COMPUTIST

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Infocom games & 80 columns — By Aapo Puskala

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Notes 'n things.....

■ But it's IMPORTANT

And it's not going to wait. OK, here's a procedural change for submitting material/sending letters.

Send softkeys and other info/articles on disk but don't include a hardcopy/printout unless the nature of the material requires it. (IE. Info about printer codes with a sample printout or drawings with explanations.)

The normal path for submissions is first in-first out. I have been receiving disks and letters in a reasonably steady stream. I usually have enough material on hand for the current issue and about 1/4 of the next. So, if you just received this issue (#63) and you send a softkey to RDEX now, it would go in the issue after next (#65).

But some things shouldn't have to wait. So if you have questions, need help, spot some bugs or other timely info, send the text on disk (as usual) and *include a hardcopy/printout*. This will allow me to get your requests for help into the current issue so that you can receive an answer sooner.

■ To all hardware hackers

Help! We have reached the point, in our hardware endeavors, where we need to make prototype boards. But I can't get the chemicals/light/timer to work right and I'm ready to throw in the towel. Can someone out there help? I have the preliminary board artwork (2:1) and both positive and negative transparencies (1:1).

We need to make a prototype to check the board layout and to resolve some circuitry options. If all goes well, then we're going to be seeing some real neat hardware articles with full "How it works" explanations, complete schematics and boards. And remember, our goal was to keep it "dirt cheap" so everyone could afford to build it.

We're also interested in finding someone who can make up a couple hundred of the boards after we make sure we have the final layout.

If you are into making boards or know of someone who is, we need to hear from you.

BUGS:

COMPUTIST #53, page 30. Softkey for Microzines. See page 8, Carl D. Purdy, column 3 (bottom).

COMPUTIST #56, page 13. 5 Second Fastboot into Locksmith Fastcopy. See page 24, Bob Igo, Miscellaneous Notes.

COMPUTIST #58, page 32. Computing for 1-3 year olds, listing 1. See page 8, Jason Chao.

COMPUTIST #59, page 7. Softkey for King's Quest I. See page 10, Kelly Edmondson.

COMPUTIST #60, page 10. Softkey for Springboard Publisher. See page 14, Joseph P. Karwoski.

COMPUTIST #62, page 31. ProDOS IOB 5.25. See page 7, Bill Jetzer.

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Short Programs

For serious users of Apple computers: II, II+, //c, //e, Ilgs, Macintosh

New COMPUTIST readers using Apple IIs are advised to read this page carefully to avoid frustration when attempting to follow a softkey or entering the programs printed in this issue.

What is a softkey, anyway?

Softkey is a term which we coined to describe a procedure that removes, or at least circumvents, any copy-protection on a particular disk. Once a softkey procedure has been performed, the resulting backup copy can usually be copied by the normal copy programs (for example: COPYA, on the DOS 3.3 System Master disk).

Commands and control keys

Commands which a reader is required to perform are set apart by being in boldface and on a separate line. The **RETURN** key must be pressed at the end of every such command unless otherwise specified. Control characters are specially boxed. An example of both is:

6 🖭

Press 6. Next, place one finger on the key and then press P. Don't forget to press RETURN.

Other special combination keypresses include **RESET** or **GRESET**. In the former, press and hold down then press **RESET**. In the latter, press and hold down both then press **RESET**.

Software recommendations

The Starter Kit contains most of the programs that you need to "Get started". In addition, we recommend that you aquire the following:

- Applesoft program editor such as "Global Program Line Editor (GPLE)".
- Assembler such as the "S-C Assembler" from S-C software or "Merlin/Big Mac".
- Bit-copy program such as "Copy II Plus", "Locksmith" or "Essential Data Duplicator (EDD)".
- Text-editor (that produces normal sequential text files) such as "Applewriter II", "Magic Window II" or "Screenwriter II".
- "COPYA", "FID" and "MUFFIN" from the DOS 3.3 System Master disk are also useful.

Super IOB and Controllers

This powerful deprotection utility (in the COMPUTIST Starter Kit) and its various Controllers are used in many softkeys. (It is also on each Super IOB Collection disk.)

Reset into the Monitor

Softkeys occasionally require the user to stop the execution of a copy-protected program and directly enter the Apple's system monitor. Check the following list to see what hardware you will need to obtain this ability.

Apple II +, //e, compatibles: 1) Place an Integer BASIC ROM card in one of the Apple slots. 2) Use a non-maskable interrupt (NMI) card such as *Replay* or *Wildcard*.

Apple II +, compatibles: 1) Install an F8 ROM with a modified reset-vector on the computer's motherboard as detailed in the "Modified ROM's" article (COMPUTIST #6 or Book Of Softkeys III) or the "Dual ROM's" article (COMPUTIST #19).

Apple //e, //c: Install a modified CD ROM on the computer's motherboard. Cutting Edge Ent. (Box 43234 Ren Cen Station-HC; Detroit, MI 48243) sells a hardware device that will give you this important ability but it will void an Apple //c warranty.

Apple //gs: If you have the 2.x ROM, there is a hidden classic desk accessory (CDA) that allows you to enter the monitor. In order to install the new CDA, you should enter the monitor before running any protected programs (CALL -151) and press "# RETURN". This will turn on two hidden CDAs, Memory Peeker and Visit Monitor. Thereafter press COESC to go to the Desk Accessories menu. Select "Visit Monitor" and there you are. Use To exit.

Recommended literature:

- Apple II Reference Manual
- DOS 3.3 manual
- Beneath Apple DOS & Beneath Apple ProDOS, by Don Worth and Pieter Lechner, from Quality Software

Keying in Applesoft programs:

BASIC programs are printed in a format that is designed to minimize errors for readers who key in these programs. If you type:

10HOME:REMCLEAR SCREEN

The LIST will look like:

10 HOME : REM CLEAR SCREEN

...because Applesoft inserts spaces into a program listing before and after every command word or mathematical operator. These spaces don't pose a problem except when they are inside of quotes or after a DATA command. There are two types of spaces: those that have to be keyed and those that don't. Spaces that

must be typed appear in COMPUTIST as delta characters (^). All other spaces are there for easier reading. NOTE: If you want your checksums (See **Computing checksums**) to match up, only type spaces within quotes or after DATA statements if they are shown as delta (^) charactors.

Keying In Hexdumps

Machine language programs are printed in COMPUTIST as hexdumps, sometimes also as source code. Hexdumps are the shortest and easiest format to type in. You must first enter the monitor:

CALL -151

Key in the hexdump exactly as it appears in the magazine, ignoring the four-digit checksum (\$ and four digits) at the end of each line. When finished, return to BASIC with:

3000

BSAVE the program with the filename, address and length parameters given in the article.

The source code is printed to help explain a program's operation. To enter it, you need an "Assembler". Most of the source code is in S-C Assembler format. If you use a different assembler, you will have to translate pieces of the source code into something your assembler will understand.

Computing checksums

Checksums are 4-digit hexadecimal numbers which tell if you typed a program correctly. There are two types of checksums: one created by the *CHECKBIN* program (for machine language programs) and the other created by the *CHECKSOFT* program (for BASIC programs). Both are on the "Starter Kit".

If your checksums do not match the published checksums then the line where the first checksum differs is incorrect.

CHECKSOFT instructions: Install Checksoft (BRUN CHECKSOFT) then LOAD your program. Press & to get the checksums. Correct the program line where the checksums differ.

CHECKBIN instructions: Enter the monitor (CALL -151), install Checkbin at some out of the way place (BRUN CHECKBIN, A\$6000), and then LOAD your program. Get the checksums by typing the Starting address, a period and the Ending address of the file followed by a $\boxed{\text{TY}}$.

SSSS.EEEE TY

etc... who want all their software backed up and COPYA-able

Writing to the RDEX editor

RDEX stands for: Reader's Data EXchange. That means that when you send in articles, softkeys, APTs, etc., you are submitting them for FREE publication in this magazine. RDEX does NOT purchase submissions nor do we verify data submitted by readers. We print what you write. If you discover any errors, please let us know.

- Remember that your letters or parts of them may be used in RDEX even if not addressed to the RDEX editor. Correspondence that gets published may be edited for clarity, grammar and space requirements.
- Because of the great number of letters we receive and the ephemeral and unpredictable appearance of our part-time staff, any response to your queries will appear only in RDEX, so it would be more appropriate for you to present technical questions to the readers and ask for their responses which will then be placed in the Apple-RDEX.
- Whenever possible, send your articles and letters on disk as standard text files. When we get your letter-article in a text file, it is immediately uploaded into the most current RDEX file. We will return your disks, whenever possible, with the current library disk copied onto it. Conventional letters must be typed in by us... when we have the time.
- When you send your material on disk, try to use a disk formatted for Apple DOS 3.3. It makes things a lot easier for us.
- When writing to request help, be sure to include ALL relevent information. The more information you include, the easier it is to figure out what is the matter. If you want your address to be printed, please say so in your letter. Otherwise, it will not be printed and all responses with come thru the RDEX editor.
- When writing to one of the RDEX authors. Write your letter and seal it in an envelope. Put your return address, the authors name (as it appears in RDEX) and the correct postage on the envelope. Put this envelope into another and send it to RDEX. We will put the correct address on your letter and drop it into the mailbox.
- Address your letters, articles, to:

COMPUTIST
RDEX Editor
PO Box 110846-K
Tacoma, WA 98411

Bill Jetzer

PRODOS IOB notes

I have just received the advanced release pages of my ProDOS IOB article and noticed a few bugs. In line 2010 of the controllers, the ":CD = WR" is not needed. Apparently I had corrected the bug in the article but neglected to make the changes in the controller files accompanying the article. Also, you seem to have forgotten to print the machine language portion of the program. It is, however, included on the library disk. Speaking of the library disk: unless you tell people to convert the files to ProDOS, somebody is going to run the program from DOS 3.3 and complain that it doesn't work.

You're absolutely right on all counts. Here's the missing code.

IOB.OBJ.5.25

					_				
Ø3ØØ:	A9	Ø2	20	5B	FB	A9	16	85	\$3D2D
Ø3Ø8:	24	ΑD	4A	Ø3	20	E5	FD	ΑD	\$2ØCD
Ø31Ø:	49	ØЗ	20	DA	FD	20	ØØ	BF	\$AEAC
Ø318:	ØØ	45	Ø3	ΒØ	31	EE	49	Ø3	\$A165
Ø32Ø:	DØ	Ø3	ΕE	4A	ØЗ	EΕ	48	Ø3	\$7786
Ø328:	EE	48	ØЗ	AD	48	Ø3	C9	ØØ	\$Ø5BD
Ø33Ø:	ΒØ	12	AD	4A	Ø3	CD	4C	ØЗ	\$2650
Ø338:	9Ø	C6	AD	49	Ø3	CD	4B	Ø3	\$5FFD
0340:	FØ	BE	90	BC	6Ø	Ø3	ØØ	ØØ	\$DE53
Ø348:	ØØ	00	ØØ	ØØ	ØØ	ØØ	AΑ	C9	\$F66D
Ø35Ø:	27	DØ	ØB	AD	18	Ø3	C9	80	\$3CF3
Ø358:	DØ	04	A9	Ø1	FØ	Ø3	4C	12	\$ØE16
Ø36Ø:	D4	20	3A	FF	AD	48	Ø3	85	\$6647
Ø368:	EC	ΑØ	00	98	85	ΕB	91	EB	\$C649
0370:	C8	DØ	FB	E6	ΕB	91	ΕB	C8	\$1CF9
Ø378:	DØ	FB	FØ	A1	ΑØ	00	84	FA	\$8877
Ø38Ø:	84	FC	AD	8B	CØ	AD	8B	CØ	\$074E
Ø388:	В1	FΑ	48	B1	FC	91	FA	68	\$6C3E
Ø39Ø:	91	FC	C8	DØ	F3	E6	FD	E6	SEFED
Ø398:									\$DEØ4
Ø3AØ:									\$2F53
Ø3A8:						_			\$6D9F

Dick Lavallee

Softkey for...

J & S Grade Book v5.4.1

J & S Software

■ Requirements

- ☐ Apple with RAMdisk ☐ ProDOS 1.1.1
- ☐ BASIC.SYSTEM
- ☐ ProDOS file copier (Copy II Plus or similar)
 ☐ Empty formatted ProDOS disk with volume
 /TEST

J & S Grade Book has a non-standard ProDOS format with modified PRODOS and BASIC.SYSTEM files. This modified PRODOS does not re-boot upon reset thereby giving us an entry point. By using a RAMdisk to copy files to or from a disk, the protected RWTS isn't a problem. The J & S Grade Book disk is full (0 blocks free) and only room for PRODOS 1.1.1 (30 blocks), because higher versions of PRODOS are greater than 30 blocks.

- 1 Boot a ProDOS copier and copy its file to your RAMdisk.
- Remove the ProDOS copier disk and boot the protected disk.
- 3 Hit reset and you should be in modified BASIC.

PREFIX/RAM5 -UTIL.SYSTEM

or other RAM volume or other copier

- 4 Copy all the files from the protected disk to your RAMdisk, with the exception of PRODOS and BASIC.SYSTEM.
- **5** Reboot your copier program and remove the disk.
- Insert the formated ProDOS disk with volume /TEST and copy all the protected files from your RAMdisk to the /TEST disk.
- Copy unmodified PRODOS 1.1.1 and BASIC.SYSTEM to the /TEST disk from another disk.
- 8 Boot BASIC and insert the /TEST disk.

UNLOCK SWITCH1.1 BLOAD SWITCH1.1, A\$300 CALL-151

enter the monitor

300:60 GC

return to BASIC

BSAVE SWITCH1.1, A\$300 LOCK SWITCH1.1

All Done!

Henry Savage

? I'm having trouble with the instant

recall PGM in COMPUTIST #26. The controller has an error in line 10010, a missing semi-colon after the ")". Are there any bugs in this program that appear in later issues? My IOB program bombs just as soon as I start it. I get a disk error on the screen.

The semi-colon is optional in this particular case and there aren't any errors marked in my desk copy of COMPUTIST #26. So my best guess is; If the error message that you're getting is a DOS "file not found" error, then you need to insure that the disk with the Instant Recall RWTS is in the drive. You get the RWTS in the first 6 steps of the softkey. Anytime you use a swap controller, you must have the appropriate RWTS already captured.

Jason Chao

There is a typographical error in the article by Kathleen Herrmann in COMPUTIST #58, page 32. There is an extra open-parenthesis in line 220 of BASIC listing 1. The line should read "220 NN = INT (RND (1) * FC +1)

By the way, you sell Star Trek - The Kobayashi Alternative, but I have never seen a softkey for the program in COMPUTIST. I have seen a copy that was copy-protected. Does it belong on your most wanted list?

Only if someone requests it. RDEXed

Frank Thornton

I would like to know if there is any written documentation for the COMPUTIST Starter Kit. I have dumped the disk instructions to the printer but find it is not all that clear in terms of how to operate the various programs. If this is available I would like to have more information on the use of these programs. Your prompt attention to this matter would be greatly appreciated.

John E. Wanner

It was with some sincere surprise that I receive the COMPUTIST #61 prerelease of my article and the companion disk. I sent that off a couple of months ago with the thought that you might print excerpts occasionally and was pleasantly surprised to find essentially the whole thing in print. Hopefully it will be useful to a

number of gamers out there. I'm currently working on Questron II and will submit something somewhat similar although probably a bit shorter in the near future.

As I know you've heard from your many customers before, keep up the excellent work! Yours is the only magazine that publishes information necessary (for those of us who aren't hackers) to back up our disks and I, for one, would be willing to accept a pretty hefty subscription cost increase if it were the only way to keep you publishing. Sometimes I get the impression it's almost a one-person clearinghouse operation.

As I keep saying, "If you send it, I'll print it". And you're right, only two of us spend full days here, the rest are volunteer part-timers

Note on Wasteland Tip

Anyway, I spotted a small glitch in my article which those who play the game have probably already dealt with. I didn't mention explicitly that the Wasteland program writes the results of the player's actions to disks, that's the reason for making so many copies of the program. Each time a player wants to repeat an operation, like raiding an arsenal, she/he must insert a fresh disk with that part of the scenario on it.

Carl D. Purdy

Softkey for ...

Monatan Reading Program

Program Design International

■ Requirements

- ☐ Utility to copy files
- ☐ A way to break into the monitor (NMI such as Wildcard etc.)
- ☐ Fast DOS (Optional)

This softkey was given to me by a friend named Otis Thompson from Dillon, MT. I want to make sure he gets credit for the work as this softkey is not mine.

Only the BASIC programs are encoded, so they won't run when copied to a normal disk.

- Initialize a disk (using Beagle Brothers Pronto DOS or other fast DOS if you have one).
- 2 Use a file copy utility (I used Copy II Plus) to copy all of the files from the original disk to the fast DOS disk.

If you want you can use COPYA. The only difference is that you will have a slow DOS on your unlocked copy of the disk.

Boot the ORIGINAL disk until the HELLO program is loaded. It is loaded when

you see the kid at the chalk board. Break into the monitor. Don't be alarmed if you are doing this in the middle of the screen somewhere.

D6:00	clear run flag
RESET	return to BASIC
TEXT	clear scrn margins
PRINT PEEK (1 04)	Prog. start hi-byte
PRINT PEEK (103)	Prog. start lo-byte

Write down these values. You should get 97 (\$61) and 01 (\$01). This can be done from the monitor by checking locations \$68 and \$67.

- The HELLO program is in a safe part of memory, so boot a slave disk (no HELLO program).
- 5 You should now be in BASIC. Poke 104 & 103 with the values previously obtained, then list the program.

POKE 104,97 POKE 103,1 LIST

is in memory, we can see that the program is in memory, we can start to fix it so that it can be saved. The problem is that the end of the program is not properly set. To fix it, enter the monitor and list the memory at the program location. Keep listing (more L's) until you find the end of the program. You are looking for 00 00. The two zeros are at \$66F1 for (my copy of) the HELLO program. Put the hi-byte (\$66) in \$BO and the lo-byte + 1 (\$F2) in location \$AF (\$AF.BO is the end of program marker). Then return to BASIC.

CALL- 151 6100L AF: F2 66

7 Insert your copy disk and SAVE the HELLO program.

SAVE HELLO

Now go back to the original and boot it again. This time let the program load to the point that it says "START LESSON WOULD YOU LIKE SILENT OPERATION" etc. At this point PROG.S has been loaded. Repeat the previous steps taken to save the HELLO program. The end of the program should be at \$6313. The name of the file for step 7 is PROG.S.

it. Let it run till you are asked for your name. PROG.G is now in memory. Follow the above steps to copy the last program. The end of the program should be at \$81B3. Use PROG.G for the file name in step 7.

That should do it. The copy should be completely unlocked.

I found an error in a softkey that I sent to you back in COMPUTIST #53, page 30 for

Teleners Data Pasichange

Microzine. It says "Then on track \$09, change the HELLO program..." It should read "Then on track \$01, sector \$09, change the HELLO program..." I am sure that most folks figured this out for themselves. Thanks for a great mag. I have learned more in the last year thru your magazine than in the previous 6 years I have worked with micros. I am largely self taught and your publication has been great.

Lenny Nole

- I recently became a new subscriber to your magazine, and like other newcomers, I'm having trouble catching on to everything I read, but I will persevere. I have some questions.
- 1. Is there a way that I can print the doc's on the disk?
- 2. Is there a softkey for MasterType's Writer by Scarborough Systems?
- 3. How can I get my girlfriend more interested in computing?
- 4. Can someone help me get started on Ultima III? I don't want to know the whole game, just an editor for adding enough gold to heal my characters and maybe a couple of starter hints. Thank you for a Great Magazine!
- 1. There is an option to print the DOC files on the Starter Kit menu (v2.0). If you have an earlier version, use a word processing program to read the files. Clean up the text before printing. You could also send \$2 and get the latest version of the Starter Kit disk. 2. Not at present but perhaps someone could make one. 3. I think I'll leave this one for the readers or maybe Dear Abby. 4. Jim 5. Hart wrote a Dungeon & Encounter Editor for Ultima III (COMPUTIST #48, bug in COMPUTIST #52) that's just what you need.

I'm real interested in how you readers are going to answer question #3.

Robert W Brown

Softkey for...

Rampage

Activison

■ Requirements

- ☐ DOS 3.3 System disk
- ☐ COPYA
- ☐ Sector editor

2 Tell DOS to ignore checksum and epilog errors and use COPYA to copy the disk.

POKE 47426,24

RUN COPYA

3 Make the following sector edits to the copy you just made.

Trk	Sct	Byte(s)	From	То
\$ØØ	\$ØD	\$41-80	A9 56	all EA's
		\$81-82	25 FC	A9 FF

That's it.

Never Ending Story is on your Most Wanted list. My disk has no copy protection on it. Keep up the good work. Your magazine is the best part of the month.

S Todd Grant

Softkey for...

Deadline
Enchanter
Sorcerer
Starcross
Zork II
Infocom

- 1 Boot a DOS 3.3 disk.
- Make some changes to DOS and use COPYA to copy the disk.

CALL -151 B925:18 60 B988:18 60 BE48:18 B8FB:29 00

RUN COPYA

3 Sector edit the copy.

Trk	Sct	Byte(s)	From	To	
\$00	\$02	5B	?	AD	
		FB-FC	?	29 ØØ	

A.P.T. for...

Microwave

Cavalier

To have only one monster, boot Microwave and press **RESET** as soon the title page appears.

CALL -151 8146:00 8100G

to continue game

Playing Tips for...

Bruce Lee

Datasoft

This is how to get some extra falls in Bruce Lee. More than halfway through the game, (IE. a few rooms after the one with three ways you can take in the center) there is a room with a red design shaped like an "8" in the lower right hand corner. Run over this design and you will get an extra fall. Exit this room to the left, then reenter it and get another fall. You can get up to five extra men.

Playing Tips for...

Bard's Tale

Electronic Arts

Playing Tips for...

Wizardry

Sir-Tech

To duplicate gold and items in Bard's Tale:

- Add character "X" and character
- Trade whatever you want to duplicate from "X" to "Y".
- **3** Remove "Y".
- 4 Turn the computer off.

This works in Wizardry too, but you have to take "X" into the dungeon before you (RESET) and recover him. It might also work on later Bard's Tale scenarios but I don't know.

Playing Tips for...

Taipan

Avalanche

As soon as possible, borrow 1 from Elder Brother Wu. When you repay him, give him more than you owe. Now Brother Wu is in debt to you, and will owe more and more interest as time passes. Keep giving him as much as you can to speed up the process. Retire a billionaire, a trillionaire, or if you can stand it, a scientific notationaire!

Playing Tips for...

Wasteland

Electronic Arts

Save that Broken Toaster! This item can be found in the Quartz Graveyard. When any of your characters reach an IQ of 20, go to a library and new skills will be available to you. These skills, Electronics and Toaster Repair,

are not mentioned in the instruction book, and perhaps other skills become available at even higher IQs. Now, if anyone figures out how to actually use Toaster Repair to fix the toaster, let me know

Edgar Lasky

A.P.T. for...

Demons Winter

SSI

■ Requirements

☐ Sector Editor

Character #

☐ Backup copy of Disk B (don't use original)

The character data for Demons Winter is on Disk B.

Track	1	6	17	17	17	17
Sector	ø	_	00	00	ØC	ØD
ØØ-Ø9	Name					
ØA	Level					
ØВ	Class					
ØC	Movement	-Sp	eed			
ØD	Strength	•				
ØE	Intelligence	•				
ØF	Endurance					
1Ø	Skill					
11	Hit Points					
12	Max Hit P	oin	ts at	this ti	me	
13	Spell Point	S				
14	Max Spell		ints a	t this	time	
17	Health					
18-30	Skills (Ø1	for	ones	vou	want)	
39	Max Hit P			,	,	
1 A	Movement					
1B	Max Spell	Po	ints			

Gold and food are found on track 17, sector B.

OB.		
ØA	Gold-3rd digit	
ØB	2nd digit	
Ø C	1st digit	
ØD	Food	

John T. Chiao

The November issue of A+ magazine contained an article of interest to all Thexder IIgs game owners. A free upgrade is available (version 2.7) which contains great joystick support as well as a continue mode which will allow you to continue from the last level completed or to continue from the highest level completed rather than force you to start from the beginning. The only drawback is that the disk is copy protected requiring a Key Disk.

To obtain the free upgrade send the original disk along with your name and address to Thexder, 40033 Sierra Way, Oakhurst, CA. 93644. There is no charge for shipping and handling.

Kelly Edmondson

Bug in the Softkey for...

King's Quest I

Sierra On-Line

I just received COMPUTIST #59, Sept. 1988. I tried the softkey for Kings Quest I as it is printed on your magazine, it did not work on my copy. I think there is a misprint in the softkey by Leigh Rowan-Kelly. In the edit, AE is shifted forward by one place. The edit should be:

Block	Byte(s)	From	То
\$AØ	\$B7-C1	22 00 00 00 22 00 00 00 AE 00 00	22 00 00 00 AF 00 00 00 AE 00 00

My thanks to Leigh Rowan-Kelly and your magazine, I knew it wouldn't take long for Kings Quest I to be broken. Love your magazine and keep up the good work.

Bob Thanski

Softkey for...

Take 1 Deluxe

Baudville

Recently I read in one of the Apple magazines that Baudville has deprotected its inhouse software. So I ordered Take 1 Deluxe for my Honors Chemistry classes. When the package from Baudville arrived, I tore it open and removed the Take 1 Deluxe program, it copied easily with Copy II Plus. I then booted the copy and, alas, the drive head made some horrendous grinding noises. It was obvious that copy protection remained on the update.

Scanning my COMPUTIST library, I found Clay Harrell's softkey for the first version of Take 1 in COMPUTIST #25. Was it possible that Baudville did not change its protection? The program had not changed radically in the update.

Using Clay's lucid explanation of how the BNE instruction worked, I used the sector editor from Copy II Plus to scan for the bytes 20 44 DC (JSR \$DC 44). That was the code that began the disk check for the original Take 1. I found four. Two I ignored because they have no CMP code associated with them. It is the CMP with the BNE that causes the program to loop if the proper value is not stored at location \$2D.

The two BNE's that I NOPed were the two Clay had in his softkey. Ay track \$00, sector \$06, I found:

20 44 DC JSR DC44 A5 2D LDA 2D C9 00 CMP #00 D0 F7 BNE 0E0A

EA these 2 bytes

And at track \$00, sector \$0F:

4C 2Ø 44 JMP 442Ø DØ A5 2D JML (2DA5) C9 FF CMP #FF DØ F7 BNE ØEØ1

EA these 2 bytes

I booted the disk after NOPing the two DØ F7's. The program did not load. I used the sector editor to find A5 2D (LDA 2D). The location that had both a CMP and BNE associated with it. BINGO! It was on Track \$00, Sector \$0B. It's disassembly looks like this.

2Ø 44 DC JSR DC44 BØ ØB BCS OED2 A5 2D LDA 2D C9 ØF CMP #OF DØ Ø5 BNE ØEØ2

EA these 2 bytes

I replaced the DØ Ø5 with EA EA and booted the disk. The program loaded. The disk was unprotected.

The Fast Way

1 Copy the Take 1 disk with COPYA or Copy II Plus. The address and data marks are normal.

Use your sector editor on track \$00, sector \$06 and search for A5 2D C9 00 D0 F7 and replace the D0 F7 with EA EA.

Search track \$00, sector #0F for DC A5 2D C9 FF DØ F7. Replace the DØ Ø5 with EA EA.

