam | ball of flames | cm |
| Vas Lor | great light | nc |

4th level

| An Grav | dispell field | at |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Des Por | move down | dn |
| In Sanct | protection | at |
| In Sanct Grav | protection field | $\mathrm{dn} / \mathrm{cm}$ |
| Uus Por | move up | dn |
| Wis Quas | reveal | cm |

## 5th level

| An Ex Por | magic lock | at |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| In Bet Xen | insect swarm | cm |
| In Ex Por | magic unlock | at |
| In Zu | sleep | $\mathbf{c m}$ |
| Rel Tym | quickness | cm |
| Vas Mani | great heal | nc |

6th level

| An Xen Ex | charm | cm |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| In An | negate magic | at |
| In Vas Por Ylem | tremor | $\mathbf{c m}$ |
| Quas An Wis | confuse | $\mathbf{c m}$ |
| Wis An Ylem | xray | nc |

7th level

| In Nox Hur | poison wind | cm |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| In Quas Corp | fear | cm |
| In Quas Wis | peer | nc |
| In Quas Xen | clone | cm |
| Sanct Lor | invisiblity | cm |
| Xen Corp | kill | cm |

8th level

| An Tym | stop time | at |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| In Flam Hur | flame wind | cm |
| In Mani Corp | resurrect | nc |
| In Vas Grav Corp | cone of energy | cm |
| Kal Xen Corp | summon | cm |
| Vas Rel Por | gate travel | nc |

- Be careful when using combat spells, always position the caster at the front of the group so he doesn't hit any other of your party (a new factor), this goes for weapons to (you can't shoot through your guys!).
- In the tower of LB's castle, use the cannons to kill the guard and blow open the locked door to get into his quarters. The carpet in his room is a magic flying carpet, you will need this. You can keep getting magic carpets when you leave the castle and come back.
- Avoid gargoyles at all costs, unless all of your party has invisibility rings, because when hit they split into two new creatures!
- The crown of LB makes all magic useless in Blackthorn's palace, it absorbs it.
- You can get more than one skiff onto a boat. Kill some pirates, board their ship, X)it, and board your own.
- You need a magic bow to normally get each shard, you have to shoot them so they glide over the water to you??
- When a shadowlord is attacking a city, and you enter that city, it will say a aura of so-andso surrounds you, if its hate, people will attack you, if cowardice, they run away, if falsehood, then what, they lie??
- When following the path of LB to the underworld, you should see the bodies of the deceased knights that died while helping LB. ??
- That familiar figure in your campfire is none other than LB.


## Sound Bugs

When they rushed out Ultima V, they goofed up on some sound routines when dealing with an Igs and the following sound cards:

1. Mockingboard
2. Phasor
3. Passport MIDI

You will not get the quality sound from the game that you should, unless you type the following program in!
10 REM ULTIMA V WUSIC PATCH FOR THE APPLE IIGS 20 FOR I = 768 TO 802: READ A: POKE I,A: NEXT : CALL 768
30
DATA
$24,251,194,48,244,11,0,162,3,35,34, \varnothing$ , $\varnothing, 225,244,4, \varnothing$
46 DATA $244,0,0,244,0,3,162,3,16,34,0,0,22$ $5,56,251,226,48,96$

| Checksums |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 | $-\$ B A D D$ | $3 \emptyset$ | $-\$ 3 B F 1$ |
| $2 \emptyset$ | $-\$ 9 A E 2$ | $4 \emptyset$ | $-\$ 835 F$ |

SAVE it, then run it. Insert the Ultima V program disk, and PR\#6. Have fun!

For the pro-hackers: (the assembled version of above patch)
300: 18
Go to 65816 native mode

301: FB
302: C2 30
304: F49B00
307: A203 23
30A: 220000 E 1
30E: F4 0400
311: F400 00
314: F4 0003
317: A203 10
31A: 220000 El
31E: 38
31F: FB
320: E2 30 322: 60

Thats all the docs I can rack my brain for at the moment, hope you have fun saving Britiania from evil.

## Program Shorts

I really hate those gigantic programs that you spend hours typing. So here are some short programs (compiled for all over) that do really interesting things.

- Tells you which operating system your using.
10 IF PEEK (48640) $=76$ THEN PRINT "PRODOS ${ }^{4}$
INSTALLED" : GOTO 30
20 PRINT "DOS $3.3^{4}$ INSTALLED"
30 END

| Checksums |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $1 \emptyset$ | $-\$ 836 \mathrm{~F}$ | $3 \emptyset$ | $-\$ 0405$ |
| $2 \emptyset$ | $-\$ 56 \mathrm{BC}$ |  |  |

- Adds a patch to DOS 3.3 CATALOG command.

1. in 40 -col mode it displays in 2 columns
2. lock files in inverse
3. deleted files indicated with \# symbol

10 FOR I $=-20945$ TO-20941: POKE I, 234: NEXT
20 POKE - 29969,14: POKE - 21084,44: POKE 20931,44
30 POKE - 21049, 142: POKE - 21048,253: POKE 21079, 88
40 POKE - 21078, 252: POKE - 17159,142: POKE 17158, 253
50 POKE FOR $1=-21031$ TO-20995: READ X: POKE I, X: NEXT
60 DATA $48,31,189,200,180,41,127,160,7,10$. $10,176,3,136,208,250,185,167,179,72$,
189,200, 180, 16, 3, 104, 208, 7, 104, 208,6 ,234,169,35,41,63

| Checksums |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 | $-\$ B 839$ | 40 | $-\$ E 295$ |
| 20 | $-\$ 4 B C 1$ | $5 \emptyset$ | $-\$ 2625$ |
| $3 \emptyset$ | $-\$ 86 D 9$ | $6 \emptyset$ | $-\$ A C 9 B$ |

To install, RUN this program, then INIT the disks you want this patch to be put on.

- Find AppleMouse II card in any slot if present.

1. Put \# of slot of card in variable $M$

10 FOR T $=0$ T0 6: IF PEEK $(49429+(T * 256))=$ 32 AND PEEK $(49659+(T * 256))=214$ THEN $M=T+1$ : PRINT M: END
20 NEXT : END

| Checksums |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 | $-\$ B F C C$ | 20 | $-\$ 176 \mathrm{E}$ |

- Find each ProDOS storage devices slot, and drive \#, as defined by the ProDOS global page. Should be run under ProDOS 1.2 or later.

```
10 DIM DR(14),SL(14):N = PEEK (48945) +1
20 FOR X = 1 TO N:C = PEEK ( X + 48945):I = (C >
    128):DR=1:DR(X)=CR+I:C=C - 128*
    I:SL(X) = INT (C / 16) : NEXT
30 FOR C = 1 TON: PRINT "SLOT" SL(C) ","DRIVEA
    " DR(C): NEXT
```

| Checksums |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 | $-\$ 7 F A A$ | 30 | $-\$ 2 C 74$ |
| 20 | $-\$ B 66 C$ |  |  |

- Let GOTO and GOSUB use variables with amperstand. For example:
10 LET JAIL $=100:$ \& GOTO JAIL
$20 \&$ GOSUB INT (RND (1) * 9) * 100
Also fixes RETURN bug, do a " $\&$
RETURN" instead of normal "RETURN". Does NOT work for IIgs.



 ND7D2G"
20 FOR $1=1$ TOLEN (HEXS) : POKE $511+1$, ASC ( MID\$ (HEX $\$ 1,1)$ ) +128 : NEXT
30 POKE 72, 0 : CALL - 144

| Checksums |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 10 | $-\$ C D 87$ | 30 | $-\$ 33 F 6$ |
| 20 | $-\$ 102 B$ |  |  |

- Shows which computer it is being run on.

| II | Apple II |
| :--- | :--- |
| II + | Apple II + |
| IIE | Apple IIe |
| IIE + | Enhanced IIe |
| IIC | Apple IIc |
| IC + | Enhanced IIc |
| IIgs | Apple IIgs |

10 FOR $K=0$ TO 15: READ A: POKE $768+K, A:$ NEXT
20 DATA $56,32,31,254,144,4,169,0,240,2,169$, $1,141,16,3,96$


|  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Checksums |  |  |  |
| 10 | - \$7377 | 30 | - \$746F |
| 20 | - \$7FAD | 40 | - \$BA9E |

(3) In my original of Wing's of Fury, I cannot sector edit it or anything. Every track and sector is bad, and the drive guns. Is this the work of altered prologs and analogs? Can somebody help?

## Bit Copy for...

| Airheart <br> Broderbund |
| :---: |

1
2Formatted a blank with DOS 3.3.
Copy to the formatted disk with Locksmith 6.0, slow copying.
3 Copy again, to the same disk, but using EDD v3 with automatic retry.