4 Search track \$00, sector \$0B for A5 2D C9 ØF DØ Ø5. Replace the DØ Ø5 with EA EA.

Boot your deprotected disk and enjoy the program.

I have used this program with my Honors Chemistry students and they have produced some rather good movies. It helps to have the graphics disks which contain the "actors and various actions". I used Science Shape Library #2 and the Business Animation Library #3.

I know it takes time to explain how a disk is deprotected. If you who contribute your softkeys, can explain what you do, it helps people like me to follow the logic and risk some efforts of our own. I have learned a great deal about Apple computers and how to check for protection schemes from the many contributors to COMPUTIST.

I have tried the Softkey in COMPUTIST #60 by Doodlebug for Crossword Magic 4.0, the controller only reads track \$00 through sector \$0F and then gives a DRIVE ERROR when it stops. Help!

All of you at COMPUTIST do a great job. Thanks for what you do to make it easier and better for us to deprotect our programs. Your magazine is the only one I read from cover to cover. Keep up the good work!

Remember, It's all of you who send info to RDEX that deserve the kudos. My part is to edit the info into a standard format for easy readability. You writers do the real work. My thanks to all of you who take the time to write. RDEXed

SOLO 7

Softkey for...

BC's Quest for Tires

Sierra On-Line

The softkey listed in COMPUTIST #25 is a long one and you must hit **RESET** to drop into Applesoft while booting (not an easy thing to do with this program). This program has a top score list so that after a game is done you can list your name and score on the disk (I hate to use this feature with my original disk). The problem I had on all my copies is that after a game is done the program would bomb into the monitor. I then followed the softkey for all Sierra On-Line software in Book of Softkeys Vol.II pg.110. This softkey works just fine and lets me enter my top scores with out bombing after a game, this method is also a lot faster.

1 COPYA the original disk.

Use a sector editor with a disk search function (I used Copy II plus 7.1) to look for CE Ø3. I found the code on track \$\mathcal{O}6\$, sector \$\mathcal{O}6\$ on my disk. Change the CE Ø3 to 6Ø AD and write the sector back to disk.

 Trk Sct Byte(s)
 From
 To

 \$06
 \$06
 \$00
 CE Ø3
 60 AD

Mike Luker

You began offering a starter kit to your subscribers after I renewed my subscription last year. I just recently renewed and expected to recieve the starter kit. Am I wrong, or didn't you say that each subscriber would get a starter kit free when they subcribed?

For those of you who missed the editorial in COMPUTIST #57. I. New subscribers recieve the starter kit automatically. 2. Subscribers may request the starter kit when they renew (if they have never recieved it) and it will be sent at no charge. 3. Subscribers not near renewal, who don't want to wait, can send \$2 and we will send them a Starter Kit. Like the saying goes, 'It's easy once you know how'. RDEXed

J K Davidson

Can someone give us some help with Infocom? Copy II Plus no longer has Infocom or Zorks listed. IOB yield's "Disk Error" etc.

Well, we'll see what the readers say. Perhaps you could be more specific. What Infocom program or which of the Zorks is troubling you?

Greg Poulos

Modify all Infocom games for lower-case.

Many years ago, there was a file floating around that explained how to modify Infocom games to produce lower case characters during game play. The procedure outlined in that file worked beautifully on Infocom's first releases. But, alas, times changed and Infocom moved things around on the disk. In the newer versions of their games, you are able to select 40 or 80 column output. Anyone who has tried the well-known old techniques to get lower case has probably come up with zero success.

Well, I did some searching and found that although the location of the code may have jumped around a bit, the code that changes the output is the exact same on all Infocom games. The reason Infocom makes all the 40 column output in upper case, is because they think there are still people that have no lower case chip in their Apple. Somebody ought to tell them that 99% of Apple-owners have lower case.

There are three chunks of code that must be altered to create a nice-looking lower case output.

The first routine prints the ever-familiar inverse bar at the top of the screen. This contains your location and either your score, number-of-moves or the time. This routine must be altered to not print in inverse, for as we all now, inverse lower case characters don't agree with the Apple, although in 80 columns you get inverse/lower case. The only thing you lose if you decide to make the modification is the pretty inverse bar (even in 80 columns).

The next routine is a big one. This is the routine that actually converts all the characters to upper case. It is eleven bytes long (decimal) and will have to be completely NOPed out with eleven EA's.

The final routine determines the size of the window at the top of the screen for the text to scroll under. This is currently one line (the

inverse bar). For easier readability, you'll want to change this to two lines, so there's a blank line in between the location description, score, etc., and the actual game text itself.

So with all the explanation out of the way, let's get to work. You must first have a cracked copy of the game (obviously). Nowadays, Infocom only protects their two-sided, 128K games like Trinity, but in case you have an old Zork or something, deprotect it first. (See Book of Softkey Vol.I).

Run a sector editor (like the one in Copy II Plus) that has search capability. Insert your Infocom disk.

The "Inverse" Routine: Search for A9 3F 85 32 A9 10 (somewhere on the first two or three tracks, probably), and change the 3F to FF.

The "Window" Routine: Search for A9 01 85 22 85 E0 and change the 01 to 02. Note: 02 is recommended. You may change this to a higher number to get a wider gap.

The "Upper Case" Routine: Search for C9 60 90 0B C9 80 B0 07. Once these are found, put the cursor on the first byte (the first C9) and enter eleven (11) EA's. In otherwords, EA EA.

Note: If you cannot find the "Window" routine, search for A9 01 85 22 instead.

That's all there is to it. Something you might try doing is allowing the inverse bar in 80 columns, but making it normal in 40 columns. I haven't been able to do this as of yet.

Aapo Puskala

80 columns for Infocom games

Everyone, who has a monitor and an Apple IIe with a 80-column card or an Apple IIc probably hates playing Infocom text adventures with only 40 columns. It appears that older games don't recognize 80 columns, but newer ones do. If you own both old and new games, you can play the older game with 80 columns.

Boot with a game that supports 80 columns, and when asked for 80 columns, swap the disks with the older game. Press "Y" and start playing!

"Do I have to do that every time I want to play an adventure that doesn't support 80 columns?", you ask. No, you don't. All you have to do is copy the DOS from an Infocom disk that supports 80 columns to a disk that doesn't. That can be done with almost any copier; Just copy tracks \$00, \$01 and \$02 over the corresponding tracks of the older game and you're finished!

Warning! Do not destroy the DOS from the original disk! Use a backup copy.

Note: \$VERIFY says that the disk is damaged, but I haven't noticed any problems.

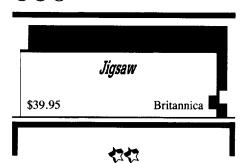
Jeff Hurlburt

The

PRODUCT MONITOR

Ratings

Jan Jan Jan Jan Jan
ははない。 SUPERB
はななな EXCELLENT
₩ VERY GOOD
₹₹ GOOD
♥ FAIR
(P) POOR
® BAD
(L) (L) DEFECTIVE



■ Requires:

- ☐ 512K Apple IIgs ☐ one 3½" drive
- On a rainy afternoon nothing hits the spot like a good jigsaw puzzle, especially when it's in full-color super-res. Britannica's "Jigsaw" comes in two boxes, like pieces of a puzzle, shrunk-wrapped into a single package. From the "Program" box comes fold-out directions and the program diskette; the "Image" box packs a diskette of twenty-four standard (unpacked, type \$C1) pictures ranging from easy "Alphabet" through fantasy castles, NASA photos, and works of art. Additional "Image" packs are planned; and, of course, any favorites from your own pic collection are candidates. (In fact, Britannica is offering \$100 for any user-submitted pictures it accepts for publication.)

Once a screen is loaded from any on-line drive the program waits for a click and then scrambles the picture into equally-sized square pieces and starts a timer. Depending upon difficulty setting, you can take on an easy eight or fifteen-piece challenge (just right for young children) or the rougher forty or sixty-fourpiece formats.

Since all of the picture is always on the screen, you 'move' pieces by exchanging. Thus, clicking on piece X and then on piece Y moves X to Y's position and Y to X's position. A sound cue ("Ole!") signals correct placement—very helpful, since a piece must not only fit with its neighbors, but also be at the correct screen location. Both "% Complete" and "Elapsed Time" are displayed above the picture; and you may at any time call up the target picture for comparison, at the price of a time penalty for each look.

"Jigsaw" maintains the best five times for each format (e.g. eight pieces, fifteen pieces, etc.) NOT for each picture, the way it should. Still, for the dedicated jigsaw fan, completing the puzzle is 'the thing'. Clever, yet simple, "Jigsaw" is like having an endless stack of colorful challenges; and you don't even have to turn over the pieces to start!

includes II+, IIe, IIgs diskettes
\$39.95 Spectrum Holobyte

- Requires:
- ☐ 48K II+, 128K IIe, or 512 K IIgs ☐ one 5¼" or 3½" drive
- ☐ joystick optional (II+, IIe versions)

As any three year-old will tell you, there's just no end to the neat things one can do with blocks. Spectrum's "Tetris" employs just four character-sized squares to generate pieces in seven different shapes (e.g. a "T", a square, left and right "L's, etc.); and then delivers a fast-paced test of coordination and sense of spatial relations.

Originally from the U.S.S.R. and, thus, dubbed "The Soviet Challenge", 'Tetris" is a new wrinkle in the old fitting-stuff-together problem. This time the 'stuff' (randomly generated shapes) drifts down, one piece at a time, into a 10-square wide X 20-square deep pit. When a piece lands, on the bottom or atop another piece, it glues into place and another starts to drop. Your problem is to control lateral movement and rotation to form complete rows of blocks. (For instance, a single "I" piece dropping into place lengthwise could finish four complete rows.) Flipping or slowing a falling piece is not allowed; but, once a piece is 'lined up' the way you want it, you can force an immediate drop.

Completed rows disappear (anything above

moves down); so you have more room in the pit for new pieces. On the other hand, for every so many rows zapped, drop time decreases (from a leisurely thirteen seconds at Level \mathcal{O} to one second at Level 9). Eventually, despite your best efforts, a stack of pieces reaches the top of the pit preventing further drops and play ends.

"Tetris" awards points for each piece that lands, depending upon drop time, with a bonus for each row of blocks removed. To spur competition, all versions maintain a "Top Ten Comrades" high scores roster on diskette; and on the IIgs you can set up multi-player tournaments. In the the latter, a settable time limit option is available; and up to four "comrades" face the same difficulty level and sequence of pieces.

Set against nicely drawn Russian landscape, sports, and space backdrops, "Tetris" is an attractive package, which, in a curious way, also manages to be instructive. No doubt, the game would be an excellent sharpening-up exercise for fighter pilots, great for developing arcade responses, and very good for helping children with orientation difficulties. Notable weaknesses are keyboard-only controls on the IIgs, no music in the II+/IIe versions, and a somewhat flaccid IIgs folk music score. Yes, Comrade, there IS room for improvement; but don't let this keep you from tackling a novel, highly entertaining challenge.

Mouse Cleaner 360

\$16.95

Ergotron

474747

The first time a friend brought over Ergotron's "Mouse Cleaner 360" suggested that our mouse needed cleaning, I was skeptical. After all, how dirty could little Herman get in just a few months of running around on a nice clean mousepad? Turning the retainer ring and removing the ball only seemed to confirm my suspicions: here was yet another excursion into frillsville. Apart from a mote of dust, even the rubber treads on the three metal wheels seemed free of contamination. "Ahem," Mr. Clean informed me, "the IIgs mouse doesn't have RUBBER TREADS on its sensor wheels." The 'treads', as a bit of fingernail scraping revealed, were an accumulation of gunk and lint!

It's surprising just how easily one can become accustomed to steadily degraded mouse response. Slightly out-of-round sensor wheels making marginally mushy contact do not produce the kind of precipitous control problem that screams for attention; yet, the contrast,

once the little bugger is cleaned, is startling. No, "Mouse Cleaner 360" will not vanquish a year's accumulation of gunk. For a 'tread class' cleaning job you must resort to, at least, some laborious scraping and wiping. What Ergotron's magical system will do is keep a clean mouse clean, free of gunk, and responsive.

"Mouse Cleaner 360" 'works', not just because it really removes dirt, oils, and lint, but also because it is easy to use. You simply squirt a few drops of cleaner onto the "'360" velcro ball, pop it into the mouse, and move it around (in a circular motion) on the cleaning track. Using a small chamois, you then wipe the inside to finish up. (Since the alcohol cleaning solution could damage the rubber sensor ball, you clean it using your own gentle detergent solution.) Supplied in a handy plastic case, the kit includes two velcro balls (1" for Ilgs and 7/8" for smaller mice), cleaning track, chamois, a bottle of cleaning solution, and a pair of stick-on velcro fasteners, in case you want to mount the cleaning track on a convenient surface. A frill? Not hardly! If you own a mouse, Ergotron's "Mouse Cleaner 360" is a necessity.

Turbo Mouse ADB 3.0

For Apple IIgs, Mac SE, Mac II \$169.95 Kensington

434343

Just a few years ago someone said: "Golly, if I turn this trackball over and roll it on a pad, I can translate hand pointing and drawing motions into usable computer inputs!" Now, proving with a vengeance that "what goes around comes around", Kensington proclaims that it has "turned mouse technology upsidedown" to deliver touch-and-point convenience and reclaim precious space from rampant rodents.

Rendered in Apple platinum, the new "Turbo Mouse ADB" boasts a mere 4.5" X 5" footprint, twin click-action switches placed on either side of the easy-rolling 2" ball, and the kind of elegant lines that make it 'at home' on your desktop or the console of the starship Enterprise II. Better yet, the drop-in/tump-out control ball and flush-mounted switch plates guarantee easy cleaning, for continued good looks and reliable operation.

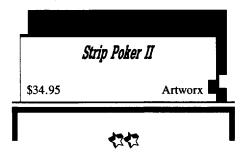
"Turbo Mouse" comes with a standard male/male ADB chord and two sockets to let you place the unit anywhere in the computer-keyboard-mouse Desktop Bus chain. Kensington also supplies a handy stick-on pocket for comfortable "retirement" of your

"old" mouse; but it can retain its place at the end of the ADB chain (e.g. plugged into "Turbo Mouse") where it remains fully functional.

Removing the four bottom screws reveals the optical encoders— "Turbo Mouse" senses movement by counting lines on right-angle mounted wheels- and, among other components, a General Instruments PIC 1670 microcomputer IC! Thanks to its brain, "Turbo Mouse" can detect small, quick control ball movements and, changing resolution on-the-fly, propel the on-screen cursor for easy access to any portion of a display. Other built-in smarts include both standard and locking (clickon/click-off) mouse 'buttons' - very nice for running through long menus- and a "chording" feature (both buttons pressed) to output a selected Command key. You set the latter (to CMD-N, CMD-O, etc.) and left or right placement of the locking button via slide switches accessed through a back panel. On a Mac, "Turbo Mouse" can also respond to Kensington's "Custom Control Software" utility, for tailoring cursor and double-click speeds.

Just how much time Herman will actually spend snuggled up in your mouse pocket depends upon how you use your computer. Though "Turbo Mouse" resolution is very good, for tasks like free-hand drawing, the ability to perform precise cursor moves is less important than movement 'naturalness'. Working with a standard mouse comes much closer to holding a pencil than does rolling a ball. Otherwise, "Turbo Mouse"'s compactness, freedom from the need for constant pickup-and-move repositioning, and an end to the bother of mouse cable kinking all emerge as very attractive advantages. When it comes to hopping around a word processor document, moving pieces on a chessboard screen, or clicking choices in an adventure game, "Turbo Mouse" is the clear winner.

NOTE: After shipping the first few batches of its IIgs, Apple made some changes to the ADB controller, but failed to notify developers, or anyone else, of the full extent of the modifications. Kensington tested "Turbo Mouse ADB" on Mac's and newer IIgs's. (If you got your IIgs this Christmas, don't worry.) Only when complaints started coming in was it discovered that, on IIgs models with the older ADB controller, "Turbo Mouse ADB" will not perform correctly. Symptoms include absence of speed sensing, failure of the "chording" function to send a complete KB instruction, no response to IIgs mouse speed settings, and unequal left-right vs. right-left response. According to Kensington's product manager, a fix for 'old IIgs' owners (and prospective owners) of "Turbo Mouse" should be ready soon. Expect a report in the next issue or so.



■ Requires:

☐ 512K Apple IIgs ☐ one 3½" drive

If, as an old Madison Avenue adage puts it, "Sex sells", then strip poker is a 'natural' for IIgs super-res. In the Artworx version, you get two opponents, Suzi and Melissa, who, to quote the box blurb: "are willing and able to bet it all for the chance to beat the pants off you." "All", of course, is every last stitch, reached in several progressively more revealing frames, each showing Suzi or Melissa in a different pose.

The game is standard five-card poker with your opponent shown in the upper two thirds of the screen. Her comments (e.g. "How did you talk me into this?", etc.), your cards, and clickable play options appear near the bottom. Bets and raises range from \$5-\$25 with each article of clothing (hers or yours) valued at \$100. The program takes care of all record-keeping, player balances, undressing, and redressing (should a player win back a piece of clothing). Naturally, when you or your opponent are out of clothes, you're out of luck, and the game ends.

Featuring digitized 320-mode graphics and a few special-situation digitized voice tracks (e.g. "It's showtime!"), "Strip Poker II" probably rates a mild "R" for content and "easy" for difficulty. Still, while neither Suzi nor Melissa plays especially strong poker, they do play differently. Bet carelessly and either CAN beat you, especially should you let yourself become distracted (by something or other).

FAST FRAMES, UPDATES, ETC.

Revenge of Chessmaster?

As fate would have it, just after sending in my "Sargon V"/Mac review (and complaining about the dearth of IIgs chess software), Baywoof the Board Basher brought over a prerelease version of Software Country's "Chessmaster 2500"/IIgs. Could this be the long-awaited 'blow for the forces of Good'? (Stay tuned for a review as soon as S.C. ships the finished product.)

†I-THIMIC

More Four

For 1-4 players, Accolade's new mini-golf simulation (\$34.95 for 512K IIgs) is the sort of game you keep on the 'front burner', ready for parties or any time visitors want to "play something on the computer". With an option for individual hole practice, "Mini-Putt" offers "Classic" and "Deluxe" plus two more ninehole super-res courses positively packed with hazards. Most of the display is a top-down view of your ball and immediate surroundings; but just moving the mouse shifts screens for easy walk-through of all or part of any hole. Smaller inserts present a hole map, the "Mean-18"-type Power/Accuracy shooting gauge, and an animated golfer figure. Though arrows, rather than artwork, indicate location and direction of slopes, the rotating windmills, mazes, 'river' water traps, narrow bridges, castles, and much more are all here in colorful detail together with realistic ball action and sound effects. Count on a solid challenge (like, would you believe 19 on a par 3?) and many hours of lively competition. (Also, you can bet your best golf shoes, a "Famous Mini-Putt Courses" volume is in the works.)

Bonk!!

A nice side-effect of programmer experimentation with a new machine is the plethora of high-quality shareware. One such product is J. Tierney's "Bounce-It!", a superres mouse-driven IIgs version of dear old "Brick Out" complete with sound effects. For a modest \$10 'keeper fee', you get an ondiskette "Hall of Fame" (top eight scores) roster, player-settable speed and paddle size, and nine levels of stiff competition. As one player commented (just after starting his twentieth contest): "It's a good thing this game isn't addictive."

Vendors

ACCOLADE: 20813 Stevens Creek Blvd.. Cupertino, CA 95014 (408-446-5757) ARTWORX SOFTWARE: 1844 Penfield Road, Penfield, NY 14526 (716-385-6120) **BRITANNICA SOFTWARE: 345 Fourth** Street, San Francisco, CA 94107 (415-546-1866)

ERGOTRON: 1621 E. 79th St., Minneapolis, MN 55420 (612-452-8135)

J.R. TIERNEY: P.O. Box 1303, Ridgewood, NJ Ø7451

KENSINGTON MICROWARE: 251 Park Avenue South, New York, NY 10010 (800-535-4242, in NY call 212-475-5200) SPECTRUM-HOLOBYTE: 2061 Challenger Dr., Alameda, CA (415-522-3584)

C. E. Garrett

I recieved my starter kit today and almost immediately ran into a snag. I was following the instructions for making a backup copy using Super IOB. I had the starter kit disc in a 514" drive installed as Slot #6, drive #1. I wished to copy to a 31/2" disk installed as Slot #5, drive #1. When I pressed a key to commence formatting the target disk, I received the "Initialization Error" alert on my monitor screen. I subsequently was able to make a back up disk by using only the 514" drive. Is it not possible to copy from one size disk to another size using this program?

Sorry, no can do. Super IOB is a whole disk copier. Also, it's a bad idea to copy from one size disk to another. In one direction, it won't fit and in the other, it puts a straight-jacket on the larger medium since the format and file data are copied intact. The file formats (DOS 3.3) and valid track/sectors are different for 5 ¼ " and 3 ½ " disks. Use a file copier to copy from a 5 ¼ " disk to a

Harry M. Randel

Back in May of this year I dropped you a line requesting help regarding the Einstein Compiler. I was desperate, because it affected my method of teaching elementary school computer courses and I had two (2) original Einstein disks - both damaged.

Since then I have received help from several COMPUTIST readers, including one anonymous letter with disk. The letter reads,

Harry. Hope the enclosed disk is helpful. Would have signed this letter, but believe in the old adage that "No good deed ever goes unpunished"! Sincerely yours,

Thanks for creating and supporting so "wonderful a family" and for their help. My efforts in elementary education are proceeding as planned - programs are compiled - and the students have to work to create the programs, rather than just LIST and copy.

Your sort of problems and the solutions for them are a big part of what the Readers Data EXchange is all about. Thanks for writing and letting us know how things came out.

Mark Ruskin

I'm writing with a tidbit I've found that has to do with the Publish It program from Timeworks. The manual says you can import graphics from other graphics programs such as

Dazzle Draw. In trying to import graphics from Paint 8/16 I had trouble even listing my Paint 8/16 files. I found that the end file type for the graphics with Publish It in hires is \$2000. In double hires it's \$4000. My Paint 8/16 graphics had an end file type in hires of \$1FF8. In double hires it's \$3FF8. The difference in either programs graphics is not much but I found that a difference of one digit in either mode will stop Publish It from accessing the file.

To fix it isn't hard but it is a pain. All I did was BLOAD the file from Paint 8/16 and then BSAVE (file name), A\$2000,L\$4000. After doing this I could use my own graphic creations from Paint 8/16. For some reason Publish It will only access files with exact file lengths of \$2000 or \$4000 in the two hires modes.

Joseph P. Karwoski

I find this magazine is the best I have. I always go to back issues to learn another trick. Keep up the great work!

There is a typo in the softkey for Springboard Publisher (COMPUTIST #60, page 10). The explanation is excellent, but the search key/sector edit is incorrect. The key is shown as A2 06 AD 3E but it should be A2 06 A0 3E.

Softkey for...

Operation Frog

Scholastic

■ Requirements

- ☐ Apple IIe,IIgs
- ☐ Copy II Plus ☐ COPYA
- ☐ 2 blank disks

1 Boot your DOS 3.3 system disk and use COPYA to copy the original to the first blank disk.

RUN COPYA

(©C)

CALL-151

B925:18 60

B988:18 6@ (C)

Note: This will encounter an error and then stop, don't worry, you are half-way home.

2 Format the second disk using "HELLO" as the hello program, and then delete "HELLO".

Copy all the files from the first disk to this new disk (I use Copy II Plus, File Copy).

Note: When you catalog the two disks you will find that the blocks are not the same. I found this to be true for the last 3 files on the disk, this is where the error occured.

4 Using Copy II Plus in Patched DOS 3.3, I found where these files are located track \$19-1D. Sector copy these tracks to your disk, the disk with the larger blocks in the catalog.

Re-do step #1 using the disk you just copied "to".

Note: You will not get an error this time.

6 Re-do step #2.

7 Copy all the files to this new disk.
You now have a copyable copy!

By the way, the intro screen is named "PICTR.SCHOLASTIC3". You may change it by creating another screen (High Res) and saving it with this name. My screen now tells me that this is a back-up copy and that it is illegal to make another copy.

This is a real weird softkey. Would someone explain what is going on?

Robert F.Smith

(?) I've tried deprotecting an early edition of "Where in the World is Carmen Sandiego" using the softkey by Ronald Wilson (COMPUTIST #25. pg 25) and the IIgs CDA, "Visit Monitor" (COMPUTIST #56, pg 7, "Apple IIgs Secret Weapon", Castano de la Serna). I very carefully checked and rechecked any codes I entered but the routine did not work. BRUNning the file "Carmen Sandiego" resulted in a blank screen with two multicolored lines (Graphics?) near the top and a locked-up keyboard. Any suggestions? Combining the two routines seems like a natural. The F8 ROM's command is replaced by "2000<0000. Ø7FFM" and the "M" command by CE ESC to get to the Monitor via the desk accessory. Any help would be appreciated.

Rob Fiduccia

Playing Tips for...

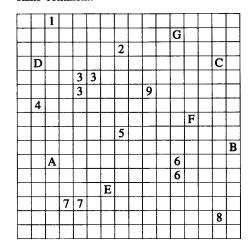
Deathlord

ECA

This game has everything you want and some things you'll wish that they didn't put in. This game is very large in all ways. I'm very glad to say that I won the game, and let me tell you, it was harder then any game I've played. If you have the game, you know how hard it is to start, just imagine winning.

Map of Deathlord

Note: The numbers and letters are land. The squares (lines) are where the disk drive runs. Kodan is island #3. Hell Island (where Deathlord lives) is letter "G". For the rest of the islands, you can see what is on them. Letters "E" and "F" are uninhabited. If you enter a square, and cast the spell "Konpasu" and it says BELOW, that means that there is land in that square, so sail round in the square (don't exit it) and you will soon find land. Identical numbers indicate that the disk runs but it is the same continent.



Special items list

Here is a list of the 6 items you need and where to find them. The order of the list is: *Item, Location (continent): notes.*

- Sunspear, 1: Two Rivers is the town where you can get it, Senju has it but you need to give him one Blue Crystal.
- Lantern, West 7: You can get this item in the ruins Greenbanks. It is in one of the graves. Search.
- Sharktooth, A: You find this in the volcano that once was a town. It is hidden in the dark in a tomb, To the south-east of town.
- Emerald Rod, 5: In the Palace of Sultans, enter from the west end, and search the south wall right after the guards post.
- Ruby Ring, C: If you enter the castle, go south after you find the King, keep looking until you find a golem guarding a magic curtain. Cast the spell "UGOKU" and if you are lucky, you will end up on the other side. If this is so, don't attack him.
- Blue Crystal, A: Find the hut to the north of this island. Enter from the east end. Go a little in until you find a hut to the south, enter and keep going south, through the fake stone and then search the bushes.

Complete giveaways

- The Sharktooth will make island "G" appear. If you go there without it, the island will not be there.
- The Sunspear is the only weapon which can hurt Deathlord, spells have no effect.
- The Blue Crystal can be used to pass through Rakhammon's curtain. If you don't have it, you can't pass through.
- The Lantern is the only item that will give you light on the plane of darkness in Deathlord's underground castle. Light spells just fizz. If you don't have this, you won't get very far.
- The Ruby Ring will let you pass through fire without getting burned. It is needed on the plain of fire in Deathlord's castle. There is plenty of fire to kill you if you don't have it.
- The Emerald Rod will let you pass through acid without getting hurt. It is needed on the plain of acid in Deathlord's castle.
- Here are 5 of the 7 words, YOKUSEI, NIKUMU, SIEYOKU, FUSHIN, OSORERU. I'm sorry if you have some.
- When you find a gate in Deathlord's castle that will not open by smashing, I say you yell out one of the words
- There is a dungeon behind the castle on island "C". It looks like normal mountains. There is a square of trees in front of it. Get on it and type "EM".
- If you were wondering, when your character's age is 40-60, his/her attributes starts to lessen, it isn't very important. I thought you may like to know that because the manual doesn't mention it.
- After you kill Deathlord with the Sunspear, make sure you get the mystic item he has, and DON'T DROP it.
- If you entered a town and have gotten an item, then exit the town, dungeon, castle etc. It saves what you did. So if you exit with the Ruby Ring, it will not be there again because it is saved to the disk that you have it. Now make another disk, both side A and side B that have never been played on. If you insert the disk before you enter a town, dungeon etc. it will be like new. Now before you exit, TAKE IT OUT and put the original in, so it doesn't save your actions and you'll have a fresh copy all the time. So never exit a town, dungeon etc. with the copy disk and you'll never have to worry if you drop the Ruby Ring, just go back and get it.
- To be very safe about death, when you're in a dungeon (this also goes for castles, towns, and that kind of place) or a new place or a difficult one, save. Now takeout the disk. Now if you get killed for any reason, it will not be saved to the disk for it isn't in the drive. If you get killed without warning, you'll be placed where the game was last saved. I find this better then turning the power off quickly, and don't worry, your drive will not get hurt if there is no disk in it.

A.P.T. for...

Deathlord

ECA

■ Requirements

☐ Character playing disk☐ COMPUTIST Starter Kit (you need DOS ALTERER and DISKEDIT)

Deathlord is a very tough game (even if you cheat) as you will see. The steps I give explain how to do the APT in the simplest and fastest way.

Part 1

- 1 Boot the Starter Kit disk and RUN "DOS ALTERER". The scenario disks have abnormal address and data marks so DOS must be changed to read and write to them.
- Choose #1 from the menu. Change the address field to D5 AA D6 instead of D5 AA 96 and also change DE AA to DE B7 and press return.
- Choose #2 from the menu. Change D5 AA AD to D5 AE AD and change DE AA to EA AA and press return.
- Choose #8 from the menu. Name the text file "DL". Insert your save disk and press return to save it.

Part 2

- 1 Boot the Starter Kit disk and "LOAD" DISKEDIT into memory by typing "2D" RETURN.
- Insert your save disk and type "EXEC DL".
- Then type "3DØG" to exit the monitor.
- 4 Type "RUN".

Now you can read the scenario disk, but you must do all of part 2 every time you wish to edit your characters. If you want, you can make a program that does it all, just remember to have DISKEDIT on the disk.

Note: Before you make any changes, your party must disperse. So if you're in a dungeon, and need hit points, you must quit. Boot the main disk, go to CHARACTER OPTIONS and choose "Disperse Existing Group". Then after you make your changes and play, you'll be outside the town Kawa on the island Kodan, not the last saved place.

Character Attribute Notes

- All values are in hex. (IE. 255 decimal = FF hex, 99 decimal = 63 hex.) If you're not into hex numbers, just use FF and 63, they're the best.
- Your hit points (in hex) take up 2 bytes. The

hi-byte is in the first location shown and the lobyte is in the second location. (IE. If your first characters hit points were 124 (\$007C), location \$08 would have the value 7C and location \$20 would have the value \(\Theta \). If his hit points were 576 (\$0240), then location \$20 would have the value \(\Theta \)2 and location \$08 would contain the value 40.)

- The highest that hit points can be is \$FFFF, which is 65,535 in decimal. The game will display just zeros, but you do have 65,535 hits points.
- It seems that if you have that much hit points, battle is slower. Also, when you walk through fire, acid, etc., it will be a little slower too. It's not a big problem.
- If your level is higher then 23 then you'll have all the spells. If your level is 99 (\$63 hex) then your spells will last longer and do more damage. Higher levels than that don't seem to make much difference.
- All single byte values can be from \$00-\$FF. I suggest you use \$63 (99 in decimal) for the highest value, or you may get confused.
- Values for Character's health are: \$00 = Healthy, \$02 = Starving, \$40 = Dead, \$04 = Poisoned, \$08 = Diseased, \$C0 = Stoned.
- Character alignments are: \$00 = Good, \$01 = Neutral, \$02 = Evil. So now your Ninja can be in your party. Give him the byte value \$0 or \$01. You can mix any alignment now, just change them all to \$00 or \$01, not \$02 or you won't
- be able to do some things and your quest will be harder.
- The values for sex are \$00 for male and \$01 for female. Sex seems to have no real purpose in the game.

Attribute	Character ±						
	1	2	3	4	5	6	sct
Hit Points	20/08	21/09	22/0A	23/ 0 B	24/0C	25/0D	0 5
Level	98	99	9A	9B	9C	9D	Ø5
Strength	C8	C9	CA	CB	CC	CD	Ø5
Constitution	EØ	E 1	E2	E 3	E 4	E5	Ø 5
Size	F8	F9	FA	FB	FC	FD	Ø5
Intelligence	1 Ø	11	12	13	14	15	Ø 4
Dexterity	28	29	2A	2B	2C	2D	Ø 4
Charisma	40	41	42	43	44	45	Ø 4
Power	58	59	5A	5B	5C	5D	Ø 4
Health	D8	D9	DA	DB	DC	DD	Ø 6
Food	48	49	4A	4B	4C	4D	Ø3
Age	3 0	31	32	33	34	35	Ø3
Alignment	18	19	1 A	1B	1C	1D	Ø3
Sex	ØØ	Ø1	Ø 2	Ø 3	0 4	Ø5	Ø3

I left out gold, weapons, armor and magic items. I will let you know this; gold will soon become a pain because you'll have so much and nothing to do with it. Weapons, armor and items, you'll pick up fast too.

I hope this APT helps. If you are a beginner and it seems just to hard to do, remember to take it very slow and read everything twice. So go ahead... find Deathlord and let him have it.

Playing Tips for...

Ultima V

Origin

Ultima V, the fifth sequel to the Ultima series, is the biggest and surely the best of all, I think. Lord British has disappeared on an expedition to the newly discovered Underworld which is equal to Britannia. You must find Lord British and return his lost belongings. These tips will help you on your journey.

- The password for the Resistance side is "DAWN"
- The password for the Oppression side is "IMPERA".
- To destroy the Shards and Shadowlords go to the flames and yell the Shadowlord's name and when he is on the flame, use the shard.

Shadowlord	Flame location
FAULINEI NOSFENTOR	The Lycaeum Serpent's Hold Empath Abbey
	FAULINEI

- When you are walking on Britannia, try flipping the disk and when it spins again, the Underworld will be in the direction you are walking. You can get items (hint) and return to Britannia anytime by flipping back the disk, but when you are attacked or Hold up Camp, you must flip to Britannia. It works the exact opposite when in the Underworld. Note: Doing this could mess up your disk, so use a backup.
- To get Lord British's magic carpet go to the forth level in this kingdom, get a cannon and blast the guard and the door to the tower in the middle. Next, you'll see a rug right by the entrance, GET it and use it. If you play around with it, you'll see what it can do.
- Go to Jhelom and go to the north-west tower and ask a wizard named Goeth about the moon gates, but type it like this "SETAG NOOM". One other thing, he knows one Word of Power.
- Ask the Lord of Empath Abbey about his "GRAPPLE".
- Mix ash, silk, mandrake and nightshade and be on level 6 and say "REL XEN BET" while in combat and cast it on a foe and see what happens. Don't cast it on a daemon.
- Lord British's crown is on Blackthorn's roof in the middle tower, it prevents spells from being cast, but be prepared for some combat and have one skull key if you want it.
- Go to Jhelom and exit the secret door in the lower tower to the north-east and walk south until you see a dead tree. Search it!
- Try going to Lord British's chambers and sitting in the chair by the piano and play these keys: 6789878767653 and watch the room.
- Skull Keys can be found in Minoc in the tree north-west of town. 'Search' the tree every other day

= eacers Data

Playing Tips for...

Wings of Fury

Briderbund

- The best way to disable an island is to be equipped with rockets and fly high over the island to see where things are. When you feel like you're in a good place to attack, dive down and destroy all the barracks. Let all the soldiers flee to the gun dug-outs. Attack one of the dugouts and circle to shoot the soldiers running. Get them before they get to another gun. Finish off the dugouts this way. There aren't more then three gun dug-outs on an island. This works better then destroying a dug-out and when the soldiers come running out from the barracks having to do it again. You don't have to concern yourself with the soldiers coming out of the barracks as they will all occupy a gun.
- The best way to handle a dog fight with two planes is to circle around in one place and when a plane goes off to the east or west go after him. When you're chasing him, don't move the plane up and down, you'll loose vital speed. Both planes won't go in the same direction. So when one plane breaks off, the other will go the other way or will be still in its loop and you'll have some time to catch the plane that broke off before the other plane gets on your tail.
- Does anyone have a program to map out dungeons, castles, towns, for Deathlord?
- Can someone tell me what to do in Mindshadow after I get the map and it leads to the rusty trunk and I get the rum?
- ② Does someone have a softkey for the great high-res graphics program Blazing Paddles by Baudville? I don't see it on the most wanted list and would like to add it. I have had no luck with copying it.
- The program was softkeyed in COMPUTIST #31, page 23 and in COMPUTIST #35, page 4.
- Open Does anyone have a program to edit Ultima IV towns and even dungeons?
- A land editor/mapper is in COMPUTIST #33, page 16 (bug in COMPUTIST #37, page 6). A town mapper is in COMPUTIST #47, page 10.

Michele Jackson

Deprotecting with an Altered DOS 3.3 disk

■ Requirements

- ☐ 64K Apple Computer
- ☐ DOS 3.3 System Master w/COPYA & FID

As a reader of COMPUTIST I have picked up many valuable tips from the magazine and from the Book of Softkeys, Volume I. By assembling bits and pieces gleaned from these publications I have put together a disk that helps me deprotect many difficult programs. I have no knowledge of machine language and very little knowledge of how DOS 3.3 and PRODOS do their thing. All of the information below was learned from COMPUTIST. I must applaud the magazine for enabling a novice like myself to deprotect many programs that stump other more experienced users in my area.

The altered disk

A handy tool that should be in every disk library is an altered DOS 3.3 disk with commonly used utilities. This disk will assist in deprotecting many DOS 3.3 disks and programs written in PASCAL. To make such a disk use the instructions below.

1 Boot a normal DOS 3.3 disk and make some changes to DOS.

CALL -151 B925:18 60 B988:18 60 BE48:18

Ignore end of data marks Ignore end of address marks Ignore errors

B942:18 3D@G

Disable DOS error checking routine Return to BASIC

- 2 After making these alterations INIT a new disk. The new disk will have the altered
- 3 Use Master Create to make this disk a master disk.
- 4 Copy COPYA and FID to this new disk. I used KEY-CAT by Beagle Brothers as my HELLO program.

I have found this disk to be invaluable in deprotecting many disks that don't respond well to nibble copiers. This disk will COPYA most protected disks allowing the copy to be changed using a sector editor. You can use FID to catalog the protected disk and to copy the programs to a blank disk with a normal DOS.

Here are two softkeys using this disk, Create with Garfield and Rambo, First Blood Part II. Have fun!

Softkey for ...

Create with Garfield

DLM

This is a cute program that makes cartoons which can be printed. Here's how to deprotect it.

1 Init a DOS 3.3 disk. Make the greeting program name GARFIELD.

INIT GARFIELD

2 Use Master Create (from the DOS 3.3 System disk) to make this disk a master.

3 Boot the altered DOS disk and use FID to copy the programs from the original to the master disk from step 2.

You can add a fast DOS like DiversaDOS to speed things up a little. Have fun making cartoons.

Softkey for...

RAMBO First Blood Part II

Mindscape, Inc.

I first tried several nibble copiers on this disk. They all copied it without indication of error but the copies just rebooted continuously. Also, the copies could not be read with the sector editor on Copy II Plus. The altered DOS disk did the trick. By changing the bytes that gave the command to reboot to the command for no operation I was able to make a working copy. Here are the instructions.

1 Boot the altered DOS disk and use COPYA to make a copy of RAMBO.

2 Using a sector editor with search capabilities find 40 00 C6. They should be on track \$00. Change these bytes to EA EA EA. Play RAMBO.

Clay Harrell

Softkey for...

Stickers Rainbow Painter

Springboard

■ Requirements

- ☐ Any Apple Computer
- ☐ A Sector Editor
- ☐ COPYA from the DOS 3.3 System Master
- ☐ A blank disk

I used Senior PROM v3.0 (hardware) to develop this softkey.

Both Stickers and Rainbow Painter are top quality graphics program for children from the same publisher as "Newsroom". The programs work nicely with icons and a joystick, and are easy to use. Stickers lets kids paint "stickers" of animals in a puzzle fashion. Rainbow Painter is a MacPaint for kids.

Unfortunately, both programs are copy protected and backups can not be easily

produced with a bit copier. Fortunately, both programs use the same copy protection, just implemented slightly different. Since it is not advisable to let any children use an original disk, it must be deprotected to allow backups.

The first step I took in deprotecting these programs was to try copying the disks with COPYA. Of course this didn't work, so I tried defeating the epilogue byte check routines (at \$B925 and \$B988) and copying the disk. This let me copy only the DOS tracks (\$00-02).

Remember, a DOS disk has unique beginning (prologue) and unique ending (epilogue) bytes that tell DOS where each sector starts and ends on a track. If these unique bytes are changed from a normal DOS format, a DOS copier (such as COPYA) can not find the sectors on a track and can not copy the disk (this is a VERY common copy protection scheme). The ending bytes are merely double checks on a sector, as DOS knows how much data it should read for the sector. You can easily copy a disk with modified epilogue bytes by defeating the ending (epilogue) byte check routine in DOS and copying the disk with COPYA. Hence if we put an "18 60" at locations \$B925 and \$B988, this defeats the ending (epilogue) byte checks and we can copy the DOS tracks on Stickers. The Senior PROM has an option to do this automatically, and using its copy program I could easily copy tracks \$00-02.

Unfortunately, the rest of the disk (tracks \$03-22) have modified beginning (prologue) bytes, so we have to actually know what these prologue bytes are to copy the disk to a normal DOS 3.3 format. I used the nibble read option in the Senior PROM to examine track \$03, and determined the address prologue bytes were changed from D5 AA 96 to BB AA 96. Using the Senior PROMs "Alter Prolog Bytes" and the Copy option (Super IOB would also work), I could easily convert tracks \$03-22 to a normal DOS 3.3 format. Except for track \$0A.

A nibble read of track \$OA using the Senior PROM sector editor gave the indication that this track was a nibble count track, or in some other way connected with the copy protection. It was easy to identify this track as copy protection related. First, it was in a different format than all the other tracks, and it was void of any data. This was easy to tell from the hi-res picture the Senior PROM nibble read provided on track \$OA: The hi-res screen was almost completely white. This indicates the track contained mostly \$FF's, which means it was empty. Obviously, there was no data on this track, so there was nothing to copy to our normal DOS copy of Stickers.

After converting the disk to COPYA format, I sector editted track \$00, sector \$03, bytes \$25-26 and bytes \$88-89 to 18 60 on the copy. This is the same thing as described above by putting an 18 60 at locations \$B925 and \$B988, but doing it permanently to DOS. I then

tried to boot the copy. Immediately after loading DOS, both Stickers and Rainbow Painter went to track \$0A to verify its format. If the check failed, memory is cleared and the BASIC prompt appears.

The way to remove this protection is to copy normal DOS 3.3 onto tracks \$00-02 of the copies. It turns out the DOS used by Stickers and Rainbow Painter is identical to normal DOS 3.3 except for the track \$0A disk check routine, and the modified prolog and epilog bytes. Copying normal DOS onto the copy not only defeats the track \$0A check, but also corrects the modified prolog and epilog bytes to a normal DOS format.

The easiest way to copy normal DOS onto the backup copies is to initialize a DOS disk using INIT STICKERS or INIT RAINBOW PAINTER from DOS 3.3, and then convert tracks \$03-09, and \$0B-22 to normal DOS 3.3 format over the initialized disks. This is very easy with the Senior PROM using the "Alter Prolog Bytes" and Copy utilities.

At this point, there is a slight deviation in deprotecting Stickers. The startup program name on the Stickers disk has some control character in it. Because of this, I changed the startup program name on track \$11, sector \$0F, byte \$0E to STICKERS, followed by 16 spaces. Originally it said STICKERS! BY JOE LINHOFF, partially in control characters (that's why the 16 spaces). Since its difficult to type in control characters when INITing the disk, change the startup program name to just STICKERS using a sector editor. Rainbow Painter did not have this protection.

Now the disks will boot, display the title page, and the disk drive will grind and ask for the original disk. Obviously, there is more to deprotecting these programs. Using the Senior PROM, I interrupted the program during the disk grind and viewed the prologue bytes in DOS at location \$B954. The program had changed them to BB AA 96, instead of the normal D5 AA 96.

The next thing I did was to search memory using the Senior PROM for "8D 55 B9", which is a STA \$B955 instruction. This would be the typical instruction to change location \$B955 to the BBA 96 header. At location \$8161 in Stickers I found this routine:

8161 A9 D5 LDA #\$D5 8163 AØ ED LDY #\$ED 8165 4C 6F 81 JMP \$816F 8168 A9 BB LDA #\$BB 816A AØ DE LDY #\$DE 816C 4C 6F 81 JMP \$816F 816F 8D 55 B9 STA \$B955 8172 8C 91 B9 STY \$B991 8175 60

There was also an almost identical routine in Rainbow Painter at location \$9A7A and at \$620E (though they were not both in memory at the same time).

This routine would swap between the D5 AA 96 and BB AA 96 prologue bytes, and between ED AA and DE AA epilogue bytes. It's easy to defeat this protection by putting NOP's (no instructions) at locations \$816F-8174 in Stickers, and at \$9A7A-9A7E and \$62@E-6217 in Rainbow Painter. Then the prologue bytes would always be the normal D5 AA 96 and the epilogue bytes DE AA. I used the Senior PROM disk search utility to find this code on the Stickers disk (the same code was found in two places) and put the NOP instructions (the EA's) at track \$1F, sector \$0B, bytes \$73-78, and on track \$1E, sector \$0B, bytes \$92-97. On the Rainbow Painter disk, the NOP's go at track \$07, sector \$0D, bytes \$92-9B, and at track \$07, sector \$04, bytes \$7E-83.

At this point the Rainbow Painter disk would boot fine and ran perfectly. It was completely deprotected.

Something interesting about this routine in Stickers: If you did not specify the correct address (\$8161) to disassemble at in the Monitor (using the "L" command), the code looked like garbage (i.e. "8150L" would make the code at \$8161 look like garbage). This memory protection technique is called "false disassembly", and is meant to make it difficult to find code for a random looker. Since we found the code in a sane, orthodox manner (instead of just trying to stumbling upon it), this protection technique proved worthless.

However, on the Stickers disk the disk drive grinding noises were gone, but the program still asked for the original Stickers disk. Obviously there was some more secondary protection. Returning to the code at \$8161 provided the answer. Some instructions earlier at location \$813F was the actual routine that did the disk check. Here is the code:

813F 2Ø 1D 81 JSR \$811D 8142 BØ ØF BCS \$8153 8144 AØ ØØ LDY #\$00 8146 B9 9Ø ØB LDA \$ØB9Ø,Y 8149 FØ ØA BEQ \$8155 CMP \$9B1B,Y 814B D9 1B 9B 814E DØ Ø3 BNE \$8153 815Ø C8 INY 8151 DØ F3 BNE \$8153 8153 38 SEC 8154 60 **RTS** 8155 18 CLC 8156 60 RTS

This routine did the disk check using B8 AA 96 as the prologue bytes (JSR \$811D), and if an error occurred, branched to \$8153 which set the carry bit and returned to the calling routine. The carry bit is used as a flag here to signal an error. If it is set, an error occurred; if it was clear all went correctly. At location \$8144, memory at \$B90 is compared to \$9B1B, and if not the same, the carry bit is set and the routine exited.

In the section of the

To defeat this code, change location \$8153 from 38 (set the carry), to 18 (clear the carry). This way the carry bit is always clear no matter if the disk checks, or if memory does not compare. This code was on track \$1F, sector \$0B, byte \$57, and track \$1E, sector \$0B, byte \$25.

This completely removed the copy protection from Stickers.

In cookbook fashion

1 Boot your DOS 3.3 System Master (or a fast DOS like Diversi-DOS) and insert a blank disk in the drive.

INIT STICKERS for Stickers
INIT RAINBOW PAINTER for Rainbow Painter

Insert a DOS 3.3 System Master disk and run COPYA.

RUN COPYA

Stop the program at the SLOT prompt.

⊕C

Enter the monitor and tell COPYA to only copy tracks \$03-22.

CALL-151

2B0:A9 02 8D D1 02 8D D2 02 60

2DC:20 B0 02 A9 FF

2E6:F8

3A1:18

B925:18 60

B988:18 60 3D**G**G

Note: the \$02 entered above at location \$2B1 is the starting track of \$03 minus one that COPYA will start copying at.

5 Change COPYA to read the Stickers disk and write in normal DOS format.

DEL 10,70 DEL 246,250 197 POKE 47445,187 258 POKE 47445,213

Copy the original Stickers or Rainbow Painter disk to the initialized disk from step 1. Note: on track \$OA, the drive will grind 32 times (twice for each of the 16 sectors). Ignore this.

7 Reboot normal DOS. Use your favorite sector editor to make the following changes to the copy.

Stickers

RUN

Trk	Sct	Byte(s)	From	To
\$1F	\$ØB	\$73	8D 55 B9 8C 91 B9	EA EA EA EA EA
\$1E	\$ØB	\$57 92	38 8D 55 B9 8C 91	18

			B9	EA EA EA EA EA
				EA
		\$25	38	18
\$11	\$ØF	\$ØE	see note	see note

Note: You also need to change the hello file name on track \$11, sector \$0F, byte \$0E from "STICKERS! BY JOELINHOFF" to "STICKERS" (followed by 16 spaces).

Rainbow Painter

Trk	Sct	Byte(s)	From	To
\$Ø7	\$ØD	\$92		EA EA EA EA EA EA EA EA EA EA
\$Ø7	\$Ø4	\$7E	8D 55 B9 8C 91 B9	EA EA EA EA EA Ea

Don't forget to write the changed sectors out to your now unprotected copy. You're all done!

Peter J. Wall

Output Graphics Grabber and Print Shop files via your word processor

The Managing Editor's contributions to COMPUTIST have impressed me since I first took the magazine (around Super IOB ver. 1.0 days). Graphics Grabber seemed another great utility. Who doesn't need a little block of graphics to dress up a video output now and again? Then I thought, "How nice to be able to output the same graphics block imbedded in the text of my word processor files". A little graph here and there, or maybe a letter head logo? So, I looked at the way the G.G. stored the graphics on file and the way my Epson printer printed in the "bit image mode" and, after a couple of weeks spare time (!) work, devised a combination of a machine code and Applesoft programs that did the job.

I was led then to make the program more general. Mainly because half way through the project I acquired a new Epson #8133 interface card which presented an easy "fix" and it seemed to be cheating to not try for a general solution. Especially as, by that time, I had learned a little about the problem. This #8133 card allows for hex values to be output as their ASCII representation. That is a byte of the value of decimal 11 is output when "OB" is encounted after the appropriate control code.

In our day to day business we use half a dozen different brands of printer, so I reasoned I could apply the general solution to suit them (and their specialized interfaces) in one "blow". The problem proved more difficult than I first imagined.

First, I should reiterate (for those like me who forgot soon after reading the manual) how a dot matrix printer works in the bit image mode. Each dot is printed by one of nine "wires" which are vertically aligned. Eight of these wires are "fired" by a "true" bit (logical "1") in a byte sent while in the bit image mode. An equivalent of nine "vertical" bits advance leaves the characters separated by the normal "line separator" blank bit.

A sequence of these bytes taken from a DOS text file, converted from horizontal to vertical format and sent to the printer while keeping the line advance to only 8 bits should give a contiguous representation of the HIRES graphics screen.

My Zardax word processor (like Applesoft) handles text files with the MSB (most significant bit) set and strips it off when sending them to the printer. This allows (for example) \$00 to be stored in a text file on disk (as \$80). If \$00 was stored on the disk directly it would be interpreted as the End Of File (EOF) marker.

For this reason I was forced to print only 7 bits vertically on each horizontal pass. However ctrl-I and ctrl-Q are "snaffeled" by the interface card for its own use and therefore never get to the printer. Both these values (\$09 and \$11) have the LSB set. So I reasoned that if I set the LSB (least significant bit) to zero and kept the line advance to 6 "wire" equivalents I could still do the job.

This "more or less" works, except that the first and last bytes in each line are altered. I suspect by the "line feed" "C/R" combination at the line end. At this stage it didn't much matter as I could try fewer vertical bits via my "general" approach to the problem. To cut the long story short it works out that 4 bits deep is the value which works best on my combination of printer and word processor. This is of course without resorting to the #8133 interface code which allows one to activate all 8 of the printer "wires" on each pass.

HTALVERT and ZDGRAF are the programs which resulted from my efforts. These programs together output a Print Shop/Graphics Grabber graphics block to my Epson RX80 printer.

I have made provision for users to substitute their own specialised output routine at LINE 1000 or substitute the #8133 Interface routine starting at 4000. This routine needs the code at 5000 to load a "lookup" table at the end of the program and then "hide" it by setting the program end to a higher value in memory. In future runs the the program checks if this table is installed and jumps past this code if it is. This is all done with a view to make the program run faster, as the table cuts out the need for a great deal of calculation.

The machine code program works by analyzing the sequence of horizontal bytes which make up one line of lit and unlit pixels

= Teau eys = Data=

on the HIRES screen and on a series of "passes" across the screen (as it is in memory) converts these horizontal bytes to a series of vertical bytes which can then be used to "fire" the dot matrix printer wires.

The "ZDGRAF" & "HTALVERT" programs are (I hope) written in a format which allows them to be modified to handle wider and deeper HIRES screen displays. That is, beyond the Print Shop HIRES "block" which is 11 bytes wide by 52 lines deep.

After writing these programs and the first part of this article, I thought I could send it to COMPUTIST via electronic mail, complete with checksums for both the Applesoft and machine code programs.

Zardax (my word processor) uses a program called Zipcom to output text files to a modem. How much better for this purpose (i.e. electronic mailing) if Robb Cranfield's Checksoft and Checkbin output their data to file rather than to the printer. In this way I could save myself the bother and probable transcription errors involved in typing them into a w/p file. Sending a floppy from Australia seems a bit archaic in these days of Dailcom and the Source. Maybe I didn't read COMPUTIST properly and the "EMAIL" Number is there somewhere or maybe the RDEX editor will take advantage of the new technology and provide an electronic "Mailbox" so that authors for the magazine can rapidly and easily send in their copy.

In any event, I feel that COMPUTIST is the best Apple magazine on the market. I hope that this contribution is a positive response to keep the magazine buoyant.