It works for me on my IIgs. It guns in the beginning (nibble count), but it continues and plays fine (love that double hires).

I tried the copy on a friends IIe and after dying, you have to reboot the disk, but not so on the IIgs!
(3) Can somebody explain the meaning of Copy II Plus parms, they don't make very good sense. If somebody did explain, I could just convert them to IOB format. I have most of the MOST WANTED games on parms.

I'd just like to take this space to say... GET RID OF THE IBM SECTION! This is an Apple mag, not for the blue clones. Thats why I subscribed, and you don't seem to be getting a great deal of material for that section anyway.

Suggestion - Why don't you sponsor contests like other magazines. For example; Make a prog of 2 lines or less that searches for a hex number in memory? Something to get the hackers of COMPUTIST excited, and for a reward, offer disks or free issues.

Suggestion - Make a section for BBS listings. You can find many telephone numbers in the magazine called COMPUTER SHOPPER, pages 170 -174 usually. Just state that you accept no responsiblity for the numbers printed there.
(3) Having just killed the black lord in Phantasie (I know its old), a couple questions linger in my mind:

1. How do you kill him permanently? Can you? 2. What does the spell ( $\mathbf{\# 6 0}$ ), that Zeus gives you after defeating Nickademos, do?
2. How do you use the rings?
3. How do you use the wand?
(?) Have you ever heard of the utility called DARK II, its main function is to fix bad disks, but you can do much more with it.
1) find hidden catalogs
2) read all files
3) fix all files
4) change location of catalog track
5) examine files
6) look at picture files
7) and more...

I applaude Gerald E. Myers for his articles in COMPUTIST \#59, well done. I'm sure they'll help more than one novice.

Playing Tips for...

| AutoDuel |
| :---: |
| Origin Systems |

If you drive into a city that has no garage, enter a truck stop. Tell the guy you want to take the bus and when he asks you if you really want to leave your car on the streets, press the space bar. You'll wind up where you wanted to go, and bring your car on the bus at the same time!

Suggestion - When submitting cracks, always give the original byte values, because they may not be in that same location on another disk. And when doing $31 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ disk cracks, please tell what file your editing to (so if they don't have a block editor, they can enter BASIC and BLOAD that file then edit it in the monitor).

APT request - Could somebody come up with a advanced playing techique for THEXDER? It's an great game for the IIgs, but I just can't get past the missiles in the end of level 3. Maybe have it so you can jump up levels, or have max energy forever? I can't wait to see the other 13 levels of the game. Thanks to the hacker that does this!
(3) Anybody here or have the game Alien Mind? I've read the reviews, it supposed to be like Gauntlet with the play and onslaught of alien hordes, sounds like mucho fun. Its for the IIgs so it promises great everything. Could someone review it? Thanks.

Well, by now my letter is the size of a medium term paper, so I'll have to be ending it, but remember, you can always ask for the Doc for answers. Till next issue, keep hacking. Doc Devious $-\backslash 1 /-$, Elite member of the SPS (Self Preservation Society).
P.S. We're always watching for potential new members!

MOST WANTED

Softheyss
Alcon Taito
Alien Mind PBI Soffware
Ancient Art of War at Sea Broderbund Artanoid Taito
Bad Street Brawler Mindscape
Beyond Zork Infocom
Border Zone Infocom
Bubble Bobble Taito
California Games (IIgs) Epyx
Cosmic Relief Datasofi Darklord Datasoft
Design Your Own Truin Abracadata
Disc Commander (IIgs) So What Sofware
Dive Bomber U.S. Gold
Dungeon Masters Assistant vol. I:Encounter SSI
DROL Broderbund
Eliminator Adventure Intemational
Explore-Australia Dataflow Computer Service
Gladiator Tatio
Gutenbery Sr. Micromation LTD.
Iconix (IIgs) So What Software Impossible Mission II Epyx Indoor Sports Mindscape
Into the Eagles Nest Mindscape
Jigsaw: The Oltimate E. Puzzle (IIgs) Britannica Software Joker Poker Mindscape
King of Chicago Cineware
La. Crackdown EPYX
Last Ninja Activision
Mini-Putt Accolade
Modem MGR MGR soffware National Inspirer Tom Snyder Productions

Operation Wolf Taito Pool of Radiance SSI
Quadratic Equations II Olympus Educational Software Questron II Electronic Arts Rastan Taito Renegade Taito
Rocket Ranger (IIgs) Cinemaware
S.D.I. (IIgs) Cinemaware

Sea Salker Broderbund
Show-Off v1. 1 Broderbund
Sky Shark Taito
Soko-Ban Spectrum Holobyte
Sonir (IIgs) So What Software Sound Song \& Vision Advanced Sofware Spare Change Broderbund
Speedy Spides Readers Digest
Stellar 7 Software Enterainment
StickyBear Math: Add \& Subract ?
Street Sports Soccer Epyx
Strike Fied Electronic Ars
Superstar Indoor Sports Mindscape
Test Drive Accolade
The Games: Summer Edition Epyx
The Games: Wiuter Edition Epyx
The Three Stooges (IIgs) Cinemaware
Ticket to Washington D.C. Blue Lion Sofiware
Times of Lore Origin Systems
Tomahawk Electronic Ants
Tomahawk (IIgs) Datasof
Wasteland Electronic Arrs
Wizardy:Return of Werda Sir-Tech.
Zorkgust Infocom

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## 57

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Master graphics olower case letters For Your Apole II Plus
-The Product Monitor •Apple llc Paddle Fix •Sottkey for Daisy Professional 'Most-Protected' Award 0 DOS EOR Maker - Softkeys: A2-PB1 Pinball $\bullet$ Animate $\bullet$ Bank Street Music Writer - Boulderdash Construction Kit ${ }^{\bullet}$ California Games ${ }^{\bullet}$ Countdown to Shutdown $\cdot$ Coveted Mirror ${ }^{*}$ Create with Garrield •Daisy Professional •Destroyer •Donkey Kong ${ }^{\bullet}$ Expedition Amazon -General Chemistry Disk \#8 - Graphics Studio ${ }^{\circ}$ Green Globs \& Graphic Equations *Kalamazoo Teacher's Record Book 2.0 •Kids on Keys •Marble Madness •Math Blaster •Maxwell Manor - Peanut's Maze Marathon •Petro-Calc •Police Arrist •Practical Grammar •Rendezvous •Ring Quest •Roadwar Europa -Roadwar 2000 •Rocky Horror Show -Sesame Street Electric Coloring Book Series -Sesame Street Letters for You - Sesame Street Numbers -Seven Cities of Gold •Snoopy's Reading Machine -Spy's Adventures In Europe ©Spy's Demise •Super Sunday Football •Talisman •Tellstar II $\bullet$ Top Draw v1.01A •The American Challenge - The Dam Busters $\bullet$ The Science Protessor -Tubeway -Vocabulary Adventure I © Winter Games ${ }^{\circ}$ Wizards Crown •Zero-Gravity Pinball eAPTs: Expedition Amazon
 || $\bullet$ Lurking Horror Maniac Mansion ostationtall IBM Feature: -Introduction to IBM Disk Format, Access, and Copy.protection -Putting Sargon ill on harddisk IBM Softkeys: •Prokey 3.0 $\cdot$ R:base $400 \cdot$ Time Manager

53 March 1988 © Features: $\quad$ Modify Super IOB to read/write every other track eAPT for Rings Of Zilin: Turn yourself into a lean, mean fighting Machine $\bullet$ More Softkeys for M.E.C.C. software (1987) •How To Use The Electronic Ar's RWTS •APT for Reaims Of Darkness: Realm's Wrecker! •Putting Super Boulder Dash onlo a hard disk ©Sotkeys: 2400 A.D. $\bullet$ Age Of Adventure •Apple's Core II *Arcade Boot Camp arctic Fox -Aztec •Ballblazer •Bard's Tale llgs •Blue Powder Gray Smoke - California Games ${ }^{\circ}$ Championship Wrestling ${ }^{\circ}$ Colonial Conquest -Comprehension Skills I,ll -Conquering Whole Numbers -Coordinate Math ${ }^{\circ}$ Countdown To Shuidown ${ }^{\text {D Dataquest: The }}$ World Community $\cdot$ Destroyer $\cdot$ Dream House $\cdot$ Dream Zone -Earth Orbit Station ${ }^{-}$Equation Malh $\bullet$ Forecast: Your At-Home Weather Station ofraction Concepts Inc ofraction Munchers -Fraction Practice Unlimited •GBA Championship Basketball - Genesis $\bullet$ GFL Football •Ghost Rider $\bullet$ Goonies $\bullet$ Grade Manager v2.3 Great American Cross-country Road Race - Hardball ligs - Ikari Warrior • Jenny's Journeys •Kid Niki Radical Ninja •KungFu Master ©Learning To Tell Time -Leisure Suit Lary Let's Learn About Money $\operatorname{Let}$ 's Learn About The Library $\operatorname{Let}$ eters For You $-L$ Lords Of Conquest $\bullet$ Magic Spells $\bullet$ Math Blaster -Money Works - Maps \& Globes: Latitude \& Longitude •Marble Madness - Microzine 18,19,20,21,22,23 - Mist - Morning Star Math ${ }^{\text {Movie }}$ Monster Game -Multiplication Puzzles -Multiscribe v3.0c $\bullet$ Murder On The Mississippi - Music Made Easy •Mystery Sentences - Number Munchers ${ }^{\circ}$ Numbers Count $\cdot$ Odell Lake ${ }^{\circ}$ Operation Frog •Opposiles Attract •Oregon Trail v1. 4 •Phonics Prime Time: Biends \& Digraphs aPhonics Prime Time: Vowels I, Il $\bullet$ Puzzles \& Posters $\cdot$ Quotient Quest •Reader Rabbit •Reading Style Inventory -Realm Of Impossibility -Sesame Street 'Crayon' series - Shanghai -Sons OI Liberty - Space Quest v2.2 - Story Book: Pixelworks ©Story Tree ©Subtraction Puzzles ©Super Huey ${ }^{\circ}$ Super Wordfind $\bullet$ Tass Times In Tonetown •Those Amazing Reading Machines III, N •Timothy Leary's Mind Mirror •To Preserve, Protect and Defend -Tower Of Myraglen -Troll's 'MicroCoarseware' series Webster: The Word Game •Word Munchers eWords At Work: Compound It oWords At Work: Suffix Sense - World Games •World's Greatest Baseball Game -World Karate Championship Writer Rabbit -Zoyon Patrol APTs: -Buck Rogers olkari Warior $\left.\begin{array}{rl} \\ K\end{array}\right)$ llgs $\cdot$ Marble Madness $\cdot$ Reaim Of Darkness •Rings Of Zilfin -Space Quest llgs *Super Boulder Dash © Playing Tips: $\stackrel{2400}{ }$ A.D. ©Donkey Kong $\bullet$ Infiltrator ${ }^{\text {S Space Quest Ilgs }}$ •Spy Hunter -Swashbuckier •Thexder ©Ultima II • IBM Softkeys: ©EasyWriter 1.0, || •Zork III

52 February 1988 \& Features: ©The Product Monitor -Unprolecting The Unprotectable: Macintosh Sottikeys! $\cdot$ A.P.T. Cornucopia $A$ APT:Alternate Reality-Dungeon: Create A Superhuman asotkey for SSI's RDOS disks: 1.ProDOS RDOS, 2.RDOS Transfer Utility Making Cracked II Plus Disks Work On The IIc © Softkeys: *Apple Gradebook v2.6 ${ }^{\circ}$ Award Maker Plus ${ }^{\circ}$ Black Cauldron $\bullet^{B}$ Black Magic ${ }^{\circ}$ Calitornia Games ${ }^{\circ}$ Car Builder ${ }^{-}$Color Print Shop •Computer Ambush ${ }^{-}$Concepts In Science $\bullet$ Disney's Comic Strip Maker $\bullet$ Elite $\bullet$ Empire I, II $\bullet$ European Nations \& Locations -Fooblitsky GGrid Designer •H.E.R.O. •|kari Warriors - Infiltrator II •Le Francais par Ordinateur •Little Computer People's House on a Disk \&Main Street Filer •Master Diagnostics lle $\star$ MegaFiler $\star$ MegaMerge $\cdot$ Microzine 23 -Might \& Magic $\star$ Millionaire •Mindplay sottware •Music Construction Set -Nibbler •Operation Market Garden •Phantasie \&Planettall - PrintMaster Plus •Print Shop ©Questron $\bullet$ Regatta $\bullet$ Ring Quest -Ringside Seat •Rings Of Zilfin •Shanghai - Silent Service - Snooper Troops ${ }^{\text {DSpy's }}$ Adventure in N. America ${ }^{\circ}$ Super Print -Tass Times In Tonetown •Think Quick *Transylvania •Ulitima I re-release -Where in the USA is Carmen Sandiego -World Games $\star$ Zork I ( $\star$ Macintosh sotkey) \&A.P.T.s: Alternate Reality: The Dungeon •Arclic Fox •Bard's Tale il •Beyond Zork - Black Magic ${ }^{\bullet}$ Cavern Creatures ${ }^{0}$ Drol $\bullet$ Goonies ${ }^{1}$ kari Warriors -Zorro Playing Tips: Beyond Castle Wolfenstein ${ }^{\bullet}$ Championship Lode Runner ${ }^{\bullet}$ Conan ${ }^{*}$ King's Queen II $\bullet$ Lode Runner $\cdot$ Lurking Horror e Station Fall •Ulltima IV -Zork IBM Softkeys: $\operatorname{LLotus~1-2-3}$ •Flight Simulator $\cdot$ PFS Report IBM APTs: •Bard's Tale

51 January 1988 Features: •The Crypt-arithmetic Helper ©Using EDD IV to Modity Tracks And Sectors •Bard's Tale APT: Dungeon Mapper Revisited •RAMiactor mod for Laser 128 -Ullima N APT edit-tables •The Product Monitor ${ }^{\text {Get Better }}$ Sound by using the cassette jacks $\cdot$ Making A Fast Boot Disk - Might \& Magic APT edit-tables Sotkeys: $\bullet 2400$ AD $\cdot$ Aliens $\bullet$ Alphabet Z00 $\bullet$ Amnesia •Bag Of Tricks $\bullet$ Bard's Tale I •Bard's Tale II •Battle Cruiser •Beach-head II -Below The Root •Black Magic -Body Awareness -Bridge 4.0 -Carriers Ai War ${ }^{\circ}$ Catalyst $3.0{ }^{\circ}$ Centipede ${ }^{\circ}$ Championship Boxing ${ }^{\circ}$ Championship Wrestling -Chessmaster $2000 \cdot{ }^{\circ}$ Combining The Elements ${ }^{\circ}$ Commando -Creative Contraptions ${ }^{-}$Einstein Compiler -Fat City - Fight Night -Flight Simulator V2.0 ${ }^{\circ}$ Fun with Direction $\cdot G B A$ 2-On-2 Championship Basketball $\bullet$ GraphicWriter v1.1RA $\bullet$ Growing Up
 -Knowing Numbers $\operatorname{kung}-f u$ Master -Law Of The West - Learning Well series $\cdot$ Letters And Words ${ }^{\text {Little }}$ Computer People - Make Your Own Murder Party - Manic Mansion - Master Diagnostics $\cdot$ Movie Maker •Music Construction Set •Pinball Construction Set $\bullet$ Pilstop $Q^{\text {Print Shop Graphics Library Holiday }}$ - Print Shop Ilgs ${ }^{\text {Rendezvous }}$ •Shapes And Patterns $\cdot$ Silent Service •Sorcerer •Spy vs Spy I \& II -Stargate -Stellar 7 - Stickybear ABCs ${ }^{\circ}$ Stickybear Drawing ${ }^{\circ}$ Stickybear Numbers - Stickybear Printer ©Stickybear Printer Library I \& \| 0 -Stickybear Townbuilder •Super Boulderdash •Temple Of Apshai Trilogy - Tomahawk •Thexder oWalt Disney's Card And Party Shop •Walt Disney's Cartoon Maker •Wings Of Fury -Word Maze -World's Greatest Baseball Game •Zork III A.P.T.s: Bard's Tale ${ }^{\text {Lode }}$ Runner oMight \& Magic ©Utitima IV oW. Disney's Card And Party Shop •Wizardry III • Wizardry IV Playing Tips: •Autoduel *King's Quest •Manic Mansion ©Summer Games •Tass Times In Tonetown •Thexder -Where In the World is Carmen Sandiego?
51 December 1987 Features: *Super Boulderdash APT-writer -Sotkeys to Activision/ MECCI and PFS ProDOS/ sotware -Double F-8 ROM space wlo motherboard surgery ACeApple bimodal Swilch "Using Sider hard drives $31 / 2$ ", 800K drives, \& $51 / 4$ " drives in DOS 3.3 Softkeys: $\bullet A l i e n s ~ \cdot A l t e r ~ E g o ~$ - Alternate Reality •Amazing Reading Machines *Amazon - American Challenge $\bullet$ Arcade Album \#1 $\bullet$ Arithmetic Critters -Award Maker •Baseball Database •Bard's Tale Il: Destiny Knight - BC's Quest for Tires •Bop \& Wrestle •Champ. Boxing ${ }^{\circ}$ Champ. Wrestling *Clock Works ${ }^{\circ}$ Commando ${ }^{\circ}$ Computer Prep for SAT -Conflict In Vietnam $\cdot$ Counting Critters ${ }^{\circ}$ Crisis Mountain -Dataquest 50 States $\bullet$ Deluxe Paint $\mid 1 \cdot$ Dino Eggs $\bullet$ Disney Card \& Party Shop •Disney Comic Stirip Maker ${ }^{-}$Draw Plus ${ }^{\circ}$ Eidolon - Electric Crayon ABCs •Expedition Amazon ${ }^{\circ}$ Facemaker •First Letter Fun ${ }^{\circ}$ Fish Scales •Fun From A-Z ${ }^{\circ}$ Game Maker $\bullet$ GBA