ZDGRAF

```
160 REM ZDGRAF COPYRIGHT P.J. WALL 05/07/86
170 REM
180 REM THIS PROGRAM CONVERTS
190 REM PRINT SHOP 88X52 PIXEL
200 REM PICTURES TO TEXT FILES
210 REM FOR ZARDAX OUTPUT TO
220 REM EPSON PRINTERS USING
23Ø REM BIT IMAGE MODE.
300 CLEAR
310 REM GOSUB 5000: REMLOAD MODULE FOR EPSON
     #8133 PARALLEL INTERFACE
```

320 DA = 8963: REM \$2303 M/C DATA BLOCK) 330 DEF FN C(X) = INT (ABS(X) - INT (ABS(X))

256)) * ABS (256) + .Ø5) * SGN (X / 256): REM X MOD 256

340 AO\$ = "HOW" MANY" BITS TO PRINT ON EACH LINE?"

35Ø HOME : VTAB 11: GOSUB 2ØØØ: PRINT : INPUT BITS 360 IF BITS < 0 OR BITS > 8 THEN PRINT CHR\$ (7):

GOTO 35Ø 37Ø BH = 52: REM PICTURE DEPTH IN BYTES 38Ø BITS = INT (BITS):BJ = INT (ABS (BH) - INT (ABS (BH / BI)) * ABS (BI) + .Ø5) * SGN

(BH / BI): REM BH MOD BI 390 BL = BI - BJ 400 IF BJ = 0 THEN MASK = 255:BK = INT (BH / BI): GOTO 420 41Ø BK = INT (BH / B!) + 1: FOR I = 1 TO 8 - BL - (BI < 7): MASK = MA + 2 ^ (8 - 1): NEXT 1: REM GET MASK BYTE 420 LE = BK * 88: REM LE NGTH 430 LLO = FN C(LE): REM LENGTH MOD 256 44Ø LHI = INT ((LE - LLO) / 256) 450 D\$ = CHR\$ (4): PRINT D\$ "BLOAD HTALVERT"

460 POKE DA, BITS: POKE DA + 1,11: POKE DA + 2, (BITS - 1) * 11: POKE DA + 3, LLO: POKE DA + 4. LHI: POKE DA + 5, MASK 470 A1\$ = "PLEASE" INPUT THE NAME OF THE"

48Ø A2\$ = "PRINTASHOPAGRAPHIC" 49Ø A3\$ = "YOU^WISH^TO^LOAD^FROM^DISK"

500 HOME: VTAB 11: A0\$ = A1\$: GOSUB 2000: PRINT :AØ\$ = A2\$: GOSUB 2ØØØ: PRINT :AØ\$ = A3\$: GOSUB 2000: PRINT

51Ø HTAB 1Ø: INPUT FIS 520 A1\$ = "THE NAME OF THE FILE TO LOAD IS"

53Ø A2\$ = FI\$ 540 A3\$ = "IS*THIS*CORRECT?"

550 HOME: VTAB 11:A0\$ = A1\$: GOSUB 2000: PRINT :AØ\$ = A2\$: GOSUB 2ØØØ: PRINT :AØ\$ = A3\$: GOSUB 2000: PRINT

56Ø HTAB 1Ø: GET A\$

57Ø IF A\$ < > "Y" THEN GOTO 47Ø

58Ø PRINT: PRINT D\$ "BLOAD" FI\$ ",A\$2ØØØ"

590 HOME: VTAB 11: INVERSE: A0\$ = "PLEASE"WAIT" : GOSUB 2000: FLASH : A0\$ = "CALCULATION" IN PROGRESS": GOSUB 2000: NORMAL

600 CALL 8960: REM \$2300

610 GOSUB 1000: REM GOSUB 4000 IF USING THE #8133 INTERFACE

62Ø END

1000 T1 = LE:T2 = 9471:T3 = 88:T4 = 3 * BITS 1010 REM T4 = 3 * BITS/216 SETS L/F EQUAL TO BITS DEPTH T2 = \$24FF T1 = LENGTH

1020 HOME: VTAB 11

1030 A0\$ = "DO^YOU^WISH^TO^SAVE^THE^FILE^IN" : GOSUB 2000: A0\$ = "THE*P.S.*REDUCED*FORM* Y/N? ": GOSUB 2000

1040 GET A\$: |F A\$ < > "Y" GOTO 1060

1050 KL = 76: GOTO 1070

1060 KL = 75

1070 A4\$ = CHR\$ (27) + "3" + CHR\$ (T4): A5\$ = CHR\$ (27) + @'

1080 HOME: VTAB 11:A0\$ = "DOAYOUAWISHASPACESA BEFORE THE PIC?": GOSUB 2000: GET AS: IF A\$ < > "Y" THEN GOTO 1100

1090 AU\$ = "HOW" MANY SPACES?" : GOSUB 2000: INPUT SP: IF SP < Ø OR SP > 255 THEN PRINT CHR\$ (7): GOTO 1080

1100 HOME: VTAB 11:A1\$ = "NOW^SAVING^FILE^AS" :A2\$ = F1\$ + "." + STR\$ (BITS) + "ZD"

1110 IF KL = 76 THEN A2\$ = FI\$ + "." + STR\$ (BITS) + "ZDR"

112Ø AØ\$ = A1\$: GOSUB 2ØØØ 1130 A0\$ = A2\$: GOSUB 2000 1140 PRINT D\$ "OPEN" A2\$ 115Ø PRINT D\$ "WRITE" A2\$

116Ø PRINT A4\$

117Ø GOSUB 3ØØØ

118Ø FOR | 1 = 1 TO T1

1190 ZP = PEEK (T2 + 11)

1200 PRINT CHR\$ (ZP):

1210 CO = CO + 1: IF CO = T3 AND I1 <> T1 THEN CO

= Ø: GOTO 123Ø 122Ø GOTO 124Ø

123Ø PRINT: GOSUB 3ØØØ

1240 NEXT | 1

125Ø PRINT 126Ø PRINT A5\$

127Ø PRINT D\$ "CLOSE" A2\$

128Ø RETURN

2000 HTAB (40 - LEN (A0\$)) / 2: PRINT A0\$

2010 RETURN

3000 PRINT SPC (SP) CHR\$ (27) CHR\$ (KL) CHR\$ (88) CHR\$ (Ø);

3010 RETURN

4000 A3\$ = CHR\$ (9) + "124>" : A7\$ = "1B4B5800" :T1 = 616:T2 = 9471:T3 = 88

4Ø1Ø HOME: VTAB 11

4020 A0\$ = "DO^YOU^W!SH^TO^SAVE^THE^FILE^IN" : GOSUB 710:A0\$ = "THE^P.S.^REDUCED^FORM^

Y/N?*" : GOSUB 71Ø 4030 GET A\$: IF A\$ < > "Y" GOTO 4050

4040 A7\$ = "1B4C5800"

4Ø5Ø A4\$ = CHR\$ (27) + "3" + CHR\$ (24) : A5\$ = CHR\$ (27) + @"

4060 A6\$ = "202020202020202020202020202020202020 2020202020202020202020202020202020

4070 HOME: VTAB 11:A1\$ = "NOW"SAVINGFILE AS" :A2\$ = F1\$ + ".ZD"

4080 IF A7\$ = "1B4C5800" THEN A2\$ = F!\$ + ". ZDR"

4090 A0\$ = A1\$: GOSUB 710 4100 A0\$ = A2\$: GOSUB 710

411Ø PRINT D\$ "OPEN" A2\$ 412Ø PRINT D\$ "WRITE" A2\$

413Ø PRINT A4\$

414Ø PRINT A3\$; A6\$; A7\$; 415Ø FOR I1 = 1 TO T1

416Ø ZP = PEEK (T2 + 11)

417Ø C1 = PEEK (D1 + ZP * 2) : C2 = PEEK (D1 + ZP

4180 PRINT CHR\$ (C2) CHR\$ (C1);

4190 CO = CO + 1: IF CO = T3 AND I1 < > T1 THEN CO = Ø: PRINT : PRINT A3\$; A6\$; A7\$;

4200 NEXT 11

4210 PRINT

422Ø PRINT A5\$

423Ø PRINT D\$ "CLOSE" A2\$

424Ø RETURN

5000 NE = PEEK (175) + 256 * PEEK (176) - 10 5Ø1Ø FOR | 1 = Ø TO 9: |2 = |2 + PEEK (NE + |1) : NEXT

5Ø2Ø IF I2 = 69Ø THEN GOTO 514Ø

 $5\emptyset3\emptyset$ REM LINES $5\emptyset4\emptyset$ TO $514\emptyset$ LOAD LOOKUP TABLE AND RESET PROGRAM END

5040 LOMEM: PEEK (175) + 256 * PEEK (176) + 1 +512

5050 ND = PEEK (175) + 256 * PEEK (176) + 15Ø6Ø FOR 11 = Ø TO 15: FOR 12 = Ø TO 15: IF 12 < 1Ø

THEN POKE ND + 12 * 2 + 11 * 32,12 + 48: GOTO 5080

5070 POKE ND + 12 * 2 + 11 * 32.12 + 55

5080 IF I1 < 10 THEN POKE ND + I2 * 2 + 1 + I1 * 32, I1 + 48: GOTO 5100

5Ø9Ø POKE ND + |2 * 2 + 1 + |1 * 32, |1 + 55

5100 NEXT 12: NEXT 11

511Ø POKE 175, PEEK (175) + 1: POKE 176, PEEK (176) + 2

5120 REM

513Ø D1 = PEEK (175) + 256 * PEEK (176) - 512

514Ø RETURN

	Che	cksums	
160	- \$12DC	1160	- \$74AF
17Ø	- \$263A	1170	- \$6072
18Ø	- \$8021	1180	- \$2BFD
19Ø	- \$EF38	1190	- \$B88F
200	- \$32ØE	1200	- \$AØ6E
210	- \$5CF2	1210	- \$F85C
220	- \$18C7	1220	- \$5BØB
230	- \$3 19Ø	1230	
300	- \$5744	1240	- \$F18E - \$694D
310	- \$842C	1250	- \$093B
320	- \$5A1E	1260	- \$353E
33Ø	- \$922B	127Ø	- \$0F5C
34Ø	_ \$DA5Ø	128Ø	- \$E5D3
35Ø	- \$ØØ85	2000	- \$55E4
36Ø	- 2HILS	2010	- \$Ø84F
37Ø	- \$1F73	3000	- \$Ø84F - \$Ø254
38Ø	- \$CCØ2	3Ø1Ø	- \$BE14
39Ø	- 21BCB	4000	- \$B81C
400	- \$488F	4010	- \$B81C - \$5Ø35
410	- \$3C61 - \$42E9	4020	_ ¢292E
420		4030	- \$ACA1
430	- \$3103	4040	- \$9372
440	\$ØCBD\$6729	4Ø5Ø	- \$Ø957
45Ø	- \$6729	4Ø6Ø	- \$9F8B
46Ø	- \$15DF	4Ø7Ø	- \$Ø92D
47Ø	- \$C34A	4080	- \$352B - \$214F
48Ø	- \$4D19	4Ø9Ø	- \$214F
49Ø	- \$181B	4100	- \$4825
5ØØ	- \$AE6F	4110	\$D4E9
51Ø	- \$62ØA	4120	- \$E95A
52Ø	- \$F4BF	413Ø	- \$B6A6
53Ø	- \$3AB3	4140	- \$D94Ø
54Ø	- \$4F2F	415Ø	- \$C71D
55Ø	- \$A9EE	416Ø	- \$C43C
56Ø	- \$5Ø9F	417Ø	- \$E49F - \$E7E9
57Ø	- \$83B8	418Ø	
58Ø	- \$59FC	419Ø	- \$DFCC
59Ø	- \$28E3	4200	- \$ADC3
6ØØ	- \$67BD	4210	+ \$FD8F
610	- \$79E8	422Ø	- \$F56Ø
62Ø	- \$B5E1	4230	- \$5AØC
1000	- \$A4F9	4240	– \$35ØA
1010	- \$4081	5000	\$7CF7
1020	– \$3B4Ø	5Ø1Ø	- \$9537
1030	- \$4Ø3B	5Ø2Ø	- \$ 235Ø
1040	- \$2355	5030	- \$ØDDA
1050	- \$E8E2	5040	- \$C25F
1060	- \$C1A6	5Ø5Ø	- \$F6DE
1070	- \$985B	5060	- \$9 AAF
1080	- \$2300	5Ø7Ø	- \$A2A4
1090	- \$4C6D	5Ø8Ø	- \$ACC5
1100	- \$4DDA	5090	- \$1029

1110	- \$4F8D	5100	- \$4EØA
1120	\$BB5A	5110	- \$2DBD
1130	- \$BDD4	5120	- \$B12E
1140	- \$EA6E	513Ø	- \$44C9
1150	- \$644D	5140	- \$ØEA8

HTALVERT

2300:	18	90	Ø6	Ø7	ØB	42	CØ	Ø2	\$6FØ3
23Ø8:	FØ	AD	Ø3	23	85	Ø1	AD	Ø4	\$7D25
2310:	23	85	02	AD	Ø5	23	85	Ø3	\$3126
2318:								00	\$EC38
2320:								4B	\$5B5F
2328:					6D				\$CBE8
2330:								ØA	\$4DD2
2338:					85				\$F2B7
2340:					Ø2				\$1499
2348					ØØ				\$ACBØ
2350:	~ ~				85				\$3DFC
2358:									\$3562
2360:					C5				\$48EA
2368:					Ø2				\$6D36
237Ø:					Ø7				\$84F1
2378:					Ø6				\$EØBB
2380:					DØ				
	C5								\$221C
2390:									\$C756
2390:					EC				\$6645
				-	Ø4				\$1FFD
23AØ:					EB				\$E21E
23A8:					EC				\$4ØCC
23BØ:					EB	-			\$ED1A
23B8:					9Ø				\$38C3
23CØ:					11				\$C429
23C8:					Ø2				\$5FD3
23DØ:					9Ø				\$7255
23D8:					85				\$5A89
23EØ:					ØЗ		~ -		\$F7F1
23E8:	Ø7		ØØ	85	Ø7	C6	ØЗ	18	\$ Ø439
23FØ:	9Ø	C8							\$4645
						_	_		

Stanley Planton

Softkey for...

Let's Go Fishing

Panda Learning Systems

■ Requirements

- ☐ Several blank disks
- ☐ Sector editor
- ☐ Copier that can be set to copy only a range of tracks.

Let's Go Fishing is an early-education program that can be used to teach counting skills and number recognition to pre-schoolers. It is also heavily copy-protected, allowing the possibility of the sudden loss of the program to peanut butter, jelly, or just about any other

re-programming tool used by a young child.

The DOS on the disk has been modified from DOS 3.3, and there is a binary file named HELLO3 which constitutes much of the protection. After trying unsuccessfully to make a bit copy, analyzing tracks for hidden marks (there are FE bytes between sectors, which seem to be part of the protection), and trying to load and rewrite the HELLO3 file, I happened upon a fairly simple way to unprotect the disk.

To use this method, you will need a pair of blank disks, as well as your original "Let's Go Fishing'.

1	Make	a copy of the disk.	You can u	ıse
any fast	or bit	copier.		

2 Use a sector editor to scan the COPY for the bytes 40 00 C6. On my disk, these were located at track \$000, sector \$0E, byte \$49. Change all three bytes to EA and write the changes back to the COPY. This disables most of the re-booting that might otherwise take place, and allows a RESET to interrupt the boot.

Boot the COPY you just changed. It
will try to re-boot, so interrupt the re-boot with
RESET , and drop into BASIC. We will use
the DOS from this disk to initialize a blank disk,
after making one change.

4	No	w that	you	have	the I	BAS	IC pi	om	ıpt
"[", cl	nange	the	DOS	so so	that	it v	vill t	тy	to
"RUN"	' a	BAS	IC	prog	ram,	ra	ther	th	an
"BRUN									

POKE 40514,6

5 Pull the COPY from the drive, put in a blank disk and initialize it. There is already a HELLO program on the original disk, so this will set up the copied DOS to load and execute this program. The drive should spin for the world's shortest INIT, but you will have moved the DOS image of their DOS to the blank disk.

INIT HELLO

6 3. This will move all the files, etc. over to your disk, a task that would otherwise be complicated by the fact that they messed up the catalog beyond recognition. In this case, brute force does the trick.

You're done! While this method may be fairly primitive, it can be executed without NMI cards, boot tracing, or other more exotic deprotection tools. Once their DOS has been persuaded to load and execute the Applesoft HELLO program on the disk, the protection afforded by the call to reboot the disk that you took out earlier and the strange binary HELLO3 program is gone. HELLO3 is still there, but it doesn't do anything anymore, and you can put the original away.

Mike Neuliep

Softkey for...

Car Builder

■ Requirements

- ☐ 64K Apple or compatible
- ☐ One Blank Disk
- ☐ DOS 3.3 System Disk

1 Boot your DOS 3.3 system disk. Then enter the monitor and clear some error flags to ignore the unusual formatting on track \$01, sector \$0F.

CALL -151

B942:18

B925:18 60

B988:18 60

2 Use COPYA to copy the disk.

RUN COPYA

3 Make the following edit to the copy.

Trk	Sct	Byte(s)	From	То
\$02	\$09	\$ D7	AØ	60

Richard S. Thompson

This is for Tim Furry (COMPUTIST #56, page 28) that wanted the Hacker requirements.

Order of locations and requirements

- (1) Switzerland: trade money for evidence; buy chronograph and deed to Swiss Chalet.
- (2) Egypt: trade chronograph for evidence; buy scarab and statuette of tut.
- (3) Greece: trade statuette of tut for evidence; buy nothing.
- (4) India: trade scarab for evidence; buy nothing.
- (5) New York: trade deed to Swiss Chalet for evidence; buy uncut diamond.
- (6) Japan: trade diamond for evidence; buy pearls and camera.
- (7) China: trade pearls for evidence; buy jade carving.
- (8) Caribbean: trade camera for evidence; buy nothing.
- (9) London: trade jade carving for evidence; buy Beatles' album.
- (10) San Francisco: trade album for evidence; buy nothing.
- (11) Washington, D.C.: give all evidence to secret agent; reap your reward.

22

Running out of time

I found three things caused me to run out of time: wrong routing, backtracking and surfacing to avoid satellites, and getting lost.

If you have worked out the requirements for each spy, have mapped your routes properly, and know the satellite passwords, you should have enough time to complete your mission. If you have done all this but are still running out of time, you should look for a shortcut. The best shortcut is a route from China to the Caribbean that actually (to me) looks longer but saves considerable time. Counting each "bleep" as a move, go south 6 from China to Australia. Then work your way around Australia to the lower edge of the map by going east 4, north 2, east 4, south 2, east 2, south 2, east 2, and south 2. Then move east 12 to the tip of South America. From there it's north 6 to the Caribbean.

The ending

The game has a good ending with lots of praise, a newspaper article, and a printout for you. So stick with it and be a hero!

A.P.T. for...

Leisure Suit Larry in the Land of the Lounge Lizards (IIe, IIc)

Sierra On-Line

To get more money, start a game and save it to the "A" position on your game data disk. Then boot a sector editor, and put your data disk in the drive. Read track \$00, sector \$02, byte \$E4 and change it to FF. This will give you \$255 dollars

Put 2400 A.D. on 31/2" disks

■ Requirements

- ☐ Deprotected 2400 A.D.
- ☐ Unidisk 3½" or Apple 3½" disk drive.
- ☐ Copy II Plus v8.x (or any ProDOS file copier)
- 1 First format a 3½" disk and create a subdirectory named "GAMES".
- 2 Copy all of side one of 2400 A.D. except the ProDOS file into the subdirectory. Go and rearrange your sock drawer, this will take awhile.
- A.D. into the main directory. Go and watch some paint dry.
 - Rename main volume to "/PLYR".

5 Copy PRODOS and BASIC. SYSTEM into the main directory.

6 Use your sector editor to search for "/GAME" and change it to "GAMES". (The "G" in GAMES does go over the "/".)

7 Boot the disk, which will leave you in BASIC. Enter and save startup program.

1 PRINT CHR\$(4) "PREFIXGAMES" : PRINT CHR\$(4) "-MI.SYSTEM" SAVE STARTUP

Reboot the disk, this should get you to the game. The saved character information is in the file named "PLR.DATA".

A few thoughts...

This is THE best magazine for the Apple II land. I love the new layout so much more that the older one. Please, to all you COMPUTIST readers, support this EXCELLENT source of information. Keep up the good work. I would like to thank Gerald E. Myers for an excellent article on "The Deprotection Game". Bravo! Also thanks go to Thomas V. Rapheld for help with Bard's Tale III, now if only someone would write an editor for it and send it to COMPUTIST.

Is there anyone one out there that has information about Bard's Tale II? I would like to know where the characters are and the information within the sector(s) they reside on.

Does anyone know of a good bit copier for the UniDisk 3.5 on an Apple IIc? Copy II Plus v8.x 3½" bit copy does NOT work on the UniDisk. I am in desperate need of a copier that will "ignore errors" on the UniDisk.

Brandon LaCava

Playing Tips for...

Ultima V

Origin

I'd like to start out by saying that Ultima V is one of those games where you can't win unless you get help and hints from other people.

Potion	Effect
Blue	Awakens Sleeper
Yellow	Heals Character's Hit Points
Red	Cures Poisoned Character
Green	Poison
Orange	Sleep Potion
Purple	Changes Person to a Rat
Black	Invisibility
White	X-Ray

Scrolls (in order if you own them all)

#	property
vl	Great Light
rh	Wind Change
is	Protection
ia	Negate Magic
iqw	View
kxc	Summon Demon (will fight for you)
imc	Resurrect
at	Negate Time (useful against shadowlords)

- To get the wooden box, go to Lord British's private chamber at 12:45 PM and play the following notes on the harpsichord: 678 987 876 7653.
- Try 're-living' the tale in the lore.
- The Shadowlord's names are:

Asteroth
Nosfentor
Faulinei

Shadowlord of Hatred
Shadowlord of Cowardice
Shadowlord of Falsehood

- The Shadowlords can only be attacked with the glass sword.
- When in Blackthorn's castle, wear the black badge.
- Get the magic carpet out of Lord British's private chamber.
- If you cheat (sector edited your char disk), don't hole up and camp outside. An apparition will appear and reduce all your abilities. Sleep in a bed.
- If you cheat, you won't get one of the spells. It's a sixth circle spell named 'Rel Xen Bet'. It lets you change your foes into rats. The reagents are: silk, sulfric ash, mandrake, and nightshade.
- Try making your own spells. It's possible.
- You can find the sceptre in a keep not too far south of Minoc.
- Try yelling "FLIPFLOP".
- Find a moongate (not hard) and wait for it to go away. Then, go to a square right next to it and 'S'earch the square where the moongate was. You will find a strange stone. Actually, this stone IS the moongate. To use it, just go to a grass square and 'U'se the stone. Wait until the moon phase is right for the moongate and the moongate will appear where you put the stone. From then on out, that moongate will appear wherever you put the stone.
- To exit the underworld quickly, just cast a "GATE" spell (Vas Rel Por).
- Ask for item number 4 at a thieves guild.
- The sextant can only be used at night.
- Learn of the stars. They can help a lot.
- Mantras:

ompassion	MU
Honesty	AHM
Honor	SUMM
Humility	LUM
Justice	BEH
Sacrifice	CAH

Spirituality OM Valor RA

- To get to the shrine of Spirituality (the only one intact at the start of the game), just enter ANY moongate at midnight (12:02 or 11:59 or something close like that will work).
- Another important part of the game is the shrines and dungeons. You must seal all of the dungeons and restore all of the shrines. To do this, you stand in front of a dungeon and (Y)ell the appropriate Word of Power. You then go to the shrine that's name is opposite of the dungeon (shrine of Justice for the dungeon of Wrong, etc...) and yell the Word of Power. You then meditate on the virtue of that shrine for three periods. The shrine should then be restored.

Word of Power	Dungeon	Shrine
Malum	Wrong	Justice
Avidus	Covetous	Sacrifice
Fallax	Deceit	Honesty
Insama	Shame	Honor
Inopia	Dastard	Valor
Ignavus	Hythloth	Humility
Vilis	Despise	Compassion

Have Fun!!! Here's another BBS for you to call.

Infinity's Edge IIgs
2400 baud
60 megs online
Use ProTERM Special Emulation
(415) 820-9401

Bob Igo

Editor Creator

In the past, I have gone through the tedious tasks of either booting up a sector-editor to make byte changes manually or making editor programs from scratch for games like Seadragon, Rescue Raiders, Sword of Kadash, etc. This is why I developed Editor Creator (EC).

Using this program, you need only enter the edits you wish to make, name them, verify them as on/off or number values, and give the name of the game you are editing. Then, sit back and watch the drive spin. After it has stopped, it will have made an EXECutable textfile as does Controller Writer. Clear BASIC memory and type "EXEC (filename)". This writes a BASIC editor program. Save the BASIC program and you may then delete the textfile.

It uses DOS Utility from COMPUTIST #54, pg. 9 (thanks, Keith!), so everybody should have it or be able to back-order it.

A few notes about EC

The program asks how many aspects of the game you will be changing. An aspect is something like unlimited bullets, disable enemy tanks, and stuff like that.

When asked how many sector-edits are needed for an aspect, you must enter the total number of byte changes that pertain to the aspect. To make it easier for many byte changes on the same sector, default values are given. Press <CR> to accept them, or you may enter your own values.

If you like this program, let me know. I am considering making a generic editor program for adventure games. If I feel there is a need, I'll try it.

Oh, and for you beginners, please pay no attention to line 610. (Private joke.)