Champ. Basketball •GFL Champ. Football •Graphicwiter 1.OR/1.1R •Great Road Race - Hacker || •Hardbal •Infiltrator II -Instant Music •James Bond ©07: A View To A Kill •Jenny's Journeys •Kung Fu Master $\stackrel{L i t i t l}{ }$ People •List Handler •Manic Mansion - Mastery Arithmetic Games Market Place •Master of Lamp •Math Rabbit •Microzine $\# 17 \cdot$ Might and Magic $\cdot$ Mission In Solar System - Moebius ${ }^{\text {Music Construction Set a Music Studio }}$ -Number Munchers •Paint With Words •Paintworks Plus •Path Tactics $⿰$ pfs:File $\bullet$ pts:Graph $\bullet$ pls:Plan $\bullet$ pis:Report •pls:Write $-P h o n i c s$ Prime Time $\bullet$ Portal •Principal's Assistant $\bullet$ Print Shop ProDOS 8v1.4 Print Shop Holiday Edition ©Quickflash! 0 Reader Rabbit •Realm of Impossibility •Robot Odyssey I v.2.0 R Rocky Horror Show •Rocky's Boots v4.0 - Saracen •Shanghai •Silent Service -Skylab ©Sound Tracks ${ }^{\text {S Speedy Math }}$-Spindizzy -Street Sports Baseball •Sub-Mission •Super Boulderdash •Tass Times in Tonetown -Thexder -Top Fuel Eliminator •Word Handler -Word Munchers -Words at Work -World Karate Champ. -Writer's Choice: Elite •Zardax v5.2.1
4.9

November 1987 Features: •Eliminate some ProDOS erroneous error messages -Dateltime without a clock card - Sector surgery: recover lost files ${ }^{\text {Generating Applesoft }}$ programs 'on-the-fly' PPoduct Monitor reviews © PLUS' How to convert List Handler files into standard text files •How to make GRAPHIC.GRABBERv3 run on the llgs 2 Laser 128 'absolute' RESET Playing Tips: •Bard's Tale II •Conan •Donkey Kong -Hacker I Hard Hat Mack •Orbitron •Print Shoo Companion -Spelibreaker ©Spy Hunter •UUtima 4 A.P. T.s: Infiltralor - Lode Runner ${ }^{\text {M Montezuma's Revenge }}$-Swordthrust series Softkeys: -Addition Logician •Animate •Arcade Boot Camp •Arctic Fox -Bard's Tale ll $\cdot$ Cat'n Mouse ${ }^{\circ}$ Counting Critters •Dam Busters $\dagger$-Destroyer •Draw Plus v1.0 - Dr. Ruth's Comp. Game Of Good Sex ${ }^{\circ}$ Echo 1.0 -E.D.D. 4 -Gamemaker - Hard Ball onfilitrator LList Handler $\dagger \cdot$ Locksmith 6.0 Fastcopy $\dagger \bullet$ Magic Slate $\bullet$ Math Critters -Millionaire -Mind Mirror •One On One •Paintworks Plus v1.0 -Paintworks Plus v1. 1 •PHM Pegasus •Portal •Quotient Quest -Reader Rabbit •Saunder's Chemistry CAI -Science Tookit -Shanghai -Strip Poker $\dagger$ - Super Bunny - Super Sunday - Swordhrust series $\dagger$-Term Paper Writer •Thief $\bullet$ Top Fuel Eliminator •Typing! † Up-n-Down -Willy Byte oWriter's Choice Elite v1.0 Writing A Character Sketch ${ }^{\text {Whriting A Narative }}$
48 October 1987 Features: •Dungeon Editor \& Encounter Editor for Ultima Ill Sotkeys: $\cdot 816$ Paint GS $\cdot$ Amnesia -Apple Business Graphics •Arctic Fox •Award Maker Plus - Bard's Tale II •Bettenworking Word Processor -Beyond Castle Wolfenstein •Black Magic -Bookends Extended •Bop \& Wrestle -Chess 7.0 - Chessmaster 2000 -Deluxe Paint GS •Destroyer - Hacker II - Hacker II GS •Hardball oinfiltrator •Instant Music GS - J-Bird •Mabel's Mansion •Marble Madness •Mean 18 GS Golf - Megabots •Might \& Magic • Miner 2049er II -Mouse Word - Music Construction Set GS' Music Studio GS •New Oregon Trail - Paintworks Plus 1.0 GS •Paintworks Plus 1.0 GS •Paul Whitehead Teaches Chess oPHM Pegasus •Poetry Express $-P$ Pint Shop color version •Rambo: First Blood part II -Rocky Horror Show -Sargon III** •Shadowkeep •Shanghai GS -Spindizzy * TelePorter •Temple OI Apshai trilogy •Top Draw GS -Transyvania •Ullimal •World's Greatest Baseball Game APTs: -Shadowkeep

4工 September 1987 Features: Infocom-text Reader Enhancement $\cdot$ Color Ultimapper mod to Ultimapper IV •Towne Mapper utility for Ultima IV -Dungeon Mapper utility for Bard's Tale Hardware Comer: Interrupling Your Apple "Sotkey for Charlie Brown's $1,2,3 \mathrm{~s}$ Softkeys: $\cdot$ Guitar Wizard ${ }^{\text {Gemstone }}$ Warrior •Notable Phantom •Micro Wine Companion -Stickybear Printer *Note Card Maker © Starcross - Wishbringer •Dinosaur Dig -Dam Busters •Pirate Adventure •Infittrator DMECC software - Banner Catch •Turtle Tracks •PFS File •Microzine \#12, \#13, \#14 Marble Madness •Writer Rabbit •Arcticlox •Age Of Adventure •Might And Magic ${ }^{\circ}$ Space Station ${ }^{\circ}$ Alternate Readity - Mindshadow •Gemstone Warrior ©Strip Poker QLucifer's Realm $^{2}$ - Manuscript Manager •Bank Street Writer III aKids On Keys •The Missing Ring $\bullet$ Graphic Solution ${ }^{\bullet}$ Empire I, II $\bullet$ Champ. Goll
4. Augst 1987 Sofkeys: Advanced Microsystems Technology programs -Word Attack -Star Blazer ©Science Tookit - The Color Enhanced Print Shop •Video Vegas •The Handlers
-K.C. Deals On Wheels •Law Of The West •Break The Bank Blackjack $\cdot$ Foundation Course in Spanish 0 OGRE •Puzzles And Posters Features •The Shitt Keyllower Case Option For II + -Amazing Computer Facis •Shape Magic utility Review. Multiscribe
4:5 July 1887 Softkeys: •Mouse Calc •Sands of Egypt $\cdot$ Number Farm •Agent U.S.A. - Waw Nay $\bullet$ Kindercomp - FFight Simulator Update •Raid over Moscow eCrime Stopper - Key Perfect 5 . - The Final Conflict $\bullet$ Miss Mouse - Snoggle Features - Write Protecting the Microsott RAM Card *Keys to Success on the Franklin Ace - Modified F8 ROMs on the Apple III Core •Owner's Review of Copy Master II
4. June 1987 Softkers: •Arcade Boot Camp -Goonies - Zorro - Coveted Mirror - Crimson Crown -Compubridge $\cdot$ Fleet System $3 \cdot$ Microwave $\cdot$ Escape $\cdot$ Catalyst 3.0 Number Farm •Alphabet Circus •Joe Theisman's Pro Football $\cdot$ Black Cauldron •Intern. Gran Prix Features $\bullet$ Making DOSless Uililties •Pixit Printer Drivers Review: Z-RAM Memory Expansion Board •Reading the Joystick
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May 1887 Softkeys: - Graphics Expander - Intormation Master ${ }^{\circ}$ Cerrificate Maker $\bullet$ Elite $\cdot$ Catalyst 2.0 and 3.0 - Murder On The Mississippi •Temple Of Apshai Trilogy -Troll Associates programs • Spell It •Regatta - Cdex Training programs $\cdot$ Think Fast Features - How to Write-Protect your Slot Zero $\bullet$ Capturing Locksmith 6.0 Fast Copy ${ }^{\circ}$ Revisiting DOS 10 ProDOS and Back Core $\cdot$ Computer Eyes $/ 2$ : a Review APTs - Sword of Kadash \& Rescue Raiders •Ullimaker IV
4.2