EDITOR CREATOR

100 INVERSE

110 TEXT: HOME: A\$ = "EDITOR*CREATOR": HTAB (40 - LEN (A\$)) / 2: FOR L = 1 TO LEN (A\$): PRINT MID\$ (A\$, L, 1); :X = PEEK (-16336): X = PEEK (-16336): NEXT

120 VTAB 2: HTAB 1: FOR L = 1 TO 20: PRINT "-4"; :X = PEEK (- 16336): NEXT: POKE 34,3: HOME 130 NORMAL

140 PRINT "ENTER*ALL*TRACK, *SECTOR, *BYTES, *AND*
BYTECHANGES* AS* ONE* OR* TWO-BYTE* HEX*
NUMBERS."

150 VTAB 8; PRINT "HOW*MANY*ASPECTS*OF*THE*GAME*
WILL*YOU*BECHANGING"; INPUT X\$:X = VAL
(X\$): IF X = Ø THEN CALL - 198: GOTO 150

160 DIM A(X), NA\$(X), OO(X), TR\$(X,30), SE\$(X, 30), BY\$(X,30), FR\$(X,30), TU\$(X,30)

170 FOR L = 1 TO X: HOME

18Ø VTAB 4: PRINT "HOW MANY SECTOR-EDITS ARE NECESSARY FOR ASPECT #" L;: INPUT A(L):

IF A(L) = Ø THEN CALL - 198: GOTO 18Ø

19Ø FOR E = 1 TO A(L): PRINT "PRESS RETURN ALONE"

FOR* DEFAULT* VALUES.": INVERSE: PRINT
"EDIT*#" E ":": NORMAL: PRINT "TRACK:("
;TR\$(L,E-1)")";: HTAB 11: GOSUB 850: IF
X\$ = "" THEN TR\$(L,E) = TR\$(L,E-1): GOTO
210

200 TR(L,E) = X

210 PRINT "SECTOR: ("; SE\$(L,E-1)")"; : HTAB 12: GOSUB 850: IF X\$ = "" THEN SE\$(L,E) = SE\$(L,E-1): GOTO 230

220 SE\$(L,E) = X\$

230 PRINT "BYTE: (";BY\$(L,E-1)")";:HTAB 10: GOSUB 850: IF X\$ = "" THEN BY\$(L,E) = BY\$(L,E-1): GOTO 250

240 BY\$(L,E) = X\$

25Ø PRINT "FROM: ("; FR\$(L,E-1)")";: HTAB 10: GOSUB 85Ø: IF X\$ = "" THEN FR\$(L,E) = FR\$(L,E-1): GOTO 27Ø

260 FR\$(L,E) = X\$

270 PRINT "TO:(";TU\$(L,E-1)")";: HTAB 8: GOSUB 850: IF X\$ = "" THEN TU\$(L,E) = TU\$(L,E-1): GOTO 290

Exemiers Data 1245: Cenance

280 IU\$(L,E) = X\$
290 NEXT: PRINT: PRINT "WHAT WILL YOU CALL
THIS*ASPECT?": PRINT "(SUCH*AS: *TOGGLE*
UNLIMITED*BULLETS)": INPUT "ANSWER: "
;NA\$(L)

300 PRINT: PRINT "IS THIS ASPECT (1) ON OR OFF,": PRINT "OR (2) A NUMBER VALUE ?";; GET 00\$: PRINT 00\$:00(L) = VAL (00\$): IF 00(L) < 1 OR 00(L) > 2 THEN CALL - 198: GOTO 300

31Ø NEXT

32Ø HOME : VTAB 13: HTAB 1: PRINT "WORK I NG $^{\circ}$ ON $^{\circ}$ HEX $^{\circ}$ CONVERS I ONS" ; : FOR L = 1 TO X: FOR E = 1 TO A(L)

33Ø H\$ = TR\$(L,E): GOSUB 8ØØ:TR\$(L,E) = D\$:H\$ = SE\$(L,E): GOSUB 8ØØ:SE\$(L,E) = D\$:H\$ = BY\$(L,E): GOSUB 8ØØ:BY\$(L,E) = D\$:H\$ = FR\$(L,E): GOSUB 8ØØ:FR\$(L,E) = D\$:H\$ = TU\$(L,E): GOSUB 8ØØ:TU\$(L,E) = D\$

34Ø NEXT : PRINT "." ; :CL = PEEK (- 16336) :CL = PEEK (- 16336) : NEXT

350 REM _DOS UTILITY NEEDED (#54, P.9)_

360 HOME : PRINT "WHAT" WILL YOU CALL THIS EDITOR" : INPUT NA\$: HOME

37Ø PRINT CHR\$ (4) "MONICO"

38Ø PRINT CHR\$ (4) "OPEN" NA\$: PRINT CHR\$ (4) "WRITE" NA\$

39Ø PR INT "9ØONERRGOT039Ø"

400 Q\$ = CHR\$ (34): PRINT "100 IFPEEK(768)<>169 THEN?CHR\$ (4) " Q\$ "BLOADDOS*UTILITY" Q\$

410 PRINT "110HOME:TR=784:SE=789:RW=794:R= 1:W=2:POKE799,0:POKE804,32:A^ =8192:P=768:POKE774,96:POKE779,1"

42Ø PRINT "12ØDIMA(" X "), NA\$(" X "),00(" X "),T(" X ",3Ø),S(" X ",3Ø),BY(" X ",3Ø'),FR(" X ",3Ø),TU(" X ",3Ø),O\$("L"),N(" L "),C\$(" L ")"

430 PRINT "130READX:FORL=1TOX:READO\$(L), N(L)"

44Ø PRINT "14ØNEXT"

45Ø PRINT "15ØTEXT:HOME:?" Q\$ "INSERT^'" NA\$ "'^
AT^DRIVE^1" Q\$ ":?" Q\$ "AND^PRESS^A^KEY."
Q\$ ":GETG\$:?"

46Ø PRINT "16ØFORL=1TOX: FORN=1TON(L)"

470 PRINT "170READT(L,N): READS(L,N): READBY-(L,N): READFR(L,N): READTU(L,N'): READOU(L): POKERW,R: POKETR,T(L,N): P-OKESE,S(L,N): CALLP"

48Ø PRINT "18ØIFPEEK(A+BY(L,N))=FR(L,N)ANDOO (L)=1THENC\$(L)="Q\$ "OFF" Q\$ "∴:GOTO210"

49Ø PRINT "19ØIFPEEK(A+BY(L,N))=TU(L,N)ANDOO (L)=1THENC\$(L)=" Q\$ "ON^" Q\$ ":GOTO210" 50Ø PRINT "20ØC\$(L)=STR\$(PEEK(A+BY(L,N)))"

510 PRINT "210NEXT: NEXT"

52Ø PRINT "22ØHOME:?" Q\$ "OPTIONS:" Q\$ ":HTAB5:?" Q\$ "PRESS^1-" Q\$ "X" Q\$ "^OR^'S'^TO^SAVE."

54Ø PRINT "24ØINPUT" Q\$ "CHOICE:^" Q\$ ";C\$" 55Ø PRINT "25ØC=VAL(C\$):IFNOT(C\$=" Q\$ "S" Q\$ "OR(C>ØANDC<=X))THENCALL-198:^ VTABX+6:GOTO24Ø" 56Ø PRINT "26ØIFC\$=" Q\$ "S" Q\$ "THEN3ØØ"
57Ø PRINT "27ØIFC\$(C)=" Q\$ "OFF" Q\$
"THENC\$(C)=" Q\$ "ON^" Q\$ ":GOTO291"
58Ø PRINT "28ØIFC\$(C)=" Q\$ "ON^" Q\$

"THENC\$(C)=" Q\$ "OFF" Q\$ ":GOTO291"
59Ø PRINT "29Ø?" Q\$ "ENTER^NEW^" Q\$ "O\$(C)" Q\$
":" Q\$ ":INPUTC\$(C):VTABC+3:?" Q\$ "^* Q\$

":POKE34,X+6:HOME:POKE34,Ø:GOTO291"

Ø PRINT "291INVERSE:VTARC+3:?C\$(C):NORMAL

600 PR:NT "291 | NVERSE:VTABC+3:?C\$(C):NORMAL:VTABX+6:GOT0240"

610 PRINT "300?" Q\$ "DO^" Q\$ ";:INVERSE:?" Q\$

"NOT" Q\$ ";:NORMAL:?" Q\$ "^REMOVE^THE^DISK^
OR" Q\$ ":?" Q\$ "YOUR^ COMPUTER^ COULD^
EXPLODE." O\$

620 PRINT "310FORL=1TOX"

63Ø PRINT "32ØFORN=1TON(L)"

640 PRINT "330POKERW,R:POKETR,T(L,N):POKESE, S(L,N):CALLP"

650 PRINT "340IFC\$(L)=" Q\$ "ON^ " Q\$ "THENPOKEA+BY(L,N),TU(L,N)"

56Ø PRINT "35ØIFC\$(L)=" Q\$ "OFF" Q\$ "THENPOKEA+BY(L,N),FR(L,N)"

67Ø PRINT "36ØIFOO(L)=2THENPOKEA+BY(L,N), VAL (C\$(L))"

68Ø PRINT "37ØPOKERW, W:CALLP:NEXT: NEXT" 69Ø PRINT "38ØVTAB23:?" Q\$ "DONE." Q\$ ":?" Q\$

"PRESS*ANY*KEY" Q\$ ":GETG\$:?:RUN"

7ØØ PRINT "39Ø?" Q\$ "YOU* GOOFED!!" Q\$
":?:CALL-198:?" Q\$ "ERROR* * #" O\$

"PEEK(222):END" 710 PRINT "400DATA" X

72Ø LN = 41Ø: FOR L = 1 TO X: PRINT LN "DATA" ; : PRINT NA\$(L) "," A(L):LN = LN + 1Ø: NEXT

73Ø PRINT : LN = 1010

740 FOR L = 1 TO X: FOR E = 1 TO A(L):LN = LN + 10: PRINT LN "DATA" TR\$(L,E) "," SE\$(L,E) "," BY\$(L,E) "," FR\$(L,E) "," TU\$(L,E) "," OO(L)

75Ø NEXT E: NEXT L

76Ø PRINT "HOME:?" Q\$NA\$ "^ EDITOR* HAS* BEEN* ENTERED."

77Ø PRINT CHR\$ (4) "CLOSE"

78Ø PRINT CHR\$ (4) "NOMONICO"

79Ø HOME: VTAB 23: PRINT "DONE.": PRINT "PRESS*
ANY*KEY": GET G\$: PRINT: RUN

800 IF LEN (H\$) < 2 THEN H\$ = "0" + H\$

810 DE = 0:HE\$ = "0123456789ABCDEF":H1\$ = LEFT\$ (H\$,1):MP = 16: GOSUB 820:H1\$ = RIGHT\$

(H\$,1):MP = 1: GOSUB 820: RETURN 820 FOR P = 1 TO 16

83Ø H2\$ = MID\$ (HE\$,P,1): IF H1\$ = H2\$ THEN DE = DE + ((P-1) * MP):D\$ = STR\$ (DE): RETURN 84Ø NEXT

85Ø INPUT "" ; X\$: RETURN

Checksums				
100	- \$2EAØ	48Ø	- \$EA69	
110	- \$6D5A	490	- \$654C	
120	- \$8AEC	500	- \$A71D	
130	- \$9971	51Ø	- \$2D4D	
140	- \$541F	520	- \$5615	
15Ø	- \$2B2C	530	- \$5B83	
16Ø	- \$3666	540	- \$A926	

180 - \$1E90 560 - \$EE64 190 - \$2551 570 - \$F827 200 - \$F920 580 - \$43B0 210 - \$3082 590 - \$8E4E 220 - \$E0E1 600 - \$092C 230 - \$793D 610 - \$D091 240 - \$9E6C 620 - \$8B8F 250 - \$0AAE 630 - \$0277 260 - \$281D 640 - \$0996 270 - \$93C7 650 - \$D792 280 - \$9E14 660 - \$C226 290 - \$6CE8 670 - \$E043 300 - \$7B37 680 - \$468D 310 - \$6BCE 690 - \$3BD8 320 - \$BA34 700 - \$000 330 - \$9553 710 - \$C7C2 340 - \$3D84 720 - \$3D9D 350 - \$848A 730 - \$0651 360 - \$71	170	- \$A87F	55Ø	- \$AEF1
2000 - \$F920 580 - \$43B0 210 - \$3082 590 - \$8E4E 220 - \$E0E1 600 - \$092C 230 - \$793D 610 - \$D091 240 - \$9E6C 620 - \$8B8F 250 - \$0AAE 630 - \$0277 260 - \$281D 640 - \$0996 270 - \$93C7 650 - \$D792 280 - \$9E14 660 - \$C226 290 - \$6CE8 670 - \$E043 300 - \$7B37 680 - \$468D 310 - \$6BCE 690 - \$3BD8 320 - \$BA34 700 - \$000 330 - \$9553 710 - \$C7C2 340 - \$3D84 720 - \$3D9D 350 - \$848A 730 - \$0651 360 - \$744A 740 - \$5062 370 - \$2F14 750 - \$7158 390 - \$0	18Ø	- \$1E9Ø	56Ø	- \$EE64
210 - \$3082 590 - \$8E4E 220 - \$E0E1 600 - \$092C 230 - \$793D 610 - \$D091 240 - \$9E6C 620 - \$8B8F 250 - \$0AAE 630 - \$0277 260 - \$281D 640 - \$0096 270 - \$93C7 650 - \$D792 280 - \$9E14 660 - \$C226 290 - \$6CE8 670 - \$E043 300 - \$7B37 680 - \$468D 310 - \$6BCE 690 - \$3BD8 320 - \$BA34 700 - \$C7C2 340 - \$3D84 720 - \$3D9D 350 - \$1040 - \$0651 360	19Ø	- \$2551	57Ø	- \$F827
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230 - \$793D 610 - \$D091 240 - \$9E6C 620 - \$8B8F 250 - \$0AAE 630 - \$0277 260 - \$281D 640 - \$0996 270 - \$93C7 650 - \$D792 280 - \$9E14 660 - \$C226 290 - \$6CE8 670 - \$E043 300 - \$7B37 680 - \$468D 310 - \$6BCE 690 - \$3BD8 320 - \$BA34 700 - \$DC00 330 - \$9553 710 - \$C7C2 340 - \$3D84 720 - \$3D9D 350 - \$848A 730 - \$0651 360 - \$744A 740 - \$5D62 370 - \$2F14 750 - \$5221 380 - \$15F7 760 - \$7158 390 - \$80F9 780 - \$2A9B 410 - \$132D 790 - \$5FBD 420 - \$4	21Ø	- \$3082	59Ø	- \$8E4E
240 - \$9E6C 620 - \$8B8F 250 - \$0AAE 630 - \$0277 260 - \$281D 640 - \$096 270 - \$93C7 650 - \$D792 280 - \$9E14 660 - \$C226 290 - \$6CE8 670 - \$E043 300 - \$7B37 680 - \$468D 310 - \$6BCE 690 - \$3BD8 320 - \$BA34 700 - \$DC00 330 - \$9553 710 - \$C7C2 340 - \$3D84 720 - \$3D9D 350 - \$848A 730 - \$0651 360 - \$744A 740 - \$5D62 370 - \$2F14 750 - \$5221 380 - \$15F7 760 - \$7158 390 - \$80F9 780 - \$2A9B 410 - \$132D 790 - \$5FBD 420 - \$489B 800 - \$9E4A 430 - \$44	22Ø	- \$EØE1		
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260 - \$281D 640 - \$0096 270 - \$93C7 650 - \$D792 280 - \$9E14 660 - \$C226 290 - \$6CE8 670 - \$E043 300 - \$7B37 680 - \$468D 310 - \$6BCE 690 - \$3BD8 320 - \$BA34 700 - \$DC00 330 - \$9553 710 - \$C7C2 340 - \$3D84 720 - \$3D9D 350 - \$848A 730 - \$0651 360 - \$744A 740 - \$5D62 370 - \$2F14 750 - \$5221 380 - \$15F7 760 - \$7158 390 - \$088B 770 - \$1CDD 400 - \$80F9 780 - \$2A9B 410 - \$132D 790 - \$5FBD 420 - \$489B 800 - \$9E4A 430 - \$44D7 810 - \$84F8 450 - \$8		- \$9E6C		
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46Ø - \$8C8E 84Ø - \$AD6D				
47Ø - \$126B 85Ø - \$65ØE				•
	470	- \$126B	85Ø	- \$65ØE

Miscellaneous Notes

- To make Copy II Plus boot directly to the bitcopy system, use the alphabetize catalog option on the utility menu.
- DOS EOR maker would not work for me (COMPUTIST #54). Maybe I am doing something wrong. The checksums match, so it's no typo on my part. Could Jean Phillippe Cunniet please help? My address is at the end.
- Does anybody have a supercharged SUPER IOB? I mean with all the enhancements made since v1.5 came out like read/write every other track, etc. If so, please contact me.
- There was an error in the technique for the fastloading Locksmith 6.0 Fastcopy. The next

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E teadors Data E Stehange

to the last line should read: 40:20 20 FE NOT 40:20 20 FF.

- Please put Animate back on the Most Wanted List. The softkey in COMPUTIST #54, pp. 25-26 only partially cracked my copy (version 1.0 from late 1986). All goes well until I try certain disk functions. I think it's impossible to save or load animation characters. Maybe people who send in softkeys could indicate somehow what version their crack works on. Perhaps they could tell when they bought it if the version isn't known. Animate tells what version you have by pressing □V at the first menu after bootup.
- Last, I have a few suggestions. I realize that you need money to keep the magazine going, but realistically, would you subscribe to an IBM hacker magazine which had two dinky little pages of use for you out of 45 or so pages for IBM? You'd end up paying approximately \$1.88 for each page. I think if you want to branch out, you'd better make a separate IBM leaflet.

Although I do not own a MODEM, it would be unrealistic to not acknowledge the growing trend. So, I have thought up an idea which might even make me go buy one. Have a COMPUTIST BBS. That way, anyone at all (who is a paying member of the BBS) can log on at any time (even better than "every 2 weeks" as was said in COMPUTIST #56), check a database for softkeys (much like the ones sold in the ads in the back of the magazine) or articles, ads, or even E-mail, and then download all textfiles which pertain to the user's choice. There could also be a way to upload your own articles, softkeys, etc. under various headings (for classification purposes) to the RDEX file. Since you already have everything that ever was from the beginning of the magazine to now in your RDEX file, this would probably be feasible. Just think, there would be no costs for printing the magazine; in COMPUTIST #56 you admitted that "printing is the single largest cost we have. It dwarfs even the mailing costs..." A BBS would eliminate both. And for the members, no typing of programs and controllers. As I said, I don't own a MODEM, and I don't know much about them. Therefore, I don't know if this would work out. It might cost too much to run and maintain, but I don't know. The choice is up to you.

Thank you for the best magazine in existence for the Apple II line of computers. If anyone wishes to contact me, here is my complete address: Bob Igo, 136 Garlow Drive, Pittsburgh, PA 15235

Brian Walker

I noticed that Space Eggs is on the Most Wanted List. I've had the game for years and felt now was the time to break it.

Softkey for...

Space Eggs

Sirius Software

■ Requirements

- ☐ Apple IIe with extended 80-column card ☐ DOS 3.3 System Master
- ☐ A blank initialized disk

After reading Cracking on the IIe by Zorro in COMPUTIST #58, page 16, I decided to give it a try.

Following his instructions I booted the protected game into auxiliary memory and moved auxiliary memory to main memory. The next step was to find the starting address. After an hour or two of looking through memory I found the starting address to be \$4BBO. Now that the starting address was found, the next step was to find out what memory was used. I filled memory with a value of \$11, booted the protected program, hit Correst, and looked through memory to see if any memory was left unchanged. Of course, all memory was changed. I did find that memory areas \$0300-\$03FF and \$AOOO-\$BFFF were filled with zeroes.

Because the game used sensitive areas of memory, \$0000-\$07FF and \$9600-\$9FFF, and I wanted to make it a DOS file, I had to move that code to a safe area so DOS could load it. I wrote memory move routines to place the code back into its original location. I also wrote code to place zeros in \$2000-\$3FFF and \$A000-\$BFFF.

1 Boot the DOS 3.3 System Master disk.

2 Enter the monitor and setup to boot into auxiliary memory.

CALL -151

0:8D 03 CO 8D 05 CO 4C 00 C6

Insert the Space Eggs protected disk and boot it.

ØG

The computer will appear dead, and the hires screen may be filled with garbage. The game is actually running in auxiliary memory.

Remove the Space Eggs protected disk, insert your blank initialized disk, and press GRESET. (Auxiliary memory isn't affected by this.)

5 After the drive stops, enter the monitor again and setup the transfer routine call. The routine at \$300 calls the monitor auxiliary memory move routine. The \$03F8 code is the control-Y vector.

CALL -151 0300:18 4C 11 C3 03F8:4C 00 03 **6** Move auxiliary memory to main memory.

2600<0.FFF 🖭 Y

1000<1000.1FFF SY 4000<4000.95FF Y

3600<9600.9FFF @Y

7 Zero out the scores.

26BQ:00 00 00 00

8 Add the code to do the memory moves. First the jump to the memory move routine.

OFFD:4C 00 20

JMP \$2000

Routine to move \$2600-35FF to \$0000-\$FFFF (all move routines follow this general format).

2000:A0 00 LDY #\$00

2002:B9 00 26 LDA \$2600,Y; Start move 'from' \$2600 **2005:99 00 00** STA \$0000,Y; Start move 'to' \$0000

2008:C8 *INY*

2009:D0 F7 BNE \$2002

200B:EE 04 20 INC \$2004; Increment the addresses

200E:EE 07 20 *INC \$2007* **2011:AD 04 20** *LDA \$2004*

2014:C9 36 CMP #\$36 ;Stop move at \$3600

2016:D0 E8 BNE \$2000

2018:4C 20 20 JMP \$2020 ; Jump to next move routine

Routine to move \$3600-\$3FFF to \$9600-\$9FFF.

2020:A0 00 B9 00 36 99 00 96 C8 D0 F7 EE 24 20 EE 27 20 AD 24 20 C9 40 D0 E8 4C 40 20

Routine to move \$2100-2200 to \$0300-\$03FF.

2040:A0 00 B9 00 21 99 00 03 C8 D0 F7 EE 44 20 EE 47 20 AD 44 20 C9 22 D0 E8 4C 00 03

Routine to zero out \$2000-\$3FFF.

2100:A0 00 EA A9 00 99 00 20 C8 D0 F7 EA EA EA EE 07 03 AD 07 03 C9 40 D0 E8 4C 20 03

Routine to zero out \$AØØØ-\$BFFF.

2120:A0 00 EA A9 00 99 00 A0 C8 D0 F7 EA EA EA EE 27 03 AD 27 03 C9 C0 D0 E8 4C 40 03

Routine to turn on graphics page and start space eggs.

2140:AD 50 CO AD 54 CO AD 57 CO 4C BO 4B

9 Patch DOS to allow saving such a large file.

A964:FF

10 Save the game to disk.

BSAVE SPACE EGGS, A\$FFD, L\$8603

You now have Space Eggs in a file which can be placed on a hard disk, or on a floppy with other programs. Thanks Zorro. (I understand this method of booting into auxiliary

memory was first advocated by Steve Dietz in COMPUTIST #25. So thanks too, Steve.)

Softkey for ...

Transylvania enhanced edition

Polarware/Penguin

☐ Two blank disk sides ☐ COPYA or equivalent

I have seen softkeys for Transylvania, but they must have been for the original version. My enhanced edition of Transylvania uses both sides of the disk. It features COMPREHEND. Other than that, I think it is the same. To crack it just copy the disk and do a couple of sector edits.

1 Copy both sides with COPYA or an equivalent.

Sector edit side 1.

Trk	Sct	Byte(s)	From	То
	\$ØD	,	A2 Ø3 B5 ØØ	A9 56 6Ø FB
211	\$ØE	\$00	A2 Ø3 B5 ØØ	A9 56 6Ø FB

You now have an unprotected copy.

Stephen Lau

*Ilgs Softkey for...

King's Quest II & III

Sierra On Line Inc.

King's Quest II & III (IIgs) have the traditional Sierra humor and 3-D graphics. However, this time the protection is a little trickier than the older ones.

In the older Sierra stuffs, only a bad block is checked with no further protection. This time. the result of the check is stored in a flag which will be checked just before the program starts. The flag basically stores the code for the block read, \$27 in this case for the bad block. Just make a backup copy and follow the sector edits to crack these two programs.

King's Quest II

RIOCK	Byte(s)	From	To	
\$2ED	\$BF	22	AF	
\$267	15A	AD	6 B	
King	's Quest	Ш		
Block	Byte(s)	From	To	
\$2D1	D8	22	AF	
\$24A	15A	AD	6R	

Basically, they both edit the same bytes. First you should search for 22 00 00 00 C9 01 00 FØ Ø4 22 ØØ ØØ ØØ 22 ØØ ØØ ØØ AE ØØ ØØ and change

the last 22 00 00 00 to AF 00 00 00, this is all that is needed to crack earlier Sierra titles. For later stuffs, search again for AD 00 00 18 6D 00 00 C9 27 02, change the first byte to 6B (stands for RTL), the second routine just checks the status of the flag, and you could list to see what it does if you want to.

*IIgs Softkey for...

Skate or Die Zani Golf

Electronic Arts Inc

Wow! If you want to show off the graphics and sound of your GS, throw away your Marble Madness, Defender of the Crown and whatever and boot up your Skate or Die, or Zani Golf! Zani Golf, by the way, is MUCH, MUCH MORE crazy than Marble Madness, prepare to get your socks blown off. These two programs put ALL other IIgs programs into shame. The protection has also changed (that's traditional EA style). The code that checks the disk are the same on both disks.

Zani Golf

Block	Byte(s)	From	To
\$5D	113	22 ØØ 36 ØØ	AF ØØ 36 ØØ

Skate or Die

Block	Byte(s)	From		To		
\$9	3D	22 ØØ	10 00	AF	ØØ 1Ø ØØ	

Skate or Die checks the disk twice before the title page appears, however, both checks are done through the same code, after which it JSRs to \$00/1000, so just changing the 2200 1000 to AF 00 10 00 kills two birds with one stone.

Zani Golf, on the other hand, first checks when level 2 starts (it may check at every level afterwards, though). Again, checks seem to be always done through the same code, after which control is passed to \$00/3600. Well thanks for making life easy for us. Again changing the 22 00 36 00 to AF cracks it.

*IIgs Softkey for...

Bard's Tale II

Electronic Arts

Don't miss this one (I'm sure that if you have Bard's Tale I GS and feel the sound and graphics, you bet everyone will buy Bard's Tale II GS!). This sequel has better graphics (though the monsters are not as good as in I), more sounds (much more), and it even supports Super Sonic! Also it has auto-mapping and anywhere save game features.

The protection has changed to some block

errors on track \$4F instead of nibble counts on track \$20, \$21. Well no luck with Copy II plus, but that's why you IIgs owners subscribe to COMPUTIST, isn't it? The protection lies in a file called BURGER (as in Bard's Tale I). After a trace, I ignored the instructions that JSR to the code to check the protection and branch it to continue the execution of the program, the program then seems to run fine. However, a warning! I have played with it through the first three dungeons and collected the first two segments. There SEEMS to be no other checks. However, the guys at EA are really tricky (as you know from their infamous protection code in Bards Tale I GS), if ANY readers noticed ANY problems with the crack, please send a letter to COMPUTIST and I, or others will straighten it out.

Bard's Tale II

Block	Byte(s)	From	To	1000
\$42E	2F	22	AF	
\$42E	3 E	FØ	80	NAS.

The code looks like this:

LDA #\$9FFF TCS	
JSL \$00A0000	check
LDX #\$1FF	
TXS	1. 2 ⁴ 1.
SEP %00110000	manipulate flags
STA \$CØØ9	· 19/4/50
CMP #\$Ø1	check flags
BEQ \$106B	OK, continues

Happy cracking. Be patient when cracking, it WILL payoff.

Edward Teach

There are several items that I would like

To Gerald Myers: If you thought that the saga of AWARD MAKER was ongoing, look at the softkeys for MATHBLASTER.

To Bob Igo: The YUMMY file is actually a picture. To display it press OPEN APPLE, OPTION, CONTROL B while the disk is booting. (He owners substitute CLOSED APPLE for the OPTION key). The same key combination also works on TASS TIMES. Also, while you are in the cabin in TASS TIMES type "BURGER" (GS only). On my He version I BLOADED YUMMY, A\$2000 then typed CALL -3106 to display the hires page.

To Paul Dillon: The Davidson and Assoc. disks use a nifty protection scheme. You said that all that was contained in the HEZELLO file was "POKE 104,32: RUN", but try this:

LOAD H Z ELLO LIST

POKE104,32

LIST POKE104,64

What you will find is that the one APPLESOFT listing, with each POKE to 104, becomes a totally new program. The one program is really three programs stacked on top of each other. This is why you had to search the disk for the bytes you needed to change. Be sure to POKE 104,8 before saving any changes.

To Mike Egnotovich: The code you listed for GATO certainly looks like a nibble count. The bit of code you gave was:

Ø9FE INY Ø9FF BNE ØAØ5 - MISSING BYTES --ØAØ5 LDA CØ8C,X ØAØ8 BPL ØAØ5 ØAØA LSR A ØAØB CMP #6A ØAØD BNE Ø9FE

What you need to do is to find the code on the disk and disassemble it. You have given the LOOP at OAOD, but what if the compared byte is equal to #6A? Then the branch at OAOD would not be taken. Try tracing the code down a bit (OK.. a few bits) further. At some point you will encounter a RTS or JMP or maybe some branch instruction. When you find that point place a BREAK "OO OO OO" over the exit code and reboot the disk. Write down the values in the registers and insert them in the code above. Kill all the BNE's and BEQ's so when this code is encountered it falls through to your patch and then exits with all the values needed to continue running. Look for any place in the code that values are stored before the code exits. The second piece of code looks a lot like normal DOS to me. (Compare it with \$B96F-\$B986 in normal DOS).

Playing Tips for...

Leisure Suit Larry

Sierra On-Line

I've never given adventure hints before. How about if I just tell you where the items are that you need?

BAR whiskey

ALCOVE rose, remote controller

BATHROOM password, ring

UPSTAIRS OVER BAR candy FIRE ESCAPE pills DUMPSTER hammer

CAS INO ASHTRAY PENTHOUSE

disco ticket inflatable doll radio, rope

HONEYMOON SUITE OUTSIDE CASINO apple STORE OUTSIDE STORE magazine, wine, lubber pocket knife, phone number

Softkey for...

Killed Until Dead

Accolade

Requirements

- ☐ A sector editor
- ☐ a COPYA copy of the disk

I would like to take credit for this softkey, but I can't. I had been working on it for awhile and made some progress. Then a friend showed me a deprotected copy. What should I do, finish my work or simply compare the two disks and see where the differences were. Booting Locksmith 6.0, 16 sector utilities, the compare function, this is what I discovered.

Trk	Sct	Byte(s)	From	То
\$Ø6	\$09	\$52-??	20 75 08 20 06	AD 95 24 49 Ø1
			21 20 75	85 93 60
	\$ØA	\$DA-	20	6Ø
\$ØE	\$Ø3	\$A1-	Ø9 Ø8	C6 D8
	\$00	\$53-	FØ EC E5 E1 F3	E6 EC E9 FØ AØ
			E5 AØ E6 EC E9	E4 E9 F3 EB AØ
			FØ AØ F4 E8 E5	A6 AØ E8 E9 F4
			AØ E4 E9 F3 EE	AØ D2 C5 D4 D5
			AØ EF F6 E5 F2	D2 CE AE DE 60
			AE DD DD DØ F2	A9 18 8D 2D D3
			E5 F3 F3 AØ F4	8D 22 D3 A9 EA
			E8 E5 AØ F3 FØ	8D 2E D3 8D 28
			E1 E3 E5 AØ E2	
			E1 F2 AØ EF F2	EC 20 09 08 60
			AØ F4 E8 E5 D0) EA EA EA 85 EC
			DD E6 E9 F2 E5	AD 21 D3 C9 38
			AØ E2 F5 F4 F4	FØ DB A9 18 8D
			EF EE AØ F7 E8	3 2C D4 8D B5 D4
			E5 EE AØ F2 E	8D C1 D4 A9 EA
			E1 E4 F9 AØ F4	8D B6 D4 8D C2
			EF DD DD E3 E1	D4 8D BC D4 8D
			EE F4 E9 EE F!	5 BD D4 EA A5 EC
			F5 AE DE	20 09 08

Was that enough sector editing? Anyway, as I said this was not mine. The credit goes to "TWO KNIVES TAN" and "THE NECROMANCER". If anyone out there knows them, why don't you ask them to write for COMPUTIST?

Deactivating Signature Checks

- To follow this article you will need:
- ☐ A disk with a signature check ☐ One formatted empty disk (no Hello)
- ☐ A bowl of M&M's

While I was reading COMPUTIST #59, I noticed a call for help from a reader. He thought that he had found a nibble count but was unsure what to do with it. I was going to answer him by referring to a past COMPUTIST. After thumbing through my old issues I realized that no one has given any detail on how to deactivate these checks. Hopefully, what this article will do is give a basic understanding of ways to circumvent this problem. These methods are by no means the only way around these checks and no one method will work every time on every disk.

First things first. If you are the kind of person who says, "I will never understand assembly code" then you are right and need not read further. You have already given up. Keep an open mind and read the parts that you do not understand again. I have listed a complete signature check (in assembly). I have chosen Activisions check since it is fairly straight forward in what it does. (The actual code is from Top Fuel Eliminator).

I located the check by searching the disk for the code "CO8C". This is read the disk and usually looks like:

800 LDA \$C08C.X 8Ø3 BPL \$8ØØ 8Ø5 CMP \$D5

What this means is:

800: Read a byte from the disk

803: Did you find a byte? If yes go on to the next instruction. If not go back to 800 and read another byte.

805: Was the byte a "D5"?

Normal DOS looks for the bytes "D5 AA 96 and AD". So to locate the signature check search the disk for "CO8C", you have to reverse the bytes to search (8C CO), and if the bytes compared (CMP) are not a normal byte then you have found the check. I am always suspicious of CØ8C code outside of the normal DOS area. For instance, why would you need a read routine at track \$10? DOS can read, write or seek once it is in memory, all the code has to do is access it. The chances are, that any additional CO8C's are checking something that DOS would not normally look for.

Now that we have searched the disk and found the magic code, what do we do next? I disassemble the sector and look at the code. If the bytes checked are not normal, (D5 AA 96 or AD) then chances are good the code is the check. At this point place a few "00 00 OO's" in the code, write it back on the disk and reboot. Hopefully you will end up in the monitor and the screen will show something

30AD: A=55 Y=03 X=60 P=12 S=F4

This is telling you that the program hit the 00's around \$30AB and what values were in the registers when the OO's were encountered.

If the Hi-res screen blinked on then reset will clear it and show the above information. Boot a disk without a HELLO program and enter the monitor. The area around \$3000 is not overwritten by the boot, so we can examine the code:

CALL -151 3000LLLLL

SUCE DIV

You should now see this code:

3065 PLA	
3Ø66 PLA	Previous routine
3Ø67 RTS	
3068 LDA \$C089,X	Turn on drive
306B LDA #\$56	
306D STA FD	!
306F LDA \$08	!
3071 DEC FC	Set up counter
3073 BNE 3079	!
3Ø75 DEC FD	!
3077 BEQ 30AD	
3079 LDY C08C,X 307C BPL 3079	
307C BPL 3079 307E CPY \$FB	!
3080 BNE 306F	Search
3082 BEQ 3084	ļ tho diak
3084 NOP	the disk
3Ø85 NOP	•
3086 LDY C08C,X	find a bunch
3Ø89 CPY \$Ø8	: of odd
3Ø8B ROL	o i ouu
3Ø8C BCS 3Ø99	bytes
308E LDY C08C,X	j
3091 BPL 308E	and
3093 CPY \$FF	ļ
3Ø95 BNE 3Ø6F	store
3097 BEQ 3084	!
3099 LDÝ C08C,X	the
309C BPL 3099	Ī
3Ø9E STY FC	final
3ØAØ CMP \$ØA	!
30A2 BNE 306F	one
30A4 LDA C08C,X	!
3ØA7 BPL 3ØA4	at
30A9 SEC	!
3ØAA ROL	\$3ØD4
3ØAB AND \$FC	ļ
30AD EOR \$AA	!
3ØAF STA 3ØD4	
30B2 LDA \$00	!
3ØB4 TAY	Wipe out
3ØB5 STA 3Ø58,Y	the
3ØB8 INY	above code
3ØB9 CPY \$5D	!
3ØBB BNE 3ØB5	!
3ØBD RTS -	
3ØBE LDA \$26	New routine
30C0 STA FA	!
30C2 LDA \$30	ļ

Looks really confusing, right? Not to worry, this is now the easy part. You will notice that I marked the beginning of the code (\$3068) and the end (\$30BD). I assumed that, since the code did not BNE, BEQ or JMP outside of this

area, it is the entire code. I started at one RTS and ended at the next RTS. Therefore, the entire code lives at \$3068 - \$30BD.

Just in case I lost you. We searched for CO8C on the disk. Then placed a few OO's (BREAKs) in the suspect code, booted and waited for the beep. Pressing reset showed the values stored in the registers and where the break occurred. Booting a disk with no HELLO program loaded a normal DOS and allowed us to examine memory around the place where the code stopped before. We then traced up and down until we found the RTS's.

Now that we have found the code what do we do with it? I would suggest that since our code ends with a RTS, chances are that there is a JSR to \$3068. Maybe we can find it on the disk and simply NOP (EA) it out. After you search the disk you will find that there is a JSR to the routine. Go on and EA the three bytes (20) 68 30) and boot the disk. If all the routine does is check and then return then we have defeated the check and deprotected the disk. Wait, whats that.. you say that your computer beeped, dropped into the monitor and locked up? Well, obviously this code stores some needed information to continue running. (This method of EAing the JSR works on Mickey's Space Adventure). What we have just learned is that the signature check will need more work to be bypassed.

Check your printout for any STA, STY, STX, LDA, LDY, or LDX instruction. Write down the locations they address (\$FC, \$FD, and \$3@D4). The theory we are now dealing with is that if we store all the correct values in the correct places then the check will pass when we RTS from the subroutine. Did I lose you on that? What this signature check does is locates specific bytes, stores the bytes, then returns. What we can do is bypass the locate, then store the bytes and return. This will work because as long as the proper bytes are in the proper places the code will think that the check worked. The code says:

- 1. Read the disk
- 2. Store the bytes
- 3. Return

We are going to make it say:

- 1. Store the bytes
- 2. Return

Now our only problem is where to place the break (OO). How about placing it where the last RTS is located (\$30BD). That way all the bytes will be stored and the registers full when the check has passed. Write a Ø0 at \$30BD. (Write it on the disk). Now boot the disk and when the computer beeps at you press reset to clear the hi-res screen. Write down the values in the registers (A = 55 for example). Boot the disk with no HELLO program, enter the monitor, and grab the other values we need:

CALL - 151 FC FD 30D4

With all this information we no longer need the signature check. (This would be a lot easier if I actually knew the values to store, but I have changed my disk too much). So while I am going into my "general" mode, we can still finish. The following information will help you to write the patch you need.

For those of you that have just acquired a blank stare on you face, picture a bowl full of M&M's. What I want you to do is load 1 red M&M into your hand and store it in your mouth. Now load 1 green M&M into your hand and store it in your pocket. The idea of assembly is load your hand (accumulator) and put it in your mouth (store it). Then load your hand again (accumulator) and put it in your pocket (store it). You understood that right. Now load the accumulator (LDA) with #\$55 and store it (STA) at \$FC and \$30D4. Load the accumulator and store it, load the accumulator and store it. It would all look like this:

A9 55 LDA #\$55 85 FC STA \$FC A9 55 LDA #\$55 8D D4 30 STA \$30D4

We have just stored a #\$55 (the hex value \$55) at locations \$FC and \$3@D4. Using this information how would you load the X and Y registers? Look at the tables, it is not that difficult. Moving on, it is now the time you have been dreading, you HAVE to write some code. On a piece of paper write all the bytes we need to store or load into the registers:

\$FC = 00 \$FD = 05 \$30D4 = 55 A = 55 X = 60 Y = 03

This translates to:

A9 ØØ LDA #\$ØØ 85 FC STA \$FC A9 Ø5 LDA #\$Ø5 85 FD STA \$FD A9 55 LDA #\$55 8D D4 3Ø STA \$30D4 A9 55 LDA #\$55 A6 6Ø LDX #\$6Ø AØ Ø3 LDY #\$Ø3 RTS

Now if we insert this code starting at \$306B, then right after the drive is turned on, all the needed values will be stored and all the registers will have the values in them when the RTS is executed. Write this new piece of code to the disk and boot it. If you get further than before, great. If not there may be another check on the disk or you may have missed a value or

I knew that this was the entire signature check since all of the BNE's and BEQ's were jumping within the confines of the code. But consider this check from Spy's Adventures in North America. There are two returns (RTS) that must be considered since the code could jump over the first one.

Ø837 LDA \$CØ8C,X Ø83A BPL \$Ø837 Ø83C CMP #\$FF Ø83E BNE \$Ø89Ø Ø84Ø BEO \$Ø889 Later...

Ø889 LDA \$CØ88,X Ø88C CLC Ø88D LDA #\$ØØ Ø88F RTS Ø89Ø DEC \$57DE

Ø893 BEQ \$Ø898 Ø895 JMP \$5722

Ø898 LDA \$CØ88,X

Ø89B SEC

Ø89C LDA #\$FF Ø89E RTS

Look at this code, it is just a variation of the signature check. Trace it through and decide how you would deactivate it. Also where do you think it lives in memory. All the information you need is before you. If you are having trouble, re-read the article. When you have finished check your solution with mine (COMPUTIST #56, page 35). Sit back, finish the M&M's and Enjoy.

Jack R. Nissel

Softkey for...

PSAT/SAT Analogies SAT Word Attack Skills PSAT Word Attack Skills

Edu-Ware

■ Requirements

☐ The original Edu-Ware disks ☐ 3 blank disk sides

☐ Super IOB v1.5

☐ A blank initialized slave disk

☐ A way to reset into the monitor

To deprotect these titles we will use Super IOB with the Swap Controller and use the RWTS of the protected disk to read the original disk then use a normal RWTS to write the information back to your blank disk.

1 INITialize the blank disks.

INIT EDU-WARE DELETE EDU-WARE

2 Boot your original disk and at the Applesoft prompt reset into the monitor.

3 Move the RWTS to a safe place, so it won't be destroyed when you boot your slave disk, by entering:

1900<B800.BFFFM

4 Boot your slave disk.

C600G

5 After the disk boots and the Applesoft prompt appears insert your Super IOB disk and save the RWTS to it.

BSAVE RWTS.PSAT WORD ATTACK SKILLS, A\$1900, L\$800

6 Install the controller into Super IOB, run it and copy your original disks to your blank disks. Answer NO when asked if you want to INITialize the blank disks.

Note: After copying each disk, when you get the "]" prompt simply type RUN to restart the controller and then copy the next disk.

Controller

1000 REM PSAT WORD ATTACK SKILLS

1Ø1Ø TK = 3:ST = Ø:LT = 35:CD = WR

1Ø2Ø T1 = TK: GOSUB 49Ø: GOSUB 36Ø: ONERR GOTO

1030 GOSUB 430: GOSUB 100: ST = ST + 1: IF ST < DOS THEN 1030

1040 IF BF THEN 1060

1050 ST = 0:TK = TK + 1: IF TK < LT THEN 1030

1Ø6Ø GOSUB 49Ø:TK = T1:ST = Ø: GOSUB 36Ø

1070 GOSUB 430: GOSUB 100: ST = ST + 1: IF ST < DOS THEN 1070

1080 ST = 0: TK = TK + 1: IF BF = 0 AND TK < LT THEN1070

1090 IF TK < LT THEN 1020

1010

1020

1030

1040

1050

1100 HOME: PRINT "COPY DONE": END

10010 PRINT CHR\$ (4) "BLOAD RWTS.PSAT WORD ATTACK*SKILLS, A\$1900"

Checksums - \$356B - \$2ØCØ 1060 - \$3565 1070 - \$28C5 - **\$**617Ø 1080 - \$6CA2 - \$9DCA - \$7771 1090 - \$6342 - \$9A4D 1100 \$ABA3 10010 - \$82EC

Softkey for...

Algebra Volume 3 Algebra Volume 4

Edu-Ware

■ Requirements

	The	orig	inal	Algebra	disk
_	_				

☐ Two blank disks

☐ Super IOB v1.5

☐ A way to reset into the monitor

To deprotect these titles we will use SUPER IOB with the swap controller and use the RWTS of the protected disk to read the original disk then use a normal RWTS to write the information back to your blank disk.

1 Initialize both blank disks.

INIT HELLO **DELETE HELLO**

2 Boot your original disk and at the Applesoft prompt reset into the monitor.

Move the RWTS to a safe place, so it won't be destroyed when you boot your slave disk.

1900<B800.BFFFM

4 Boot your slave disk.

C600G

5 After the disk boots and the Applesoft prompt appears, insert your Super IOB disk and save the RWTS to it.

BSAVE RWTS.ALGEBRA, A\$1900, L\$800

6 Install the Algebra controller into Super IOB, run it and copy your original disk to your blank disk. Answer NO when asked if you want to INITialize the blank disk.

Controller

1000 REM ALGEBRA VOLUME 3 AND 4

1010 TK = 3:ST = 0:LT = 35:CD = WR

1020 T1 = TK: GOSUB 490: GOSUB 360: ONERR GOTO

1030 GOSUB 430: GOSUB 100: ST = ST + 1: IF ST < DOS THEN 1030

1040 IF BF THEN 1060

1050 ST = 0:TK = TK + 1: IF TK < LT THEN 1030

1060 GOSUB 490:TK = T1:ST = 0: GOSUB 360

1070 GOSUB 430: GOSUB 100: ST = ST + 1: IF ST < DOS THEN 1070

1080 ST = 0: TK = TK + 1: IF BF = 0 AND TK < LT THEN1070

1090 IF TK < LT THEN 1020

1100 HOME: PRINT "COPY DONE": END

10010 PRINT CHR\$ (4) "BLOAD RWTS.ALGEBRA,

三 【400 (9) 第二 第二 201 (8) 第二

Checksums 1000 - \$356B 1060 - \$2ØCØ - \$3565 1010 1070 - \$28C5 - **\$**617Ø - \$6CA2 1020 1080 - \$7771 1030 1090 \$9DCA 1040 - \$6342 1100 - \$9A4D 1050 \$ABA3 1ØØ1Ø - \$D939

Softkey for...

Galaxy Math Facts Decimals Galaxy Math Facts Fractions

Random House

Softkey for...

Vocabulary Baseball

J & S Software

Softkey for...

Word Master

DLM Software

Softkey for...

The Game

Random House

Softkey for...

Strategies For Test Taking Following Written Directions

Microcomputer Educational Programs

■ Requirements

	The orig	inal (disk	(s)	
	1 blank	disk :	for	each	title
П	COPYA	from	VOL	r DO	S 3.3

system master

☐ A sector editor

1 Boot your DOS 3.3 system disk. Tell DOS to ignore checksum and epilog errors and use COPYA to copy the disk.

POKE 47426,24 RUN COPYA

Make the following sector edits to the copy you just made.

Trk	Sct	Byte(s)	From	То
\$00	\$Ø3	\$42	38	18

Softkey for...

Secrets of Science Island

Grolier

■ Requirements

	The	original	Science	Island	disk
$\overline{}$		4 1. 1			

□ 2 blank disks

☐ Any fast copy program

☐ Any sector editor

1 Copy both sides of your original disk to your blank disks. Although you can fast copy this disk, it won't work because the disk is checking for a nibble count.

2 Make the following sector edit to side 1 of your copy. This disables the check for the nibble count on the disk.

Trk	Sct	Byte(s)	From	To
\$1F	\$ØE	\$3B	BD	60

If you want to see the disassembly of the copy protection look on page 13 of COMPUTIST #24 in the article written by Jay O'Donnell. (I could have listed it here but as Ed Teach said in his letter in COMPUTIST #61, we have to support the magazine. So if you don't have COMPUTIST #24, and you want to see the disassembly, you're going to have to buy the issue).

Step up to my soapbox

To Edward Teach: In regard to your letter in COMPUTIST #61, how do you know if the majority of COMPUTIST readers want a long dissertation of why changing a byte or two causes a program to work because it no longer checks for a nibble count, or why it even checked for a nibble count in the first place? Isn't it possible that most readers just want to deprotect their software so they can enjoy it and don't care why it is, or was, protected? The quantity of software they are able to deprotect may be of more importance to them instead of learning how to boot code trace PAC-MAN.

I don't think either you or I know the answer, so why not ask all of the readers to respond. Let's here from the silent majority. If you have never sent in a softkey now is your chance. Send in one, or two, or three, or whatever number you want, and when you send them in let us know what you think on the issue at hand.

Edward Teach

Softkey for...

Scrabble

Electronic Arts

■ Requirements

☐ SUPER IOB 1.5 (w/ CON.STANDARD) ☐ Copy II Plus

□ A Sector Editor

☐ 2 Formatted empty disks

☐ 128K APPLE

This is a current release from EA. Yet, the same protection was used on ELITE by Firebird and also on ADVENTURE The Colossal Cave by Apple 1980. Three different companies and eight years between uses. Interesting. First (it seems that everyone is doing this), thanks to Jim Hart! His excellent softkey on ELITE (COMPUTIST #52) will be used extensively in this article. I have added a few extra steps for the beginners.

Boot a normal DOS and catalog the SCRABBLE disk. As the drive grinds away you will notice that no catalog appears. Now try COPY II Plus and be sure to select "show hidden characters". The drive still grinds away, but files are finally revealed. They are:

**************** PROTECTED

L@A 0G0 S C CRABTIT

U SA-SCRABBLE

D-USA-1

D-USA-2

D-USA-3 D-USA-4

Nice of EA to tell us that the disk was protected (the fact it would not fast copy did not give us a clue)! If the scheme follows past examples we will be able to copy the files without the control characters in them. Place blank #1 in drive 2 and try to copy the D-USA-# files. They should have copied over without any problem. Do not worry about the files marked 'protected'' they are BASIC files, but we will not need them. To capture the other files we will need to activate the funny DOS. Let's:

CALL -151 enter the monitor CØ81 N CØ81 write enable ramcard DØØØ<DØØØ.FFFFM move rom image FFFC:59 FF change reset vector **CØ8Ø** enable rom (insert SCRABBLE disk now) C6ØØG boot disk

When the "]" prompt appears, press RESET. We now have their RWTS in memory and should be able to catalog the disk. However, trying this gives a SYNTAX ERROR. Well if Applesoft won't allow us in we can always try the monitor:

CALL - 151 A56EG

DOS catalog command

This time we are greeted with a BREAK (I have never seen a BREAK in the monitor)!

Strange, so I tried A56EG again this time the filenames scrolled up. I tried BLOADing the S CRABTIT file since it was 34 sectors long and hopefully a picture. When the drive stopped I typed CALL - 3106 to display the hires screen. Great, a picture appears. Now all we have to do is capture this file.

Boot blank disk #1. BSAVE SCRABTIT, A\$2000, L\$2000

Since our blank has a normal DOS we have just saved the first protected file. The S Crabble file is a bit larger so lets try that one next. Repeat the above steps including the A56EG from the monitor. This softkey only works after the BREAK. We are now ready to save the main program file.

Bload S © CRABBLE.

CALL-151

8490<890.8FFM booting overwrites \$800
C600G boot blank ±1

CALL-151

8ØØ<84ØØ.84FFM move \$800 back

BSAVE SCRABBLE, A\$800, L\$7000

I will go into how I found the load point and length in a moment. The last file is the Applesoft loader for the two Bfiles. You can either type:

10 D\$ = CHR\$(4)

20 HGR2: PRINT D\$ "BLOAD SCRABTIT, A\$4000"

30 FOR | = 1 TO 4000; NEXT 40 TEXT: PRINT "LOADING" 50 PRINT D\$ "BRUN SCRABBLE"

or repeat the RAMcard steps above and after the break type:

LOAD L Control A OGO CALL -151 8000<800.8FFM Boot blank #1 CALL-151 800<8000.80FFM AF:0B7C Control C SAVE LOGO

I prefer to keep the disk as close to normal as possible (minus the protection of course). O.K., now for the neat part. Jim had a method for finding the load point and length of a program.

CALL -151 enter monitor 800:00 N 801<800.95FFM zero main memory CONTROL C back to basic BLOAD program

Then hunt through memory until code appears (the bload point), keep typing L's until OO's show up (the end of the file). Then you know where the program started and where it ended. Subtracting the starting location from the ending location and adding 1, will give the size of the program. That is the right way to do it. But, some people find hexadecimal

numbers somewhat hard to understand. So, I will give my alternate way for finding these locations.

The SCRABBLE disk, after track two, is fairly normal. The data headers have been changed to D5 AA CE. This is a simple task for SUPER IOB to correct.

The way that DOS runs a program from disk is to look in the catalog for the program name. (Track \$11, sectors \$ØF thru \$Ø1 in decending order.) Then after the program is found the track and sector where the T/S list is read. (The T/S list would be like doing a disk map from COPY II Plus). The first sector in the T/S list is read. Then the first four bytes of that sector are read and translated into the load point and length. It would look like this:

READ CATALOG LOCATE T/S LIST READ T/S LIST LOCATE FIRST SECTOR OF FILE READ FIRST SECTOR LOCATE FIRST FOUR BYTES

So, after the copy is finished, boot your sector editor and read track \$11, sector \$0F. This is the catalog track. Look for a file name of one of the protected files. The three bytes immediately before it will show the track and sector of the file map, and also the filetype.

XX YY ZZ SCRABBLE XX = TRACK YY = SECTOR ZZ = FILETYPE

Now read track XX sector YY. This is the track sector list (T/S list) of the file. There should be a series of OO's then numbers. Again, write down the first numbers after the OO's. This will be the first sector of the file. For example:

In the catalog, you find:

14 ØC 84 SCRABTIT

The T/S list is on track \$14, sector \$0C. At track \$14, sector \$0C you find:

00 00 ... 00 00 14 0B 14 0A 14 09

The first sector of this file starts on track \$14, sector \$0B.

Read track \$14, sector \$0B and NORMALLY the first four bytes show the load address and length of the file (in hex and in lobyte, hi-byte order). But, in dealing with a protected DOS we have to make an exception.

The first five bytes are: 00 00 20 00 20

Since this was a 34 sector Bfile I assumed it was a picture and would probably load at \$2000 and be \$2000 long. If you ignore the first byte it makes more sense. After I found the first sector of the USA-SCRABBLE file I was sure that I was right. The USA-SCRABBLE file first bytes are:

Ø1 ØØ Ø8 ØØ 7C

Ignoring the first byte and remembering that addresses in Apple are backwards (xx XX is really XX xx), shows that this file would BLOAD at \$0800 and be \$7000 long. To test this out BLOAD the deprotected SCRABBLE from blank #1 and type:

CALL-151 AA72 AA73 AA6Ø AA61

You will see that:

AA72 = ØØ (xx load point lo byte) AA73 = Ø8 (XX load point hi byte) AA6Ø = ØØ (yy length lo byte) AA61 = 7C (YY length hi byte)

This is where we get the BSAVE program, A\$XXxx, L\$YYyy.

You could have typed 800G. If the program starts (it will) then you have found the beginning of the file.

Applesoft files usually load at \$0801 and the length of the file is stored at \$AF-\$BO. To find the length of the LOGO file I looked through my "collection" until I found another 5 sector Applesoft file and then I loaded it. I entered the monitor and typed AF BO. That is how I got the values to store earlier in the article. There is probably a better way, but this works fine. Listing the LOGO file shows that the only need for the imbedded control characters is for loading the subsequent programs. So if you change that listing to load files without the odd names you can rename the USA-SCRABBLE and SCRABTIT files to whatever names you would like. You should now have seven files on blank #1. Renaming LOGO to HELLO will allow the disk to self boot. ENJOY!

Softkey for...

Reading Skills Two

American Educational Computer

Well Mr. Nissel, I agree with the comment you made about "The silent majority". Lets hope that they all start spreading the word (HINT. HINT.) to BBS's and Users groups that COMPUTIST is alive and well. And here is a softkey especially for Jack. Short and to the point. To copy this disk use the SWAP controller after capturing the RWTS. Jack, the only way that I could have kept this shorter was to write: Use swap controller.

A fix for the Controller Writer

One of the reasons that I don't submit many softkeys with controllers is that I have never figured out how to write them. But I do have a copy of the Controller Writer from COMPUTIST #16. There does appear to be one small bug in my copy. I do not know if it was a typo or a true bug. This only shows up when you are writing a controller that does a number of sector edits. This is the line that I changed and now it appears to work correctly:

1350 PRINT "1060";: IF SE THEN PRINT "RESTORE: GOSUB 310: ";

You might also like to add the line 1485 PRINT "RUN"

Open The Computist Starter Kit include the controller writer?

It does now. RDEXed

Don McClelland

Softkey for...