April 1987 Sofkeys: $\cdot$ Light Simulator BeachHead •Monty Plays Scrabble 'Racter •Winnie the Pooh $\bullet$ Infocom Stuff, Kabul Spy, Prisoner II •Wizardry 1 \& 2 -Lucifer's Realm •The PFS Series •Dollars and Sense -Strip Poker -Coveted Mirror •Wizard's Crown -The Swordthrust Series - Axis Assassin •Manuscript Manager •The Crown of Arthain -Address Book •Decimals $3.0 \cdot$ Dragonire Features $\bullet$ Auto Duel Editor ${ }^{W}$ Wizard's Crown Editor $\bullet$ Questron Mapper Core: •The Games of 1986 in Review Adventure Tips •Ultima IV
4. 1 March 1987 Softkeys: •The Periodic Table - Gemstone Warrior onferno •Frogger © Story Maker •Adventure Writer -Mummy's Curse -Zaxxon •The Quest •Pitfall II -H.E.R.O. Features $\bullet$ A Two-Drive Patch for Winter Games -Customizing the Speed of a Duodisk •Roll the Presses Part Two: Printshop Printer Drivers •The Games of 1986
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February 1987 Sotikeys: Adventure Writer 0 E-Z Learner •Mychess II •Raster Blaster •Cranston Manor -Ghostbusters •Designer's Pencil $\bullet$ The American Challenge - Encyclopedia Britannica Programs •Crime Wave Features - Taking the Wiz out of Wizardy Adding a Printer Card Driver to Newsroom Core: Games of 1986
33 January 1887 Softheys: MMDU18 + •Homeword v2.1 1 Borrowed Time $\bullet$ Amazon - Speed Reader $\| \cdot$ Discovery! - M-ss-ng L-nks series •Donald Ducks's Playground $\bullet$ Mastering the SAT - Copy IIPlus 4.4C - Master of the Lamps $\cdot$ One on One - Bridge Baron •A.E. - Great American Cross-Country Road Race - Computer Preparation for the SAT ${ }^{\text {chasite Wolfenstein }}$ -Luscher Profile -Skyfox -Silent Service •Echo Plus - Swashbuckler •Randamn Features •Electronic Disk Drive Swapper $\cdot A b u s i n g$ the Epilogues $\bullet$ Print Shop Companion's Driver Game Core: "Keyboard Repair "Fixing the Applesott Sample Disk
33 December 1986 Softkeys: © Cyclod $\cdot$ Alternate Realty $\cdot$ Boulder Dash I \& |l $\cdot$ Hard Hat Mack (Revisited) •The Other Side 0 - 15 Strike Eagle ${ }^{\circ}$ Championship Lode Runner - Gato V 1.3 •I, Damiano - Wilderness $\cdot$ Golf's Best Faatures: -The Enhanced/ Unenhanced Ile -Looking into Flight

Simulator's DOS Core: *Appavarex •Installing a RAM disk into DOS 3.3
37 November 1986 Sofkeys: OUnder Fire Pegasus $\| \cdot$ Take 1 (revisited) $\cdot$ Flight Simulator Iiv 1.05 (part 2) $\cdot$ Magic Slate $\bullet$ Alter Ego •Rendezvous •Quicken •Story Tree •Assembly Language Tutor a Avalon Hill games •Dark Crystal Features -Playing Karateka on a /lc •Track Finder •Sylk to Dif Core: -Breaking in: tips for beginners $\bullet$ Copy II Plus 6.0: a review •The DOS Alterer
33 October 1986 Softkeys: $\bullet$ Flight Simulator II v 1.05 •AutoDuel •Critical Reading ${ }^{\circ}$ Troll's Tale •Robot War - General Manager •Plasmania •Telarium Sottware *Kidwriter v1.0 $\cdot$ Color Me Features -ScreenWriter meets Flashcard oThe Bus Monitor -Mousepaint for non-Apples Core: -The Bard's Dressing Room APT •Championship Lode Runner
35 September 1986 Softkers: Olympic Decathlon - Hi-res Cribbage •Revisiting F-15 Strike Eagle •Masquerade -The Hobbit P Pooyan •The Perfect Score •Alice in Wonderland -The Money Manager •Good Thinking •Rescue Raiders Feature: Putting a New FB on Your Language Card Core: - Exploring ProDOS by installing a CPS Clock Driver

> 34 August 1986 Soffkeys ${ }^{\circ}$ Crisis Mountain •Teripin Logo •Apple Logo II •Fishies 1.0 -SpellWorks •Gumball - Rescue at Rigel $\bullet$ Crazey Mazey ${ }^{\circ}$ Conan $\bullet$ Perry Mason: The Case of the Mandarin Murder 0 Koronis Ritt Feature: $\boldsymbol{\bullet}$ More ROM Running Core: - Infocom Revealed

33 July 1986 Softkeys - Word Juggler •Tink! Tonk! - Sundog v2.0 ©Gi.I. Joe \& Lucas Film's Eidolon •Summer Games II •Thief •Instant Pascal •World's Greatest Football Game $\bullet$ Graphic Adventure \#1 0 Sensible Grammar \& Extended Bookends $\cdot$ Chipwits •Hardball •King's Quest II •The World's Greatest Baseball Game Feature: - How to be the Sound Master Core: - The Mapping of Ultima IV
32 June 1986 Sottheys •Revisiting Music Construction Set •Cubit -Baudville Sottware -Hartley Sottware -Bridge $\bullet$ Early Games for Young Children •Tawala's Last Redoubt $\cdot$ Print Shop Companion $\bullet$ Kracking Vol II $\bullet$ Moebius - Mouse Budget, Mouse Word \& Mouse Desk •Adventure Construction Set Feature: ©Using Data Disks With Microzines Core: 'Super IOB v1.5 a Reprint
31 May $198 \%$ Softheys $\bullet$ Trivia Fever $\bullet$ The Original Boston Computer Diet $\bullet$ Lifesaver *Synergistic Soltware •Blazing Paddles $\bullet^{Z}$ Zardax ${ }^{\circ}$ Time Zone ${ }^{\circ}$ Tycoon $\bullet$ Earthly Delights • Jingle Disk •Crystal Caverns oKarate Champ Feature: •A Litlle Help With The Bard's Tale Core: •Black Box •Unréstricted Ampersand
31 April 1986 Sofkeys $\bullet$ Millionaire -SSI's RDOS -Fantavision •Spy vs. Spy •Dragonworld •King's Quest - Mastering the SAT •Easy as ABC •Space Shuttle - The Factory - Visidex 1.1E •Sherlock Holmes •The Bards Tale •Feature -Increasing Your Disk Capacily ${ }^{\circ}$ Core: •UUltimaker IV, an Uitima IV Character Editor
2 March 1986 Softkeys •Threshold •Checkers V2. 1 Microtype $\cdot$ Gen. \& Organic Chemistry Series •Uptown Trivia •Murder by the Dozen •Windham's Classics •Batter Up - Evelyn Wood's Dynamic Reader •Jenny of the Prairie $\bullet$ Learn About Sounds in Reading •Winter Games $\cdot$ Feature -Customizing the Monitor by Adding 65 CO2 Disassembly •Core: -The Animator
28 February 1986 sotkeys •Ultima IV $\cdot$ Robot Odyssey •Rendezvous - Word Attack \& Classmate - Three from Mindscape $\bullet$ Alphabetic Keyboarding $\cdot$ Hacker ${ }^{-D i s k}$ Director
$\bullet$ Lode Runner $\bullet$ MID/4 4 Algebra Series $\bullet$ Time is Money $\bullet$ Pitstop $\| \bullet$ Apventure to Atlantis ${ }^{\circ}$ Feature e Capturing the Hidden Archon Editor ${ }^{\circ}$ Core: ${ }^{*}$ Fingerprint Plus: A Review ${ }^{\text {Beneath Beyond }}$ Castle Wolfenstein (part 2)

27 January 1986 Softkeys •Microzines 1.5 -Microzines $7-9$ Microzines (alternate method) •Phi Beta Filer - Sword of Kadash $\bullet$ Another Miner 2049er $\bullet$ Learning With Fuzzywomp •Bookends •Apple Logo II •Murder on the Zinderneuf $\bullet$ Features ${ }^{\circ}$ Daleks: Exploring Artiticial Intelligence - Making 32K or 16K Slave Disks •Core: •The Games of 1985: part II