Magic Spells

Learning Company

■ Requirements

- □ DOS 3.3 system disk ☐ ProDOS system disk
- ☐ two blank disks

My version of Magic Spells is on a ProDOS disk with modified address and data epilogs. These are changed from the normal DE AA to FF FF. This prevents many copiers from reading the disk.

At the disk level both ProDOS and DOS 3.3 are the same. ProDOS has tracks and sectors just as DOS 3.3, only two sectors are used for each ProDOS block. Knowing this, we can copy Magic Spells with COPYA.

1 Boot your DOS 3.3 system disk. 2 Tell DOS to ignore checksum and epilog errors and use COPYA to copy the original to your first blank disk.

POKE 47426,24 RUN COPYA

3 Boot your ProDOS system disk and initialize the second blank disk.

Transfer the files (via whatever file transfer utility you like) from the first disk to the second disk (except ProDOS). Put the latest version of ProDOS on the disk and enjoy.

My Magic Spells (I believe to be one of the originals) had ProDOS 1.1.1 on it. They may have changed or altered their protection scheme but this should get the job done or get you started in the right direction if yours is different.

Now to leap atop my soap box on the discussion between Mr. Teach and Mr. Nissel. On one hand I like the knowledge gained from the long softkeys and kind of agree with Mr. Teach. But when you just want to quickly deprotect a program Mr. Nissel is to be agreed with. In either case, I already know how to "Boot Code Trace" PacMan. When you write try to include both the long and short cookbook methods.

Eric Delbridge

Ultima V Character Editor

When I received Ultima V, I was very impressed. But when I decided to transfer my Ultima IV Avatar to Ultima V, the game downgraded his level and his abilities. My character editor corrects that problem. Just enter the program and save it as "ULTIMA QUICK EDITOR". Backup your Britannia disk before editing.

Warning: Enter this program from ProDOS.

ULTIMA QUICK EDITOR

10 REM "ULTIMA V CHARACTER EDITOR

20 REM "BY ERIC DELBRIDGE

30 REM "WRITTEN 8/17/88

40 REM

5Ø GOTO 27Ø

60 HOME: PRINT: HTAB 20 - LEN (0\$) / 2: PRINT 0\$: FOR X = S1 TO S2: POKE X, 153: PRINT "."

NEXT: PRINT: PRINT: PRINT: HTAB 18: PRINT

"DONE": FOR X = 1 TO 1000: NEXT: GOTO 320

70 REM "CONV HEX TO BCD

80 X = 0

90 IF LB > 15 THEN X = X + 1: LB = LB - 16: GOTO 90: REM "CALC HI NYBBLE

100 IF X > 9 THEN X = 9: REM "NO HEX PLEASE

110 IF LB > 9 THEN LB = 9: REM "NONE HERE EITHER

 $12\emptyset LB\$ = STR\$ (X) + STR\$ (LB) : X = \emptyset$

130 IF HB > 15 THEN X = X + 1 : HB = HB - 16 : GOTO 130 : REM "CALC HI NYBBLE

140 IF X > 9 THEN X = 9: REM "NO HEX PLEASE

150 IF LB > 9 THEN LB = 9: REM "NONE HERE EITHER

160 HB = STR\$ (X) + STR\$ (HB)

170 AM\$ = LB\$: IF MX > 99 THEN AM\$ = HB\$ + LB\$

18Ø Q\$ = "CURRENT" + Q\$ + " (" + AM\$ + ")

190 HOME : C\$ = "" : PRINT : HTAB 20 - LEN (Q\$) / 2: PRINT Q\$: PRINT: HTAB 14: INPUT "CHANGE"

TO: "; C\$: IF LEN (C\$) = Ø THEN C\$ = AM\$

200 C = VAL (RIGHT\$ (C\$,5)): C\$ = STR\$ (C): IF C < Ø OR C > MX THEN 19Ø

210 N = 2: IF MX > 99 THEN N = 4

22Ø IF LEN (C\$) < N THEN C\$ = "Ø" + C\$: GOTO 22Ø 230 HB\$ = "00" : LB\$ = RIGHT\$ (C\$,2) : IF N = 4 THEN

HB\$ = LEFT\$ (C\$, 2)

24ØHB=VAL (LEFT\$ (HB\$,1)) * 16 + VAL (RIGHT\$ (HB\$,1))

```
250 LB = VAL (LEFT$ (LB$,1)) * 16 + VAL (RIGHT$
     (LB\$,1))
```

260 RETURN

27Ø TEXT : HOME : BD\$ = "-----

280 PRINT BD\$;: HTAB 8: PRINT "ULTIMA" V" CHARACTER* EDITOR" : HTAB 11: PRINT "BY* ERIC DELBRIDGE" : PRINT BD\$: POKE 34,5: VTAB 16: PRINT BD\$: POKE 35.15

290 VTAB 10: PRINT "INSERT*BRITANNIA*DISK*AND* PRESS*ANY*KEY": POKE - 16368,Ø

300 IF PEEK (- 16384) < 128 THEN 300

310 POKE - 16368,0: PRINT CHR\$ (4) "BLOAD" ROSTER, A\$8000, D1"

HOME : PRINT TAB(5) "(1) MAX OUT CHARACTERS'

33Ø PRINT TAB(5) "(2) MAX OUT WEAPONS ARMOR" 34Ø PRINT TAB(5) "(3) MAX OUT SPELLS"

350 PRINT TAB(5) "(4) MAX OUT POTIONS/ SCROLLS"

36Ø PRINT TAB(5) "(5) MAX OUT REAGENTS"

37Ø PRINT TAB(5) "(6) EDIT FOOD GOLD / ETC. "

38Ø PRINT: PRINT TAB(5) "(7) SAVE AND QUIT"

39Ø POKE - 16368, Ø

400 K = PEEK (- 16384): IF K < 128 THEN 400 410 POKE - 16368,0

420 IF K = 177 THEN 830

43Ø IF K = 178 THEN Q\$ = "MAXING" OUT" WEAPONS" &" ARMOR" :S1 = 3328Ø:S2 = 33343: GOTO 6Ø

440 IF K = 179 THEN Q\$ = "MAXING OUT SPELLS" :S1 = 33344:S2 = 33391: GOTO 6Ø

45Ø IF K = 18Ø THEN Q\$ = "MAXING OUT POTIONS & SCROLLS": S1 = 33392: S2 = 33407: GOTO 60

46Ø IF K = 181 THEN Q\$ = "MAXING"OUT"REAGENTS" :S1 = 3344Ø:S2 = 33449: GOTO 6Ø

47Ø IF K = 182 THEN 55Ø

48Ø IF K = 183 THEN 5ØØ

49Ø GOTO 4ØØ

500 PRINT CHR\$ (4) "BSAVE" ROSTER, A\$8000, L\$400, D1": TEXT: HOME: PRINT "DONE"

51Ø END

52Ø REM

530 REM * MAX OUT FOOD/GOLD *

540 REM

55Ø HOME: PRINT TAB(5) "(1) EDIT GOLD"

56Ø PRINT TAB(5) "(2) EDIT FOOD"

57Ø PRINT TAB(5) "(3) EDIT KEYS"

58Ø PRINT TAB(5) "(4) EDIT GEMS"

59Ø PRINT TAB(5) "(5) *EDIT *TORCHES"

600 PRINT TAB(5) "(6) EDIT GRAPPLING HOOK"

61Ø PRINT TAB(5) "(7) EDIT FLYING CARPETS"

620 PRINT : PRINT TAB(5) "(8) RETURN TO MAIN MENU'

63Ø POKE - 16368, Ø

64Ø K = PEEK (- 16384): !F K < 128 THEN GOTO 64Ø 65Ø POKE - 16368, Ø

66Ø IF K = 177 THEN LB = PEEK (33154): HB = PEEK (33155): MX = 9999: Q\$ = "GOLD": GOSUB 80:

POKE 33154 LB: POKE 33155 .HB: GOTO 55Ø 67Ø IF K = 178 THEN LB = PEEK (33152): HB = PEEK (33153): MX = 9999: Q\$ = "FOOD": GOSUB 80: POKE 33152, LB: POKE 33153, HB: GOTO 55Ø

68Ø IF K = 179 THEN LB = PEEK (33156): MX = 99:Q\$ = "KEYS" : GOSUB 8Ø: POKE 33156, LB: GOTO 55Ø

AAR 151/ 100 THEN I D DEEL 100153 IN 10 00
690 IF K = 180 THEN LB = PEEK (33157): MX = 99:Q\$
= "GEMS" : GOSUB 8Ø: POKE 33157, LB: GOTO
550
700 IF K = 181 THEN LB = PEEK (33158): MX = 99:Q\$
= "TORCHES" : GOSUB 8Ø : POKE 33158 , LB : GOTO
550
710 F K = 182 THEN 750
72Ø IF K = 183 THEN LB = PEEK (3316Ø): MX = 99:Q\$
= "CARPETS" : GOSUB 8Ø: POKE 3316Ø, LB: GOTO
550
73Ø IF K = 184 THEN GOTO 32Ø
74Ø GOTO 63Ø
75Ø LB = PEEK (33159): A\$ = "(NO)": IF LB = 1 THEN
A\$ = "(YES)"
76Ø HOME : C\$ = "" : PRINT : Q\$ = "GRAPPL NG*HOOK?*
" + A\$: HTAB 2Ø – LEN (Q\$) / 2: PRINT Q\$:
PRINT: HTAB 14: PRINT "CHANGE*TO*(Y/N):"
; : GET C\$: PRINT : IF C\$ = CHR\$ (13) THEN C\$
= MID\$ (A\$,2,1)
770 IF C\$ < > "Y" AND C\$ < > "N" THEN 760
78Ø LB = Ø: IF C\$ = "Y" THEN LB = 1
79Ø POKE 33159, LB: GOTO 52Ø
800 REM
810 REM * Max Out Party *
820 REM
OZD VEM

83ØHOME:PRINT:PRINT:HTAB5:PRINT"MAXING"
OUT*CHARACTER*(ØØ)";
840 FOR X = 1 TO 16:X\$ = RIGHT\$ ("0" + STR\$

840 FOR X = 1 TO 16:X\$ = RIGHT\$ ("0" + STR\$
(X),2): PRINT CHR\$ (8) CHR\$ (8) CHR\$ (8) X\$
")";

850 Y = 32880 + (16 * X)

86Ø POKE Y + 4,48: POKE Y + 5,48: POKE Y + 6,48: POKE Y + 7,153

87Ø POKE Y + 8,153: POKE Y + 9,153: POKE Y + 10,153: POKE Y + 11,153

88Ø POKE Y + 12,153: POKE Y + 13,153: POKE Y + 14,9 89Ø NEXT X

900 VTAB 7: PRINT "DONE" : GOTO 320

91Ø A = 98:B = 31: GOSUB 16Ø: PRINT A\$, B\$: END

	Chec	ksums	-
10	- \$BADD	470	- \$821B
2Ø	- \$9B13	48Ø	- \$3552
3Ø	\$4D3B	49Ø	- \$7Ø45
4Ø	- \$AD92	500	\$47FB
5Ø	- \$44ED	510	- \$556F
6Ø	- \$948F	52Ø	- \$EC1Ø
7Ø	\$B9AC	53Ø	\$CF8A
8Ø	- \$C6F1	540	\$1DØA
9Ø	- \$B5ØØ	55Ø	- \$751C
100	- \$E5D3	560	- \$88DØ
11Ø	- \$8612	57Ø	- \$A44E
12Ø	\$D6E7	58Ø	- \$7B8A
13Ø	- \$FB22	59Ø	- \$5DC3
140	- \$2789	600	- \$Ø8CE
150	- \$8C5C	610	- \$ 532Ø
16Ø	- \$Ø77F	62Ø	- \$5693
17Ø	- \$6964	63Ø	- \$BB29
18Ø	- \$17E4	64Ø	- \$8B9B
19Ø	- \$C589	65Ø	\$ØB26
200	- \$3Ø3A	660	- \$787F
210	- \$CA2B	67Ø	- \$6B9A
220	- \$C84A	68Ø	- \$8EFF

230	- \$1FBA	690	- \$7827
240	- \$9DBD	7ØØ	- \$D934
25Ø	- \$3CD8	710	\$2D4E
260	\$FB2F	72Ø	\$FØ83
27Ø	- \$E6A2	730	- \$792D
28Ø	- \$6ACE	740	\$6DDB
29Ø	- \$3FØ3	75Ø	- \$36ØE
3ØØ	– \$6E7E	760	– \$E6AØ
31Ø	- \$5F2C	77Ø	\$A9DB
32Ø	- \$3985	78Ø	- \$4C54
33Ø	- \$6272	79Ø	\$CAØB
34Ø	- \$7F3A	800	- \$427E
35Ø	- \$8EB1	81Ø	\$8B2D
36Ø	- \$1ØC3	82Ø	- \$A455
37Ø	- \$27BØ	83Ø	- \$6094
38Ø	- \$ 2F9F	84Ø	– \$A6ØA
39Ø	- \$78D7	85Ø	- \$6 A51
400	- \$9FA 5	86Ø	- \$D5C9
410	- \$FA45	87Ø	- \$E24A
420	- \$148A	88Ø	– \$BØ37
430	- \$2D3E	89Ø	- \$C12A
440	- \$7EB2	900	- \$9E54
45Ø	- \$8AE4	910	\$Ø3DB
46Ø	- \$1B1F		

Playing Tips for...

Ultima V

Origin Systems

There are six steps needed to complete Ultima V. These are the six steps, with directions on how to complete them.

- Obtain all 3 shards. The shards are found in the underworld. Two of the coordinates are (CØ,5Ø) and (BØ,BB). To find your coordinates press 2 on a IIgs or on a IIe. The last four numbers are your coordinates.
- Use the shards. Once you have the shards, go to each of the castles. Find the flames of truth, courage, and love. Get below the flame. Summon the shadowlord that is opposite to the flame (truth-falsehood, courage-cowardice, love-hatred). To do this you must shout their names. Falsehood is Faulinei, Hatred is Astaroth, Cowardice is Nosfentor. The lord will appear above the flame. Pass a turn, then use the correct shard, you have destroyed a shadowlord.
- Retrieve the lost articles. You must find the scepter, Crown, Amulet, and Sandalwood Box. They are in Stonegate, top level of Blackthorn's castle, lower left of underworld, top level of Lord British's castle, respectively.
- Become level 8.
- Quests. Go to each shrine and do what they tell you.
- Lord British will ordain you in your sleep once you have completed the above in any order. Then go to (80,80) in the underworld, to the eight level. You must find a certain room, and stand before the mirror. You're done!

Zorro

I would like to trade my original of Marble Madness by Electronic Arts for a working original of Rescue Raiders by Sir-Tech. When you respond, write your address also so I can give you mine.

Playing Tips for...

Maniac Mansion

Lucasfilm

- The water valve, pool, and padlocks on the outer lab door all have something in common. Put one kid near the pool, and the other by the valve, turn on the valve, and see what lies in the depths.
- Where would you hide your tools? Look in the trunk outside.
- In the dungeon, if 2 go in, only 1 will come out with the help of a certain loose brick near a window.
- Just too wimpy to open the door? Pump some iron on the 3rd floor.
- Can't find the water valve? Pump iron and lift an exterior grate.

Paul A. Johnson

2400 AD Quick Mapper

For those of you that are playing 2400 A.D., here's a Q+D (Quick and Dirty) approach to mapping in 2400 A.D. The following list descibes each symbol:

- + Walls (even the ones that look like paneling)
- S Gravity tube ENTRANCES and ladders
- : Counters (the kind in the kitchen)
- . Doors (both locked and unlocked)
- / Slidewalks
- G Garbage that you CAN'T walk on
- w Windows
- F Force fields

The reason I included the 'G' is so I could get a map of the City Dump. I felt that these symbols would help me play the game without giving away too much information. Also, with about 255 different shapes (with some repeats), a program that would map everything would be way too slow.

This program maps the ground level of Metropolis. If you want to map the Underground, then make the following changes:

- 1. Lines 140-150 change "'/PLYR/MAP/" to "'/GAME/MAP"
- 2. Lines 1000-1010 insert a REM at the beginning.

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When the program asks, "Which Page" it is asking you to input a number from 1-7 (for city) or 1-15 (for underground) from the the figures shown. If you map the entire city and put the pages together as shown in the figure, you will get a complete map of the city as it is in the game. This is not the case for the underground, though. In an attempt to save paper, three of the totally enclosed areas are not where they are in the game. The first of these is on page 7, in the lower right corner. It is an enclosed room with one 'S' in it. The other two are on page 8. They are the top two rooms on the page. They are supposed to be on the 3rd level down, but I didn't want to waste a sheet of paper for just two rooms. If you don't understand, just play the game and it will

You probably noticed that I didn't include the upper floors of the buildings in this program. I didn't feel that it was necessary to have them, so I didn't put them in, but if anybody wants to be able to map them, then they can say so in a letter to the RDEX and I will give them the information they need. Also, if anybody wants to build this program into a complete mapper/editor, then go ahead, but make sure you share it with the rest of us by writing to COMPUTIST.

Oh, by the way, here are some important words that you need to know to play the game: ACCTRM, CHLOBU, DDDUD, EDDONE, LETSGO, MADEIT, and PERABR.

Figure 1: Metropolis

	Page 2	Page 5	
Page 1	Page 3	Page 6	Page 7
	Page 4		

Figure 2: Underground Level 1

Page 1	Page 3	Page 5	
Page 2	Page 4	Page 6	Page 7

Figure 3: Underground Level 2

Page 8	Page 10	Page 12	Page 14
Page 9	Page 11	Page 13	Page 15

MAPPER.2400AD

10 REM * MAKE SURE YOU TYPE THIS IN USING PRODOS!!!!!!

20 REM *
30 REM * MAPPER.2400AD BY PAUL A.JOHNSON
40 REM *
100 DIM BY(56)
110 INPUT "WHICH*PAGE* (1-7):";PG
115 IF PG < Ø THEN END
120 GOSUB 1000
13Ø FOR Q = (PG - 1) * 8 + 1 TO (PG - 1) * 8 + 8 STEP 2
140 PRINT CHR\$ (4) "BLOAD" /PLYR/MAP, A8192,
L512,B" BY(Q) * 512
150 PRINT CHR\$ (4) "BLOAD" / PLYR/MAP, A8704,
L512,B" BY(Q+1) * 512
16Ø FOR Y = Ø TO 15
170 A(0) = "" : A(1) = ""
18Ø FOR X = Ø TO 31
19Ø FOR Z = Ø TO 1
200 A(Z) = PEEK (8192 + 32 * Y + X + 512 * Z)
210 IF A(Z) > 3 AND A(Z) < 8 OR A(Z) = 42 OR A(Z)
= 48 OR A(Z) = 224 THEN A\$(Z) = A\$(Z) + "+"
: GOTO 300
220 IF $A(Z) < 64$ AND $A(Z) > 60$ OR $A(Z) = 56$ OR $A(Z)$
= 57 THEN A\$(Z) = A\$(Z) + "S" : GOTO 300
230 IF A(Z) > 63 AND A(Z) < 68 OR A(Z) = 72 OR A(Z)
= 73 THEN A\$(Z) = A\$(Z) + ":" : GOTO 300
240 IF $A(Z) > 7$ AND $A(Z) < 12$ THEN $AS(Z) = AS(Z)$
+ "." : GOTO 3ØØ
250 IF A(Z) > 31 AND A(Z) < 36 THEN A(Z) = A(Z)
+ "/" : GOTO 300
260 IF $A(Z) = 78 \text{ OR } A(Z) = 79 \text{ THEN } A\$(Z) = A\$(Z)$
+ "G" : GOTO 3ØØ
270 IFA(Z) = 237 ORA(Z) = 236 THENA(Z) = AS(Z)
+ "w" : GOTO 300
28Ø IF A(Z) = 244 THEN A\$(Z) = A\$(Z) + "F" : GOTO
300
290 A(Z) = A(Z) + A(Z)
300 NEXT Z
310 NEXT X
32Ø PRINT A\$(Ø);A\$(1)
33Ø NEXT Y
34Ø PRINT CHR\$ (4) "FRE"
35Ø NEXT Q
36Ø PRINT CHR\$ (4) "PR#Ø" : GOTO 11Ø: END
1000 RESTORE: FOR B = 1 TO 56: READ BY (B): NEXT
: PRINT CHR\$ (4) "PR#1" : RETURN 1010 REM DATA 30,72,29,28,31,72,72,72,23,22
72,21,72,20,0,1,7,6,8,9,15,14,16,17
,72,32,72,33,72,34,72,35,25,27,24,26
,72,72,2,3,5,4,10,11,13,12,18,19,72,
38,36,37,72,39,72,72
1020 RESTORE: FOR B = 1 TO 112: READ BY (B): NEXT
. DOINT CUDE (A) "DOUL" . DETUDN

	Chec	ksums	•
10	- \$BADD	240	- \$C335
20	- \$9B13	25Ø	- \$5EE1
3Ø	- \$4D3B	26Ø	- \$F3E1
40	- \$AD92	27Ø	- \$4286
100	- \$5FD8	28Ø	- \$4373
110	- \$CE65	290	- \$65C9
115	- \$ØAAD	300	- \$DDD8
120	- \$F5Ø1	310	- \$6624
130	- \$657D	32Ø	- \$DFCA
140	- \$16B8	330	- \$FB9E
150	– \$57FØ	34Ø	- \$A336
16Ø	- \$E359	35Ø	- \$DD26
170	- \$1E7B	36Ø	- \$4B6C
18Ø	\$DD7F	1000	- \$DCBD
190	- \$6172	1010	- \$D491
200	- \$Ø1C2	1020	- \$D4FØ
210	- \$E82D	1030	- \$51FD
220	- \$3765	1040	- \$3F7C
23Ø	- \$FBDA		

Doc Devious

I'd like to start, in the usual way, by saying that COMPUTIST is the best hacker magazine of its kind (actually, its the only one). I've read COMPUTIST since #48 and thought it was about time I stopped mooching and contribute. With a magazine of this type, public response is absolutely neccessary (hint, hint). So, I'd like to start sending in stuff, hopefully I can send in something every issue (I'll see).

My nickname, as you can see above in the balloon, is DOC DEVIOUS. How did I get that you wonder, or you might not. Well the thing I do best is doing "docs" (that is, ATPs, hints, info) on games, and other things. My friends call me "Doc", as in Doc Who, Doc Holiday, or Doc in Forbidden Planet.

If anybody out there in Apple land needs help with any programs, in the form of info or otherwise, just crank up the bat signal, and ask for help in the RDEX. I'll do my darnest to help in any way I can.

To Edward Teach: In COMPUTIST #56, page 35, you mentioned the product Intercept 1.2. This sounds like a must have product for my sonic screwdriver collection, but you neglected to tell us where or how we could get this awesome item (like putting candy just out of a kid's reach). I'd be much obliged if you could give me an address or phone number to reach the distributors. Thanks.

Note on Ultima V APT

It seems that if you edit your attributes, you only get 1 move out of 25 during a battle. Definitely not very good when you're fighting a shadowlord and you're alone in a corner with him pounding on you.

: PRINT CHR\$ (4) "PR#1" : RETURN

5,14,4,4,4,28,4,4,4,4,4,22 1040 DATA 53,54,4,4,4,4,51,4,4,50,4,49,4,4

4,4,4,4,4,4,4

1030 DATA 4,4,4,4,4,4,26,23,27,24,4,25,4,4

,4,4,4,4,4,4,7,8,6,4,19,2,18,3,17,16 ,4,4,21,4,20,4,9,10,5,11,1,12,0,13,1

,4,4,4,29,4,30,31,32,4,40,4,41,48,47

4,52,4,4,4,4,4,4,33,34,39,38,42,43,

46,45,4,4,4,4,4,4,4,35,4,37,36,44,

Kudos to Ronald Mundell (COMPUTIST #56) and Les B. Minaker (COMPUTIST #59) and all the rest for their Ultima V help.

The only criticisms of Ultima V I have are the criptic writing (it stinks) which you have to decode, reagents, and you can get through the game without using a spell (of course, you can also cheat, one of my weaknesses).

What is the sandelwood box for? What happens if you use the ankh? What do the spirit collars do?

Giveaways for ULTIMA V

Disclaimer: I'm not sure everything is right. Do not read this unless you want to win easily!

- Words to open dungeons.
- covetous malum
- hythloth ignavus?
- destard inopia
- shame infama
- deceit fallox
- despise uvilis
- Blackthorn's palace is where Mondain's skull was.
- If you get caught by Blackthorn, DO NOT tell him the mantras because he uses the mantra to destroy the shrines. Ask Gorn in prison about escape, search for keys in the middle brazier. Attack the guards before they attack you!
- If you get a shrine blown up, go to it and pay for its rebuilding.
- Smith the talking horse is in Iolo's barn the second time you go in there. Use the well to wish for a horse.
- Glass sword is in serpent's spine mts range. (Where the big ankh was in Ultima IV.)
- Where the bell of courage was in Ultima IV, there is a hut now, talk to the guy there and he will tell you about the shadowlords.
- Mystics in abyss thru hythloth.
- You can take a one-way trip to underworld via whirlpool.
- Places to find people.
- Mariah Lycaem
- Gorn Blackthorn's palace
- Sentri Brodermarch
- Dupre Brodermarch
- Geoffrey Bucanneer's Den
- Katrina New Magincia
- Jaana Yew
- Gwenno Britain
- Johne find him in underworld via the whirlpool
 - Shamino already have
 - Iolo already have
 - Julia ?
 - Maxwell student somewhere?
 - Toshi ?
 - Saduj ?
- Stonegate: The shadowlords hell in Britannia.
 - Need skull keys
 - answer to daemon's riddle a well

- all the shadowlord's are here (just time stop them)
- sceptre of LB (Lord British) is here, it dispels all fields (poison, fire, etc), Shadowlords will take this back if they catch you, or do battle with you!
- Amulet of LB: Follow LB's path in underworld (use falls in small lake SW of Trinsic) then go S, W past S tributary, N at fork (wall on right) and land on southern shore. Go SE, row S by SE following shore. At southern shore, follow westernmost of two streams, continue N, the go S, row S, through 4 falls. Land on southern shore. Go S through fissure in cliff wall (path curves N). Watch out for tentacles. Flee to N side of cavern, go E, then head S again. (Large cavern.) Turn right and hug southern wall, wall curves N, take NE passage. You should be in a large grassy area. You'll probably be attacked by mongo bats. That's it! You're where the Shadowlords downed British!
- Known settlements and virtue held (if any):
- LB's castle (of course)
- Lycaeum
- Empath Abbey love
- Serpent's Hold valor
- Britain
- N, W, E Britainny
- Buccaneer's Den
- Cove compassion?
- Jhelom spirituality?
- Minoc sacrifice
- Moonglow honesty
- New Maginicia
- Paws
- Skara Brae humility
- Trinsic honor
- Yew justice
- 4 lighthouses
- Location of shards.
- falsehood dungeon deceit go SW to intersection, NW then NE, W, SW, then across five Ws.
- hate underworld or shame? if underworld then at LI,LA (lat., long.)?
- cowardice ?
- Stars: You get a couple of chances to look at the stars. They correspond to a major city, and the three comets are the shadowlords attacking the city. Starting from the sun (LB's castle?) the orbits are spirling out
 - honesty
 - compassion
 - valor
 - justice
 - sacrifice
 - spiritualityhumility
- each virtue corresponds to above city, towne, etc.
- Spells, levels, descriptions, and when you can use it. Level corresponds to users level needed to cast. (Key to abbreviations for when

to use: at-anytime, cm-combat, nc-noncombat, dn-dungeon.)

1st level (circle)

An Nox	cure poison	at
An Zu	awaken	cm
Grav Por	missile	cm
In Lor	light	nc
Mani	heal	at

2nd level

An Sanct	unlock	at
An Xen Corp	repel undead	cm
In Wis	locate (lat,long)	nç
Kal Xen	call animal	cm
Rel Hur	wind change	nc

3rd level

wall of fire	dn/cm
wall of poison	dn/cm
blink	at
wall of sleep	dn/cm
ball of flames	cm
great light	nc
	wall of poison blink wall of sleep ball of flames

4th level

An Grav	dispell field	at.
Des Por	move down	dn
In Sanct	protection	at
In Sanct Grav	protection field	dn/cm
Uus Por	move up	dn
Wis Ouas	reveal	cm

5th level

An Ex Por	magic lock	at
In Bet Xen	insect swarm	cm
In Ex Por	magic unlock	at
In Zu	sleep	cm
Rel Tym	quickness	cm
Vas Mani	great heal	nc

6th level

An Xen Ex	charm	cm
In An	negate magic	at
In Vas Por Ylem	tremor	cm
Quas An Wis	confuse	cm
Wis An Ylem	xray	nc

7th level

In Nox Hur	poison wind	cm
In Quas Corp	fear	cm
In Quas Wis	peer	nc
In Quas Xen	clone	cm
Sanct Lor	invisiblity	cm
Xen Corp	kill	cm

8th level

An Tym	stop time	at
In Flam Hur	flame wind	cm
In Mani Corp	resurrect	nc
In Vas Grav Corp	cone of energy	cm
Kal Xen Corp	summon	cm
Vas Rel Por	gate travel	nc

Taka = - : - change = (

- Be careful when using combat spells, always position the caster at the front of the group so he doesn't hit any other of your party (a new factor), this goes for weapons to (you can't shoot through your guys!).
- In the tower of LB's castle, use the cannons to kill the guard and blow open the locked door to get into his quarters. The carpet in his room is a magic flying carpet, you will need this. You can keep getting magic carpets when you leave the castle and come back.
- Avoid gargoyles at all costs, unless all of your party has invisibility rings, because when hit they split into two new creatures!
- The crown of LB makes all magic useless in Blackthorn's palace, it absorbs it.
- You can get more than one skiff onto a boat. Kill some pirates, board their ship, X)it, and board your own.
- You need a magic bow to normally get each shard, you have to shoot them so they glide over the water to you??
- When a shadowlord is attacking a city, and you enter that city, it will say a aura of so-and-so surrounds you, if its hate, people will attack you, if cowardice, they run away, if falsehood, then what, they lie??
- When following the path of LB to the underworld, you should see the bodies of the deceased knights that died while helping LB. ??
- That familiar figure in your campfire is none other than LB.

Sound Bugs

When they rushed out Ultima V, they goofed up on some sound routines when dealing with an IIgs and the following sound cards:

- 1. Mockingboard
- 2. Phasor
- 3. Passport MIDI

You will not get the quality sound from the game that you should, unless you type the following program in!

10 REM ULTIMA V MUSIC PATCH FOR THE APPLE IIGS 20 FOR I = 768 TO 802: READ A: POKE I, A: NEXT: CALL 768

30 DATA 24,251,194,48,244,11,0,162,3,35,34,0 ,0,225,244,4,0

40 DATA 244,0,0,244,0,3,162,3,16,34,0,0,22 5,56,251,226,48,96

Checksums				
10	- \$BADD	3Ø	- \$3BF1	
2Ø	- \$9AE2	4Ø	- \$835F	

SAVE it, then run it. Insert the Ultima V program disk, and PR#6. Have fun!

For the pro-hackers: (the assembled version of above patch)

300: 18

Go to 65816 native mode

3Ø1: FB 3Ø2: C2 3Ø Set register widths to 16 bits 3Ø4: F4 ØB ØØ Set up to disable ADB interrupts 307: A203 23 And call tool \$2303 (Intsource) 3ØA: 22 ØØ ØØ E1 3ØE: F4 Ø4 ØØ 311: F4 ØØ ØØ Point interrupt manager vector 314: F4 ØØ Ø3 to Ultima V music handler at \$300 317: A2Ø3 1Ø 31A: 22 ØØ ØØ E1 Call tool \$1003 (Setvector) 31E: 38 31F: FB 32Ø: E2 3Ø Back to emulation mode & 8-bit register 322: 60

Thats all the docs I can rack my brain for at the moment, hope you have fun saving Britiania from evil.

Program Shorts

I really hate those gigantic programs that you spend hours typing. So here are some short programs (compiled for all over) that do really interesting things.

- Tells you which operating system your using.
- 10 IF PEEK (48640) = 76 THEN PRINT "PRODOS" INSTALLED": GOTO 30
- 20 PRINT "DOS"3.3" INSTALLED"

3Ø END

Checksums				
1Ø 2Ø	- \$836F - \$56BC	3Ø	- \$Ø4Ø5	

- Adds a patch to DOS 3.3 CATALOG command.
- 1. in 40-col mode it displays in 2 columns
- 2. lock files in inverse
- 3. deleted files indicated with # symbol

10 FOR I = - 20945 TO - 20941: POKE | ,234: NEXT 20 POKE - 20969,14: POKE - 21084,44: POKE 20931.44

3Ø POKE - 21Ø49,142: POKE - 21Ø48,253: POKE - 21Ø79,88

4Ø POKE - 21078,252: POKE - 17159,142: POKE - 17158,253

5Ø POKE FOR I = - 21Ø31 TO - 2Ø995: READ X: POKE I.X: NEXT

60 DATA 48,31,189,200,180,41,127,160,7,10, 10,176,3,136,208,250,185,167,179,72, 189,200,180,16,3,104,208,7,104,208,6,234,169,35,41,63

Checksums			
10	- \$B839	40	- \$E295
2Ø	- \$4BC1	5Ø	- \$2625
3Ø	- \$86D9	6Ø	- \$AC9B

To install, RUN this program, then INIT the disks you want this patch to be put on.

- Find AppleMouse II card in any slot if present.
- 1. Put # of slot of card in variable M

10 FOR T = 0 TO 6: IF PEEK (49420 + (T * 256)) = 32 AND PEEK (49659 + (T * 256)) = 214 THEN M = T + 1: PRINT M: END

20 NEXT: END

10

Checksums - \$BFCC 20 - \$176E

• Find each ProDOS storage devices slot, and drive #, as defined by the ProDOS global page. Should be run under ProDOS 1.2 or later.

10 DIM DR(14), SL(14): N = PEEK (48945) + 1 20 FOR X = 1 TO N:C = PEEK (X + 48945): | = (C > 128): DR = 1:DR(X) = CR + |:C = C - 128 * |:SL(X) = INT (C / 16): NEXT 30 FOR C = 1 TO N: PRINT "SLOTA" SL(C) ". ADRIVE"

Checksums			
1Ø 2Ø	- \$7FAA - \$B66C	3Ø	- \$2074

● Let GOTO and GOSUB use variables with amperstand. For example:

10 LET JAIL = 100: & GOTO JAIL 20 & GOSUB INT (RND (1) * 9) * 100 Also fixes RETURN bug, do a "& RETURN" instead of normal "RETURN". Does NOT work for IIgs.

10 HEX\$ = "3F5:^4C^0^3^N300:C9^AB^D0^C^20^B1^0^20^67^DD^20^52^67^4C^41^D9^C9^B0^D0^20^20^8B1^0^N317<D921.D93DM^N334:C9^B1^F0^3^4C^C9^DE^A A9^FF^85^86^4C^71^D9^N32F:7^3^ND7D2G"

2Ø FOR I = 1 TO LEN (HEX\$): POKE 511 + I, ASC (MID\$ (HEX\$I,1)) + 128: NEXT

3Ø POKE 72, Ø: CALL - 144

" DR(C): NEXT

Checksums			
10 20	- \$CD87 - \$102B	3Ø	- \$33F6

• Shows which computer it is being run on.

II Apple II
II+ Apple II+
IIE Apple IIe
IIE+ Enhanced IIe
IIC Apple IIc
IIC+ Enhanced IIc
IIgs Apple IIgs

10 FOR K = 0 TO 15: READ A: POKE 768 + K,A: NEXT 20 DATA 56,32,31,254,144,4,169,0,240,2,169, 1,141,16,3,96

3Ø CALL 768: L = 64448: L = PEEK (L) + PEEK (L - 1) + PEEK (784): A = (L = 143) + (L = 468) * 5 + (L = 427) * 9 + (L = 224) * 13 + (L = 255) * 17 + (L = Ø) * 21 + (L = 255) * 25 4Ø A\$ = "||^^|||+^|||E^|||E^|||C^|||C+||GS" : PRINT MID\$ (A\$, A, 4)

	Chec	Checksums			
10	- \$7377	3Ø	- \$746F		
2Ø	- \$7FAD	40	– \$BA9E		

In my original of Wing's of Fury, I cannot sector edit it or anything. Every track and sector is bad, and the drive guns. Is this the work of altered prologs and analogs? Can somebody help?

Bit Copy for...

Airheart

Broderbund

- Formatted a blank with DOS 3.3.

 Copy to the formatted disk with
- Locksmith 6.0, slow copying.

 Copy again, to the same disk, but using EDD v3 with automatic retry.

It works for me on my Ilgs. It guns in the beginning (nibble count), but it continues and plays fine (love that double hires).

I tried the copy on a friends IIe and after dying, you have to reboot the disk, but not so on the IIgs!

Can somebody explain the meaning of Copy II Plus parms, they don't make very good sense. If somebody did explain, I could just convert them to IOB format. I have most of the MOST WANTED games on parms.

I'd just like to take this space to say... GET RID OF THE IBM SECTION! This is an Apple mag, not for the blue clones. Thats why I subscribed, and you don't seem to be getting a great deal of material for that section anyway.

Suggestion - Why don't you sponsor contests like other magazines. For example; Make a prog of 2 lines or less that searches for a hex number in memory? Something to get the hackers of COMPUTIST excited, and for a reward, offer disks or free issues.

Suggestion - Make a section for BBS listings. You can find many telephone numbers in the magazine called COMPUTER SHOPPER, pages 170-174 usually. Just state that you accept no responsibility for the numbers printed there.

Phaving just killed the black lord in Phantasie (I know its old), a couple questions linger in my mind:

- 1. How do you kill him permanently? Can you?
- 2. What does the spell (#60), that Zeus gives you after defeating Nickademos, do?
- 3. How do you use the rings?
- 4. How do you use the wand?
- Place you ever heard of the utility called DARK II, its main function is to fix bad disks, but you can do much more with it.
- 1) find hidden catalogs
- 2) read all files
- 3) fix all files
- 4) change location of catalog track
- 5) examine files
- 6) look at picture files
- 7) and more...

I applaude Gerald E. Myers for his articles in COMPUTIST #59, well done. I'm sure they'll help more than one novice.

Playing Tips for...

AutoDuel

Origin Systems

If you drive into a city that has no garage, enter a truck stop. Tell the guy you want to take the bus and when he asks you if you really want to leave your car on the streets, press the space bar. You'll wind up where you wanted to go, and bring your car on the bus at the same time!

Suggestion - When submitting cracks, always give the original byte values, because they may not be in that same location on another disk. And when doing 3½" disk cracks, please tell what file your editing to (so if they don't have a block editor, they can enter BASIC and BLOAD that file then edit it in the monitor).

APT request - Could somebody come up with a advanced playing techique for THEXDER? It's an great game for the IIgs, but I just can't get past the missiles in the end of level 3. Maybe have it so you can jump up levels, or have max energy forever? I can't wait to see the other 13 levels of the game. Thanks to the hacker that does this!

Anybody here or have the game Alien Mind? I've read the reviews, it supposed to be like Gauntlet with the play and onslaught of alien hordes, sounds like mucho fun. Its for the IIgs so it promises great everything. Could someone review it? Thanks.

Well, by now my letter is the size of a medium term paper, so I'll have to be ending it, but remember, you can always ask for the Doc for answers. Till next issue, keep hacking. Doc Devious -\\/-, Elite member of the SPS (Self Preservation Society).

P.S. We're always watching for potential new members!

MOST WANTED

Softkeys

Alcon Taito
Alien Mind PBI Software
Ancient Art of War at Sea Broderbund
Arkanoid Taito

Bad Street Brawler Mindscape Beyond Zork Infocom Border Zone Infocom

Bubble Bobble Taito

California Games (IIgs) Epyx Cosmic Relief Datasoft Darklord Datasoft

Design Your Own Train Abracadata
Disc Commander (Ilgs) So What Software
Dive Bomber U.S. Gold

Dungeon Masters Assistant vol. I:Encounter SSI DROL Broderbund

Eliminator Adventure International
Explore-Australia Dataflow Computer Service
Gladiator Taito

Gutenbery Sr. Micromation LTD.
Iconix (Ilgs) So What Software
Impossible Mission II Epyx

Indoor Sports Mindscape
Into the Eagles Nest Mindscape

Jigsaw: The Ultimate E. Puzzle (IIgs) Britannica Software

Joker Poker Mindscape
King of Chicago Cineware
L.A. Crackdown EPYX

Last Ninja Activision
Mini-Putt Accolade

Modem MGR MGR software
National Inspirer Tom Snyder Productions
Operation Wolf Taito
Pool of Radiance SSI

Quadratic Equations II Olympus Educational Software
Ouestron II Electronic Arts

puestron II Electronic A.

Rastan Taito

Renegade Taito

Rocket Ranger (IIgs) Cinemaware S.D.I. (IIgs) Cinemaware Sea Stalker Broderbund Show-Off v1.1 Broderbund

Sky Shark Taito
Soko-Ban Spectrum Holobyte

Sonix (IIgs) So What Software Sound Song & Vision Advanced Software Spare Change Broderbund

Speedy Spides Readers Digest
Stellar 7 Software Entertainment

StickyBear Math: Add & Subtract ? Street Sports Soccer Epyx Strike Fleet Electronic Arts

Superstar Indoor Sports Mindscape Test Drive Accolade The Games: Summer Edition Epyx The Games: Winter Edition Epyx

The Three Stooges (IIgs) Cinemaware
Ticket to Washington D.C. Blue Lion Software
Times of Lore Origin Systems

Tomahawk Electronic Arts
Tomahawk (Ilgs) Datasoft
Wasteland Electronic Arts

Wizardry: Return of Werda Sir-Tech.
Zork Quest Infocom

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IBM Reader's Data EXchange IBM

Ralph & the Computer Pike

Softkey for...

Chuck Yeager's Advanced Flight Simulator v1.0

Electronic Arts

■ Requirements

☐ ORIGINAL program diskette
 ☐ blank FORMATTED diskette
 ☐ DEBUG.COM (found in most MS-DOS packages)

The copy protection was very simple, so save the \$10 for the unprotected version offered by Electronic Arts. Tracing was done on the file AFS.EXE using Micro- soft's Symbolic Debug Utility - SYMDEB.COM (version 3.00). Concentrating on any disk I/O, it was found that a portion of the program had four identical groups of two CALLs bunched together. The first CALL routine was CALL ØB31, which resets the disk, reads the boot record and track 15 (side O). By the way, track 15 (side 0) is one of those "hard to copy" tracks. The second CALL routine was CALL ØB74, which checks the status of the flags set by the last disk I/O, being CALL **ØB31.** Replacing these CALLs with NOPs (three NOPs per CALL), we found that the program ran with no problems whatsoever! It was that easy! As a matter of fact, we joked about the fact of merely using NOPs to unprotect the program before running it. It couldn't be that easy! Sure enough...

In copying the program diskette, we decided use "COPY *.*". Reasons being that it allows the copied diskette to rid the bad track 15 (side \emptyset). It was found that using DISKCOPY returned errors and COPYIIPC left track 15 (side \emptyset) in its "bad" state. So, let's do it this way. If all goes well, you'll only have to do it once!

Assuming that the PC has been booted-up and the DOS prompt is B>, insert the ORIGINAL program diskette into drive A: and the blank FORMATTED diskette into drive B:

Type the following after each B> prompt:

MD AFS
COPY/V A:*.*
COPY/V A:\AFS*.* B:\AFS

Now, remove the ORIGINAL program diskette from drive A: and put it away. You won't be needing it anymore!

4 Insert the diskette containing the

DEBUG.COM file into drive A:.

5 You'll have to rename the AFS.EXE file. Type the following at the B> prompt:

RENAME \AFS\AFS.EXE AFS.XXX

6 Enter DEBUG by typing the following at the B> prompt:

A:DEBUG \AFS\AFS.XXX

7 At each hyphen "-" prompt, type the following:

E DEO 90 90 90 90 90 90 E DE8 90 90 90 90 90 90 E DF1 90 90 90 90 90 90 E DF9 90 90 90 90 90 90 W

8 Rename AFS.XXX back to its original name.

RENAME \AFS\AFS.XXX AFS.EXE

You now have an unprotected copy of Chuck Yeager's Advanced Flight Simulator by Electronic Arts.

Being an avid user of PC-based flight simulators, I'll have to say that Chuck Yeager's Advanced Flight Simulator ranks among the BEST! Have fun and good luck!

For single-drive users.

I went ahead and COPYIIPC'd (version 3.09) the ORIGINAL program diskette in drive A:. Ignoring the three errors that track 15 created, I went ahead and used the copy and performed the unprotection. I ran the copy with no problem. Then, I DISKCOPY'd (PC-DOS 3.2) the diskette in drive A:. Again, I ignored the errors. The DISKCOPY'd diskette also ran with no problem. Unless you have a program that corrects or formats by tracks and sides, you'll have to live with the errors popping up during copying with no effect to the actual running of the program. Such a program that allows formatting by track and side is called ULTRAFMT.COM. It is a public domain program and usually comes as a package with other ULTRA programs. The programs can be found on most BBSes under the ARC'd filename ULTRA.ARC. Again, good luck!

The Lone Victor

Softkey for...

dBase III v1.10

■ Requirements

☐ ALTER.COM or FM.COM

Here's how to bypass the SoftGuard copy protection scheme used on dBase III version 1.10.

1 Use your original diskette to install dBase III on a fixed disk.

Softguard hides three files in your root directory: CML0200.HCL, VDF0200.VDW, and DBASE.EXE. Unhide the three files in the root directory. You can do this with the programs ALTER.COM or FM.COM found on any BBS.

Make copies of the three files, and of DBASE.COM, into some other directory.

4 Hide the three root files again using ALTER or FM.

5 Following the dBase instructions, UNINSTALL dBase III. Put away your original dBase diskette.

Next we will make some patches to CML02000.HCL to allow us to trace through the code in DEBUG. These patches will keep it from killing our interrupt vectors.

DEBUG CML0200.HCL

E 3F9
2A.4A change the 2A to 4A
E 49D
F6.16 if any of these numbers
E 506
E9.09 don't show up, then it's
E A79
00.20 not working.
E AE9
00.20

E 73C 97 FA FA F4 F1 7E encrypted call to 0:300

W write out the new CML file

Q quit debug

Now copy your four saved files back into the root directory and hide the CML0200.HCL, VDF0200.VDW, and DBASE.EXE files using ALTER or FM.

8 We can now run DBASE.COM using DEBUG, trace just up to the point where it has decrypted DBASE.EXE, then write that file out.

DEBUG DBASE.COM

R write down the value of DS for use below A 0:300 we must assemble some code here

aх pop CS: [320],ax save return address pop cs: [322],ax mov push es set up stack the way we need it ax,20 mov mov es.ax mov ax.Ø cs:

IBM Reader's Data EXchange IBM

jmp far ptr [320] jump to our return address RETURN to exit assem G 406 now we can trace CML G 177 this stuff just traces past some encryption routines. G 1E9 wait while reading VDF & FAT G 54E G = 559 569 G = 571 857DBASE has been decrypted R RX length DBASE = 1ACOO bytes set BX to 1 R CX :AC00 set CX to ACOO. N DRASE name of file to write to W XXXX:100 where XXXX is the value of DS that you wrote down at the begining. quit debug

9 Unhide and delete the three root files CML0200.HCL, VDF0200.VDW, and DBASE.EXE. Delete DBASE.COM and rename DBASE to DBASE.EXE. This is the real dBase III program without any SoftGuard code or encryption. It requires only the DBASE.OVL file to run.

If you have any comments on this unprotect routine, please leave them on the Atlanta PCUG BBS (404) 634-5731.

L. Brenkus

Softkey for...

Ultima II

Origin Systems

The copy-protection scheme used in ULTIMA II is also used by PROKEY 3.0 and several other programs. The approach I outline here works with any of these that are in COM file format. If anyone can improve it to work for EXE files please tell us.

This general copy scheme uses a short sector of 256 bytes to store an essential piece of the program code. On startup, location 100H contains a JMP instruction to the code which reads this short sector. Locations 103H - 110H contain HLT instructions (hex F4). After the sector is read, its contents are overlayed onto locations 100H - 110H, replacing the dummy instruction codes. A branch to 100H then begins the actual program.

All we need to do is to stop execution after the changes are made and write down the contents of 100H - 110H; reloading the program and POKEing these changes results in an unprotected program.

1 Put original disk in A: (write-protect it) and a disk containing DEBUG in B:

Make the A: drive the default.

3 Start up DEBUG.

B:DEBUG ULTIMAII.COM

U 0100

disassemble 0100-0120

Ø1ØØ JMP 88AØ (or whatever) Ø1Ø3 HLT Ø1Ø4 HLT ...etc.

0A88 U

look at short-sector decrypting code

88AØ JMPS 88A7 Next 'statements' are data locations; ignore

U 88A7 look for where program restarts at 100H

88A7 CALL 88C4 88AA CALL 892E

88AD JC 88BF If Carry is set, the disk is a copy. Go to

88BA MOV AX, Ø1ØØ

88BD JMP AX Paydirt! If you got this far, the program has written the REAL code into 0100 - 0120H.

G 88BD Tell DEBUG to run the program, stop here D 0100 011F Dump out the changed code

8C C8 Ø5 25 Ø7 8E D8 Ø5

1Ø Ø3 8E DØ

Write down these values

Q

Get out of DEBUG

4 You must reload to finish deprotecting. Make a copy of the disk; you can use "COPY * *"

5 Put the copy in A:

B:DEBUG ULTIMAII.COM load copy **E 0100** Patch locations 0100 - 011F with the 12 numbers you wrote down befor. Press space between each entry, until last entry; then press

Write new version of ULTIMAII.COM

You've done it!

I've been detailed because this works generally for any COM file. This method doesn't work for EXE files because while DEBUG can load relocatable modules and execute them with breakpoints (step 7 above), you cannot use debug to write an EXE file in relocatable form. Any suggestions?

Softkey for...

PrintMaster

Unison World, Inc.

The following steps assume that DEBUG.COM and the file PMMAIN.EXE are on the default disk drive. If not, add a drive specifier (A:, B:, C:, etc.) to the file names shown below. The procedure is as follows:

RENAME PMMAIN.EXE PMMAIN **DEBUG PMMAIN** S 0000 FFFE CD 13

This should return an address in the form xxxx:6C73, where xxxx is the current code segment. If the second part of the address is not 6C73, you have a different version, and this patch probably will not work.

E 6C73 90 90 E 6C7A 90

Q

RENAME PMMAIN PMMAIN.EXE

The version you have now created will run from an unprotected floppy in drive A, but since some of the file names used by the program are hard coded to be on drive A, there is another step to be performed before it can be run from the hard disk or RAM disk. The DOS command ASSIGN A=C must be executed (assuming the hard disk or RAM disk is drive C). This will direct all calls for drive A to drive C, where the program and its files are.

Softkey for...

Memory/Shift

RENAME MS.EXE MS.XYZ DEBUG MS.XYZ U 1565

You should see "INT 21" at that address.

E 1565 90 90 E 1567 90 90

RENAME MS.XYZ MS.EXE

Make sure COMMAND.COM resides on the disk where MEMORY/SHIFT is initiated.

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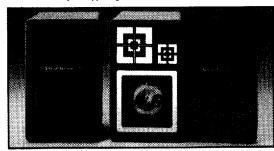
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- ► Three disks (supplied in DOS 3.3). Each disk contains at least 60 Super IOB Controllers including the standard, swap, newswap and fast controllers. Also included is **version 1.5 of Super IOB**, the Csaver program from COMPUTIST No. 13, and a Menu Hello Program that lists the available controllers and, when you select one, automatically installs it in Super IOB and RUNs the resulting program.*
- ► A reprint of **Disk Inspection and the Use of Super IOB**, from COMPUTIST No. 17. This article explains how to write your own Super IOB controllers.
- ► COMPUTIST No. 32, which contains an extensive article detailing the hows and whys of Super IOB v1.5 and at least 5 articles using the new Super IOB program.
- Several of the controllers deprotect the software completely with no further steps. This means that some programs are only minutes away from deprotection (with virtually no typing).
- The issue of COMPUTIST in which each controller appeared is indicated in case further steps are required to deprotect a particular program.**

*Requires at least 64K of memory.

**Although some controllers will completely deprotect the program they were designed for, some will not, and therefore require their corresponding issue of COMPUTIST to complete the deprotection procedure.

The SUPER IOB Collection

Volume 1 of the Super IOB collection covers all the controllers from COMPUTIST No. 9 through No. 26. Also included are the newswap and fast controllers from COMPUTIST No. 32. The following 60 controllers are on volume 1:

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Volume 2 of the Super IOB collection covers all the controllers from COMPUTIST No. 27 through No. 38. The following 65 controllers are on volume 2:

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AAA NEW AAA

Volume 3 of the Super IOB collection covers all the controllers from COMPUTIST No. 39 through No. 53. The following 89 controllers are on volume 3:

2400 A.D., Alternate Reality: The Dungeon, Address Book, American Challenge, Apple Gradebook V2.6, Arcade Album #1, Arcade Boot Camp, Aztec, Bard's Tale II, Beachhead, Beyond Castle Wolfenstein, Black Magic, Blue Powder/Grey Smoke, Borrowed Time, Castle Wolfenstein, Cat-N-Mouse, Catalyst 2.0 & 3.0, Centipede, Championship Golf, Championship Wrestling, Charlie Brown 123'S, Colonial Conquest, Comprehension Skills, Computer Preparation for the SAT V3, Coveted Mirror, Coveted Mirror RWTS Capture, CPU68000NV.4Q2, Cranston Manor, Crime Stopper, Dam Busters, Decimals, Destroyer, Dino Dig, Earth Orbit Station, Encyclopedia Britannica, Escape, Fish Scales, Foundation Course in Spanish, Frog, GFL Football, Goonies, Great American Cross-Country Road Race, Handlers, H.E.R.O, Inferno, Information Master, J-Bird, Jenny's Journeys, Joe Theisman Football, Kindercomp, Kung Fu, Light Simulator, Manuscript Manager, Master Diagnostics Ile, Mastering Math, MECC, MECC Software, MECC Swap, MECC Without RWTS, Missing Links, No Error Check & No DOS, Ogre, One On One, Oregon Trail, Penguin Software, PFS ProDOS, Pitfall II, Puzzles&Posters, Racter, Randamn, Reading Style Inventory, Ring Quest, Science Toolkit, Science Toolkit Rev1, Skyfox, Snooper Troops, Speed Reader II, Spy's Adventure, Starcross, Super Bunny, Temple Apshai Trilogy, The American Challenge, Translyvania, Troll Courseware, Ultima I, Ultima IV, Wizard's Crown, Word Attack, Word Maze, World Karate Championship, Rings of Zilfin, Zorro

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