25 softkeys •Cannonball Blitz •Instant Recall -Gessler Spanish Sotware •More Stickybears •Financial Cookbook •Super Zaxxon •Wizardry •Preschool Fun •Holy Grail $\bullet$ Inca - 128K Zaxxon •Feature •ProEdit •Core: •Games of 1985 part I


## $2 \leq 1$

Sotkeys -Electronic Arts sotware •Grolier sottware - Xyphus $\bullet$ F-15 Strike Eagle elnjiured Engine $\bullet$ Mr. Robot And His Robot Factory •Applecillin I| •Alphabet Zoo $\cdot$ Fathoms 40 -Story Maker EEarly Games Matchmaker •Robots Of Dawn $\bullet$-Feature - Essential Data Duplicator copy parms $\cdot$ Core: $\cdot$ DOS. Direct Sector Access

22 Softkeys $\bullet$ Miner 2049er •Lode Runner •A2-PB1 Pinball $\bullet$ The Heist •Old lionsides $G$ Grandma's House $\operatorname{In}$ Search of the Most Amazing Thing $\cdot$ Morloc's Tower - Marauder ©Sargon III •Features $\bullet$ Customized Drive Speed Control $\bullet$ Super IOB version $1.5{ }^{\circ}$ Core: - The Macro System

21 Sotkeys $\bullet$ Sargon ill $\bullet$ Wizardry: Proving Grounds of the Mad Overlord and Knight of Diamonds •The Report Card V1.1 -Kidwiter -Feature ${ }^{\text {Apple II Boot ROM Disassembly }}$ -Core: -The Graphic Grabber v3.0 •Copy II 5.0: A Review -The Know-Drive: A Hardware Evaluation An Improved BASICIBinary Combo

13 Sofkeys $\cdot$ Rendezvous With Rama PPeachtree's Back To Basics Accounting System •HSD Statistics Series - Arithmetickle -Arithmekicks and Early Games for Children -Features -Double Your ROM Space -Towards a Better F8 ROM •The Nibbler: A Utitity Program to Examine Raw Nibbles From Disk •Core: ©The Games of 1984: In Review-part II

1. Sotikeys •Sensible Spellertor ProDOS •Sideways - Rescue Raiders -Sheila -Basic Building Blocks - Artsci Programs -Crossire -Feature - Secret Weapon: RAMcard - Core: ©The Controller Writer $\bullet A$ Fix For The Beyond Castle Wolienstein Softikey •The Lone Catalog Arranger Part 1
2. Sotkeys •Data Reporter •Multiplan •Zork •Features - PARMS for Copy II Plus •No More Bugs •APT's for Choplifter \& Cannonball Bitz •Copycard' Reviews ${ }^{*}$ Replay ${ }^{\circ}$ Crackshot -Snapshot -Wiliccard

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15 .Softkeys: -Mastertype -Stickybear BOP •Tic Tac Show -Reader's Soffikeys: - The Financial Cookbook -Escape from Rungistan - Alien Munchies -Millionaire -Plato -Features: -MREAD/MWRT Update - Core: $\bullet$ A Boot from Drive $2 \bullet$ DB Master's Data Compression Techniques -Whiz Kid: $\bullet$ DOS and the Drive - Part One ■Adventure Tips: $\bullet$ Time Zone - Mission Asteroid •Enchanter - Zork I •Ultima - Ultima II •Death in the Caribbean $\bullet$ Gruds in Space $\bullet$ Zork III •Starcross

1. 5 Features: •Super IOB vI. 2 Update •Putting Locksmith 5.0 Fast Copy Into a Normal Binary File $\bullet$ Batman Decoder Ring $\bullet$ A fix for DiskEdit Softkeys: •Seadragon •Rocky's Boots •Knoware •PFS Software $\bullet$ Computer Preparation SAT •MatheMagic $\square$ Review: •Boulder Dash

13 Woftkeys: Laf Pak - Beyond Castle Wolfenstein -Transylvania - The Quest $\bullet$ Electronic Arts - Snooper Troops (Case 2) •DLM Software -Learning With Leeper -TellStar Core: - CSaver: The Advanced Way to Store Super IOB Controllers •Adding New Commands to DOS 3.3 -Fixing ProDOS I.O.I BSAVE Bug $\square$ Review: -Enhancing Your Apple - Feature: ©Locksmith 5.0 and Locksmith Programming Language.

12 -Softkeys: - Zoom Graphix •Flip Out $\bullet$ Lion's Share •Music Construction Set Reader's Soffkeys: •Hi-Res Computer Golf II •Suicide - Sabatage $\bullet$ Millionaire $\bullet$ Time is Money $\bullet$ Type Attack $\square$ Features:PseudoROMs on the Franklin Ace ©Core: $\bullet$ Psychedelic Symphony •The CORE Disk Searcher •The Armonitor $\square$ Adventure Tips: •Cranston Manor Enchanter $\bullet$ Kabul Spy $\bullet$ Colossal Caves $\bullet$ The Witness •Pirate Adventure - Ulitima III-Exodus •Adventureland
$1 \square$ Sofikeys: •Sensible Speller •Exodus: Ultima III 1 Readers, Softkeys: - SoftPorn Adventure -The Einstein Compiler v5.3 - Mask of The Sun ${ }^{-1}$ Features: - Copy II Plus v4.4C: Update Of An Old Friend •Parameter List For Essential Data Duplicator Core: © Ulltimaker III -The Mapping of Ultima III •Ulltima II...The Rest Of The Picture

11 Sofikeys: •Arcade Machine •Bank Street Writer •Minit Man n Reader's Soffikeys *Senible Speller IV •EDD IV •*Krell LOGO *Canyon Climber Features: - The Controller Saver - Examining Protected Applesoft BASIC Programs -Crunchlist II Core: Applear - Voice Aynthesis -Introducing the 65SC802 and 65SC816 Chips -Review - Dino Eggs - Adventure Tips: ${ }^{-}$Cranston Manor $\bullet$ Zork $1 \bullet$ Planetfall •Mission Asteroid - Time Zone •Suspended $\bullet$ Critical Mass •Zork II •Castle Wolfenstein
$-\square$ Softikeys: •Sensible Speller •Sierra-On-Line Software - The Visible Computer: 6502 Reader's Soffkeys: - Visidex •Music Construction Set -Gold Rush - Visiterm - Cosmic Combat Features: - Super IOB - Adventure Tips: $\bullet$ Pirate Adventure $\bullet$ Mask of the Sun $\bullet$ Colossal Caves -Transylvania -Death in the Caribbean •Zork II ECore: - Word Search Generator $\bullet$ ProDOS to DOS $\bullet$ ProDOS on a Franklin Ace

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7 Soffeeys: - Zaxxon •Mask of the Sun •Crush •Crumble \& Chomp -Snake Byte -DB Master •Mouskattack $\quad$ Features: •Making Liberated Backups That Retain Their Copy Protection •5.C Assembler: Review •Disk Directory Designer $\quad$ Core: $\bullet$ COREfiler: Part $I \bullet$ Upper $\mathcal{E}$ Lower Case Output for Zork

6 ■
Softkeys: •Pandora's Box •Donkey Kong $\bullet$ Caverns of Freitag - Visifile $\square$ Features: $\bullet$ Program Enhancements: Quick.Bug $\bullet$ Personalizing A Program - Modified ROMs $\quad$ Review $\bullet$ Essential Data Duplicator •The CIA ■Core: -Data Bases

5 Sofikeys: $\bullet$ Homeword $\bullet$ Aztec $\bullet \ddagger$ Bag of Tricks $\bullet$ Egbert II - Starcross $\bullet$ Hard Hat Mack - The Home Accountant Reader's Sofikeys: -Dark Crystal - Screenwriter II - Visifile -Lancaster •Bill Budge's Triolgy of Games •Sammy Lightfoot •Amper-Magic •Buzzard Bait $\begin{gathered}\text { Feature: }\end{gathered}$ - Getting on the Right Track

- Features: Ultima II Character Editor ■ Softkeys: •Ultima II -Witness •Prisoner II •Pest Patrol ■Adventure Tips: - Ultima II \& III ECopy II Plus Parms Update
$3 \square$ Sofikeys: -Bag of Tricks Multiplan ■Readers' Sofikeys: - Visiplot $/$ Visitrend $\bullet$ Sneakers $\bullet$ Wizardry - Features $\bullet$ No More Bugs: The Sequel $\bullet$ Hidden Locations Revealed •Map Maker ■A.P.T.s $\bullet$ Choplifter EAdventure Tips •Cranston Manor •Strange Odyssey

2 ESofikeys: •Magic Window II •Multiplan ■ Features: •Parameters for Locksmith 4.1 •Page Flipper •String Plotter •Three-D Wall Draw $\square$ Core: Checksums $\quad$ Input: ${ }^{\bullet}$ Reviews of unprotected commercial software



Ralph \& the Computer Pike

Softkey for...

## Chuck Yeager's Advanced Flight Simulator v1.0

Electronic Arts

## Requirements

$\square$ ORIGINAL program disketteblank FORMATTED disketteDEBUG.COM (found in most MS-DOS packages)

The copy protection was very simple, so save the $\$ 1 \varnothing$ for the unprotected version offered by Electronic Arts. Tracing was done on the file AFS.EXE using Micro- soft's Symbolic Debug Utility - SYMDEB.COM (version 3.00). Concentrating on any disk I/O, it was found that a portion of the program had four identical groups of two CALLs bunched together. The first CALL routine was CALL ©B31, which resets the disk, reads the boot record and track 15 (side ©). By the way, track 15 (side ©) is one of those "hard to copy'" tracks. The second CALL routine was CALL ©B74, which checks the status of the flags set by the last disk I/O, being CALL OB31. Replacing these CALLs with NOPs (three NOPs per CALL), we found that the program ran with no problems whatsoever! It was that easy! As a matter of fact, we joked about the fact of merely using NOPs to unprotect the program before running it. It couldn't be that easy! Sure enough...

In copying the program diskette, we decided use "COPY *.*". Reasons being that it allows the copied diskette to rid the bad track 15 (side (D). It was found that using DISKCOPY returned errors and COPYIIPC left track 15 (side $(0)$ in its "bad" state. So, let's do it this way. If all goes well, you'll only have to do it once!
$\square 1$ Assuming that the PC has been booted-up and the DOS prompt is $\mathrm{B}>$, insert the ORIGINAL program diskette into drive A: and the blank FORMATTED diskette into drive B :
2 Type the following after each B> prompt:

## MD AFS

COPY/V A:*.*
COPY/V A: $\backslash$ AFS $\backslash * . *$ B: $\backslash A F S$
3 Now, remove the ORIGINAL program diskette from drive A: and put it away. You won't be needing it anymore!
4 Insert the diskette containing the

## DEBUG.COM file into drive A:

5 You'll have to rename the AFS.EXE file. Type the following at the B> prompt:

## RENAME \AFS $\backslash$ AFS.EXE AFS.XXX

6 Enter DEBUG by typing the following at the $\mathrm{B}>$ prompt:

## A:DEBUG $\backslash$ AFS $\backslash$ AFS. XXX

7 At each hyphen ' - "' prompt, type the following:
E DEO 909090909090
E DE8 909090909090 E DF1 909090909090 E DF9 909090909090
${ }^{W}$
0
8 Rename AFS.XXX back to its original name.

## RENAME \AFS $\backslash$ AFS.XXX AFS.EXE

You now have an unprotected copy of Chuck Yeager's Advanced Flight Simulator by Electronic Arts.

Being an avid user of PC-based flight simulators, I'll have to say that Chuck Yeager's Advanced Flight Simulator ranks among the BEST! Have fun and good luck!

## For single-drive users.

I went ahead and COPYIIPC'd (version 3.09) the ORIGINAL program diskette in drive A:. Ignoring the three errors that track 15 created, I went ahead and used the copy and performed the unprotection. I ran the copy with no problem. Then, I DISKCOPY'd (PCDOS 3.2) the diskette in drive A:. Again, I ignored the errors. The DISKCOPY'd diskette also ran with no problem. Unless you have a program that corrects or formats by tracks and sides, you'll have to live with the errors popping up during copying with no effect to the actual running of the program. Such a program that allows formatting by track and side is called ULTRAFMT.COM. It is a public domain program and usually comes as a package with other ULTRA programs. The programs can be found on most BBSes under the ARC'd filename ULTRA.ARC. Again, good luck!


Softkey for...


Requirements
$\square$ ALTER.COM or FM.COM

Here's how to bypass the SoftGuard copy protection scheme used on dBase III version 1.10.

1 Use your original diskette to install dBase III on a fixed disk.

2 Softguard hides three files in your root directory: CMLO200.HCL, VDFO200.VDW, and DBASE.EXE. Unhide the three files in the root directory. You can do this with the programs ALTER.COM or FM.COM found on any BBS.
3 Make copies of the three files, and of DBASE.COM, into some other directory.
4 Hide the three root files again using ALTER or FM.
5 Following the dBase instructions, UNINSTALL dBase III. Put away your original dBase diskette.
6 Next we will make some patches to CMLO200.HCL to allow us to trace through the code in DEBUG. These patches will keep it from killing our interrupt vectors.

## DEBUG CML0200.HCL

| E 3 F9 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| 2A.4A | change the 2 A to 4 A |
| E 49D |  |
| F6.16 | if any of these numbers |
| E 506 |  |
| E9.09 | don't show up, then it's |
| E A79 |  |
| 00.20 | not working. |
| E AE9 |  |
| 00.20 |  |
| E 73C 97 IA FA P4 F1 7Eencrypted call to 0:300 |  |
| W | write out the new CML file |
| 0 | quit debug |

7 Now copy your four saved files back into the root directory and hide the CMLO200.HCL, VDFO200.VDW, and DBASE.EXE files using ALTER or FM.
8 We can now run DBASE.COM using DEBUG, trace just up to the point where it has decrypted DBASE.EXE, then write that file out.

## DEBUG DBASE.COM

$\begin{array}{lr}\text { R } & \text { write down the value of } D S \text { for use below } \\ \text { A 0:300 } & \text { we must assemble some code here }\end{array}$

| pop | ax |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| cs: |  |  |
| mov | [320], ax | save return address |
| pop | ax |  |
| cs: |  |  |
| mov | [322], ax |  |
| push | es | set up stack the way we need it |
| mov | ax, 20 |  |
| mov | es, $\mathrm{ax}^{\text {a }}$ |  |
| mov | ax, 0 |  |


| jmp far ptr [320] | 20] jump to our retum address |
| :---: | :---: |
| EETURN | 10 exit assem |
| G 406 | now we can trace CML |
| T |  |
| G 177 | this stuff just traces past some |
| G189 | encryption routines. |
| T |  |
| G 54E | wait while reading VDF \& FAT |
| G=559569 |  |
| G = 571857 | DBASE has been decrypted |
| R BX | length DBASE $=1$ ACOO bytes |
| :1 | set BX to 1 |
| R CX |  |
| : $\mathrm{AC00}$ | set CX to ACOO. |
| n drase | name of file to write to |
| W XXXX:100 wh | where XXXX is the value of DS that |
| 0 | quit debug |

9 Unhide and delete the three root files CMLO200.HCL, VDFO200.VDW, and DBASE.EXE. Delete DBASE.COM and rename DBASE to DBASE.EXE. This is the real dBase III program without any SoftGuard code or encryption. It requires only the DBASE.OVL file to run.

If you have any comments on this unprotect routine, please leave them on the Atlanta PCUG BBS (404) 634-5731.
L. Brenkus

## Softkey for...

| Ultima II |
| :---: |
| Origin Systems |

The copy-protection scheme used in ULTIMA II is also used by PROKEY 3.0 and several other programs. The approach I outline here works with any of these that are in COM file format. If anyone can improve it to work for EXE files please tell us.

This general copy scheme uses a short sector of 256 bytes to store an essential piece of the program code. On startup, location 100 H contains a JMP instruction to the code which reads this short sector. Locations 103 H -110 H contain HLT instructions (hex F4). After the sector is read, its contents are overlayed onto locations $100 \mathrm{H}-110 \mathrm{H}$, replacing the dummy instruction codes. A branch to 100 H then begins the actual program.

All we need to do is to stop execution after the changes are made and write down the contents of $100 \mathrm{H}-110 \mathrm{H}$; reloading the program and POKEing these changes results in an unprotected program.
1 Put original disk in A: (write-protect it) and a disk containing DEBUG in $B$ :

2 Make the A: drive the default. A:

3 Start up DEBUG.
B:DEBUG ULTTMAII.COM
U 0100
disassemble 0100-0120
0100 JMP 88 AD (or whatever)
0103 HLT
0104 HLT . . .etc.
U 88A0 look at shor-sector decrypting code
88AD JMPS 88A7 Nert 'statements' are data locations; ignore

U88A7 look for where program restarts at 100 H
88A7 CALL 88C4
88AA CALL 892E
88AD JC 88BF If Carny is set, the disk is a copy! Go to DOS!

88BA MOV AX, 0100
88BD JMP AX Paydirt! If you got this far, the program has writen the REAL code into 0100-0120H.
G 88BD Tell DEBUG to run the program, stop here D 0100 011F Dump out the changed code
8C C8 0525078 E 085
$10038 \mathrm{DO} \quad$ Write down these values
0
Get out of DEBUG
4 You must reload to finish deprotecting. Make a copy of the disk; you can use "COPY *.*".

## 5 Put the copy in A:

B:DEBUG ULTTMAIIL.COM load copy
E 0100 Patch locations 0100 - O11F with the 12 numbers you wrote down befor. Press space between each entry, until last entry; then press ENTER.
$\mathbf{w} \quad$ Write new version of ULTIMAII.COM You've done it!
I've been detailed because this works generally for any COM file. This method doesn't work for EXE files because while DEBUG can load relocatable modules and execute them with breakpoints (step 7 above), you cannot use debug to write an EXE file in relocatable form. Any suggestions?


Softkey for...

## PrintMaster <br> Unison World, Inc.

The following steps assume that DEBUG.COM and the file PMMAIN.EXE are on the default disk drive. If not, add a drive specifier (A:, B:, C:, etc.) to the file
names shown below. The procedure is as follows:

## RENAME PMMAIN. EXE PMMAN DEBUG PMMALN S 0000 FFFE CD 13

This should return an address in the form xxxx:6C73, where xxxx is the current code segment. If the second part of the address is not 6C73, you have a different version, and this patch probably will not work.

## E 6C73 9090 <br> E 6C7A 90 <br> w

## RENAME PMMAIN PMMAIN.EXE

The version you have now created will run from an unprotected floppy in drive A, but since some of the file names used by the program are hard coded to be on drive A, there is another step to be performed before it can be run from the hard disk or RAM disk. The DOS command ASSIGN A = C must be executed (assuming the hard disk or RAM disk is drive C). This will direct all calls for drive $A$ to drive $C$, where the program and its files are.


Make sure COMMAND.COM resides on the disk where MEMORY/SHIFT is initiated.

## MOST WANTED Softkeys

Gurship Microprose
Lotus 123 v. 01 ?

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# The Hacker's Ultimate Copy \& Deprotection Utility Super 10B Collection 

## ALL of our Super 10B controllers (through March 1988) in 'ONE' package!

COMPUTIST developed the ultimate copy program to remove copy protection from software:

The Super IOB program.
Since the introduction of Super IOB, COMPUTIST has used this flexible program to deprotect (or partially deprotect) dozens of commercial programs with far ranging protection schemes.

Super IOB deprotects disks by using a modified RWTS (the subroutine in DOS which is responsible for the reading and writing of disk sectors) for reading from the protected disk and then using a normal RWTS for writing to the deprotected disk.

## This package contains:

- Three disks (supplied in DOS 3.3). Each disk contains at least 60 Super IOB Controllers including the standard, swap, newswap and fast controllers. Also included is version 1.5 of Super IOB, the Csaver program from COMPUTIST No. 13, and a Menu Hello Program that lists the available controllers and, when you select one, automatically installs it in Super IOB and RUNs the resulting program.*
- A reprint of Disk Inspection and the Use of Super 10B, from COMPUTIST No. 17. This article explains how to write your own Super IOB controllers.
- COMPUTIST No. 32, which contains an extensive article detailing the hows and whys of Super IOB v1.5 and at least 5 articles using the new Super IOB program.
- Several of the controllers deprotect the software completely with no further steps. This means that some programs are only minutes away from deprotection (with virtually no typing).
- The issue of COMPUTIST in which each controller appeared is indicated in case further steps are required to deprotect a particular program.**
*Requires at least 64 K of memory.
**Although some controllers will completely deprotect the program they were designed for, some will not, and therefore require their corresponding issue of COMPUTIST to complete the deprotection procedure.


## The SUPER IOB Collection

Volume 1 of the Super IOB collection covers all the controllers from COMPUTIST No. 9 through No. 26. Also included are the newswap and fast controllers from COMPUTIST No. 32. The following 60 controllers are on volume 1:
Advanced Blackjack, Alphabet Zoo, Arcade Machine, Archon II, Archon, Artsci Software, Bank Street Writer, Barrons SAT, Beyond Castle Wolfenstein, BSW //c Loader, Castle Wolfenstein, Computer Preparation: SAT, Dazzle Draw, DB Master 4 Plus, Death in the Carribean, Dino Eggs, DLM Software, Electronic Arts, F-15 Strike Eagle, Fast Controller, Fathoms 40, Financial Cookbook, Gessler Software, Grandma's House, The Heist, In Search of the Most Amazing Thing, Instant Recall, Kidwriter, Lions Share, Lode Runner, Mastertype, Match Maker, Miner 2049er, Minit Man, Mufplot, Newsroom, Newswap controller, Penguin Software, Print Shop Graphic Library, Print Shop, Rendezvous with Rama, Rockys' Boots, Sargon III, Sea Dragon, Shiela, Skyfox, Snooper Troops, Standard controller, Stoneware Software, Summer Games, Super Controller, Super Zaxxon, Swap Controller, TAC, Ultima I \& II, Word Challenge, Xyphus, Zaxxon
Volume 2 of the Super IOB collection covers all the controllers from COMPUTIST No. 27 through No. 38. The following 65 controllers are on volume 2 :

Alice in Wonderland, Alphabetic Keyboarding, Alternate Reality, Autoduel, Checkers, Chipwits, Color Me, Conan.data, Conan.prog, CopyDOS, Crisis Mountain, Disk Director, Dragonworld, Early Games, Easy as ABC, F-15 Strike Eagle, Fantavision, Fast controller, Fishies, Flight Simulator, Halley Project, Hartley Software (a), Hartley Software (b), Jenny of the Prarie, Jingle Disk, Kidwriter, Kracking Vol II, Lode Runner, LOGO II (a), LOGO II (b), Masquerade, Mastering the SAT, Microtype: The Wonderful World of Paws, Microzines 1, Microzines 2-5, Miner 2049er, Mist \& View to a Kill, Murder on the Zinderneuf, Music Construction Set, Newswap controller, Olympic Decathlon, Other Side, Phi Beta Filer, Pitstop II, Print Shop Companion, RDOS, Robot War, Spy vs Spy, Standard controller, Sundog V2, Swap controller, Sword of Kadash, Synergistic Software, Tawala's Last Redoubt, Terripin Logo, Threshold, Time is Money, Time Zone, Tink! Tonk!, Troll's Tale, Ultima IV, Wilderness, Word Attack \& Classmate, World's Greatest Baseball, World's Greatest Football

Volume 3 of the Super IOB collection covers all the controllers from COMPUTIST No. 39 through No. 53. The following 89 controllers are on volume 3:

2400 A.D., Alternate Reality: The Dungeon, Address Book, American Challenge, Apple Gradebook V2.6, Arcade Album \#1, Arcade Boot Camp, Aztec, Bard's Tale II, Beachhead, Beyond Castle Wolfenstein, Black Magic, Blue Powder/Grey Smoke, Borrowed Time, Castle Wolfenstein, Cat-N-Mouse, Catalyst 2.0 \& 3.0, Centipede, Championship Golf, Championship Wrestling, Charlie Brown 123'S, Colonial Conquest, Comprehension Skills, Computer Preparation for the SAT V3, Coveted Mirror, Coveted Mirror RWTS Capture, CPU68®ODNV.4Q2, Cranston Manor, Crime Stopper, Dam Busters, Decimals, Destroyer, Dino Dig, Earth Orbit Station, Encyclopedia Britannica, Escape, Fish Scales, Foundation Course in Spanish, Frog, GFL Football, Goonies, Great American Cross-Country Road Race, Handlers, H.E.R.O, Inferno, Information Master, J-Bird, Jenny's Journeys, Joe Theisman Football, Kindercomp, Kung Fu, Light Simulator, Manuscript Manager, Master Diagnostics Ile, Mastering Math, MECC, MECC Software, MECC Swap, MECC Without RWTS, Missing Links, No Error Check \& No DOS, Ogre, One On One, Oregon Trail, Penguin Software, PFS ProDOS, Pitfall II, Puzzles\&Posters, Racter, Randamn, Reading Style Inventory, Ring Quest, Science Toolkit, Science Toolkit Rev1, Skyfox, Snooper Troops, Speed Reader II, Spy's Adventure, Starcross, Super Bunny, Temple Apshai Trilogy, The American Challenge, Translyvania, Troll Courseware, Ultima I, Ultima IV, Wizard's Crown, Word Attack, Word Maze, World Karate Championship, Rings of Zilfin, Zorro

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